



# **RADIO TEST REPORT**

## **ETSI EN 300 440 V2.2.1 (2018-07)**

**Product :** Mobile Phone

**Trade Mark :** Blackview

**Model Name :** A95

**Family Model :** N/A

**Report No. :** STR211122001005E

### **Prepared for**

**DOKE COMMUNICATION (HK) LIMITED**

**RM 1902 EASEY COMM BLDG 253-261 HENNESSY ROAD WANCHAI HK, CHINA.**

### **Prepared by**

**Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.**

**1/F, Building E, Fenda Science Park, Sanwei Community, Xixiang Street  
Bao'an District, Shenzhen 518126 P.R. China**

**Tel. 400-800-6106, 0755-2320 0050, 0755-2320 0090**

**Website: <http://www.ntek.org.cn>**

**TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

**Applicant's name** ..... : DOKE COMMUNICATION (HK) LIMITED  
**Address** ..... : RM 1902 EASEY COMM BLDG 253-261 HENNESSY ROAD  
WANCHAI HK, CHINA.  
**Manufacturer's Name** ..... : Shenzhen DOKE Electronic Co.,Ltd.  
**Address** ..... : 801, Building3, 7th Industrial Zone, Yulv Community, Yutang Road,  
Guangming District, Shenzhen, China.

**Product description**

**Product name**..... : Mobile Phone  
**Trademark** ..... : Blackview  
**Model and/or type reference** : A95  
**Family Model** ..... : N/A

**Standards** ..... : ETSI EN 300 440 V2.2.1 (2018-07)

This device described above has been tested by NTEK, and the test results show that the equipment under test (EUT) is in compliance with the of article 3.2 of the Directive 2014/53/EU requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of NTEK, this document may be altered or revised by NTEK, personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision of the document.

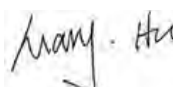
**Date of Test**..... :

**Date (s) of performance of tests**..... : Nov 22. 2021 ~ Jan 10. 2022

**Date of Issue**..... : Jan 10. 2022

**Test Result**..... : **Pass**

Testing Engineer :



(Mary Hu)

Authorized Signatory :



(Alex Li)

<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
<b>1 . SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS</b>	<b>7</b>
1.1 TEST FACILITY	8
1.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	8
<b>2 . GENERAL INFORMATION</b>	<b>9</b>
2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT	9
2.2 TEST CONDITIONS	10
2.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONDITIONS	11
2.4 BLOCK DIGRAM SHOWING THE CONFIGURATION OF SYSTEM TESTED	12
2.5 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS(CONDUCTED MODE)	13
2.6 EQUIPMENTS LIST FOR ALL TEST ITEMS	14
<b>3 . EQUIVALENT ISOTROPICALLY RADIATED POWER (E.I.R.P.)</b>	<b>15</b>
3.1 APPLICABILITY	15
3.2 LIMITS	15
3.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	15
3.4 TEST PROCEDURES	15
3.4.1 FOR NON SPREAD SPECTRUM TRANSMITTERS	15
3.4.2 FOR ALL OTHER TRANSMITTER BANDWIDTHS	16
3.5 TEST SETUP LAYOUT	16
3.6 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST	16
3.7 TEST RESULT FOR -6 DB BANDWIDTH	17
3.8 TEST RESULT FOR E.I.R.P	18
<b>4 . PERMITTED RANGE OF OPERATING FREQUENCIES</b>	<b>19</b>
4.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT	19
4.2 TEST PROCEDURES	19
4.3 TEST SETUP LAYOUT	19
4.4 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST	19
4.5 TEST RESULTS	20
<b>5 . UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN</b>	<b>22</b>
5.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT	22
5.2 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS AND SETTING	22
5.3 TEST PROCEDURES	22
5.4 TEST SETUP LAYOUT	23

<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
5.5 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST	23
5.6 RESULTS OF STANDBY MODE SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	23
5.7 TEST RESULTS	24
<b>6 . DUTY CYCLE</b>	<b>26</b>
6.1 APPLICABILITY AND DESCRIPTION	26
6.2 LIMITS	26
6.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT	26
6.5 TEST SETUP	27
6.6 TEST RESULTS	27
<b>7 . SPURIOUS EMISSIONS – RX</b>	<b>28</b>
7.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT	28
7.2 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS AND SETTING	28
7.3 TEST PROCEDURES	28
7.5 TEST SETUP LAYOUT	28
7.6 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST	28
7.7 TEST RESULTS	29
<b>8 . ADJACENT CHANNEL SELECTIVITY</b>	<b>30</b>
8.1 APPLICABILITY	30
8.2 LIMITS	30
8.3 METHODS OF MEASUREMENT	30
8.4 TEST SETUP LAYOUT	31
8.5 TEST RESULTS	31
<b>9 . BLOCKING OR DESENSITIZATION</b>	<b>32</b>
9.1 APPLICABILITY	32
9.2 LIMITS	32
9.3 TEST PROCEDURES	32
8.4 TEST SETUP LAYOUT	33
9.4 TEST RESULTS	34
<b>10 . TEST RESULTS</b>	<b>40</b>
10.1 DUTY CYCLE	40
10.2 -6DB EMISSION BANDWIDTH	45
10.3 OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	50
10.4 RF OUTPUT POWER	54

**Table of Contents****Page**

<b>11 . EUT TEST PHOTO</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>SPURIOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT PHOTOS</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>APPENDIX-PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS</b>	



### 1. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test procedures according to the technical standards:  
 ETSI EN 300 440 V2.2.1 (2018-07)

Clause	Description of Test Item	Remarks	Results
<b>Transmitter Parameters</b>			
4.2.2	-6 dB channel bandwidth	Conducted	Pass
4.2.2	Effective isotropic radiated power	Conducted	Pass
4.2.3	Permitted range of operation frequencies	Conducted	Pass
4.2.4	Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	Radiated	Pass
4.2.5	Duty cycle	Conducted	Pass
4.2.6	Additional requirements for FHSS equipment	Conducted	N/A
<b>Receiver Parameters</b>			
4.3.3	Adjacent channel selectivity(For Receiver category 1)	Conducted	N/A
4.3.4	Blocking or desensitization(For Receiver category 1,2,3)	Conducted	Pass
4.3.5	Spurious emissions(For Receiver category 1,2,3)	Radiated	Pass

Note: The antenna gain provided by customer is used to calculate the EIRP result. NTEK is not responsible for the accuracy of antenna gain parameter

**1.1 TEST FACILITY**

Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.  
 Add. : 1/F, Building E, Fenda Science Park, Sanwei Community, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen 518126 P.R. China  
 FCC Registered No.: 463705 IC Registered No.:9270A-1  
 CNAS Registration No.:L5516

**1.2 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

The reported uncertainty of measurement  $y \pm U$  , where expended uncertainty **U** is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of **k=2** , providing a level of confidence of approximately **95 %**.

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	Radio frequency	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$
2	RF power (conducted)	$\pm 2,5$ dB
3	Radiated emission of transmitter, valid to 26,5 GHz	$\pm 6$ dB
4	Radiated emission of transmitter, valid between 26,5 GHz and 66 GHz	$\pm 8$ dB
5	Radiated emission of receiver, valid to 26,5 GHz	$\pm 6$ dB
6	Radiated emission of receiver, valid between 26,5 GHz and 66 GHz	$\pm 8$ dB
7	Temperature	$\pm 1$ °C
8	Humidity	$\pm 5$ %
9	Voltage (DC)	$\pm 1$ %
10	Voltage (AC, < 10 kHz)	$\pm 2$ %

NOTE: For radiated emissions above 26,5 GHz it may not be possible to achieve measurement uncertainties complying with the levels specified in this table. In these cases alone it is acceptable to employ the alternative interpretation procedure specified in EN 300440 V2.2.1 clause 5.9.1.



## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Equipment	Mobile Phone														
Trade Mark	Blackview														
Model Name	A95														
Family Model	N/A														
Model Difference	N/A														
Product Description	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Operation Frequency:</td> <td>5745-5825 MHz for 802.11a/n20; 5755-5795 MHz for 802.11n40;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Data Rate:</td> <td>802.11a: 6,9,12,18,24,36,48,54Mbps; 802.11n(HT20/HT40):MCS0-MCS7;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Modulation</td> <td>OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Channel No.:</td> <td>5 channels for 802.11a/n20 in the 5745-5825MHz band ; 2 channels for 802.11 n40 in the 5755-5795MHz band ;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Max E.I.R.P Power:</td> <td>8.78dBm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Antenna Designation:</td> <td>PIFA Antenna</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Antenna Gain(Peak)</td> <td>1.66dBi</td> </tr> </table>	Operation Frequency:	5745-5825 MHz for 802.11a/n20; 5755-5795 MHz for 802.11n40;	Data Rate:	802.11a: 6,9,12,18,24,36,48,54Mbps; 802.11n(HT20/HT40):MCS0-MCS7;	Modulation	OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM	Channel No.:	5 channels for 802.11a/n20 in the 5745-5825MHz band ; 2 channels for 802.11 n40 in the 5755-5795MHz band ;	Max E.I.R.P Power:	8.78dBm	Antenna Designation:	PIFA Antenna	Antenna Gain(Peak)	1.66dBi
	Operation Frequency:	5745-5825 MHz for 802.11a/n20; 5755-5795 MHz for 802.11n40;													
	Data Rate:	802.11a: 6,9,12,18,24,36,48,54Mbps; 802.11n(HT20/HT40):MCS0-MCS7;													
	Modulation	OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM													
	Channel No.:	5 channels for 802.11a/n20 in the 5745-5825MHz band ; 2 channels for 802.11 n40 in the 5755-5795MHz band ;													
	Max E.I.R.P Power:	8.78dBm													
	Antenna Designation:	PIFA Antenna													
	Antenna Gain(Peak)	1.66dBi													
Receiver category	<input type="checkbox"/> Category 1: Highly reliable SRD communication media; e.g. serving human life inherent systems (may result in a physical risk to a person). <input type="checkbox"/> Category 2: Medium reliable SRD communication media e.g. causing inconvenience to persons, which cannot simply be overcome by other means. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Category 3: Standard reliable SRD communication media e.g. Inconvenience to persons, which can simply be overcome by other means (e.g. manual).														
Channel List	Refer to below														
Adapter	Model: HJ-FC001K7-EU Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.6A Output: 5V---3.0A 15.0W 9V---2.0A 18.0W 12V---1.5A 18.0W														
Battery	Battery 1: Model: Li426483PUJLY DC 3.85V, 4280mAh,16.48Wh Battery 2: Model: LiSP426483SHHTT DC 3.85V, 4380mAh,16.863Wh														
Rating	DC 3.85V from battery or DC 5V from Adapter.														
Hardware Version	TE855-A2-PCB-V1.0														
Software Version	A95_EEA_TE855_V1.0														

Note:

1. For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer’s specifications or the User’s Manual.
2. Channel list:

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11a/n/ (20 MHz) band IV (5745-5825MHz):

802.11a/n/ ( 20 MHz) Carrier Frequency Channel							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
149	5745	153	5765	157	5785	161	5805
165	5825	-	-	-	-	-	-

Frequency and Channel list for 802.11n/ (40MHz) band IV (5755-5795MHz):

802.11n/ 40MHz Carrier Frequency Channel					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
151	5755	159	5795	-	-

**2.2 TEST CONDITIONS**

	Normal Test Conditions	Extreme Test Conditions
Temperature	15°C - 35°C	-10°C ~ 35°C <small>Note1</small>
Relative Humidity	20% - 75%	N/A
Power Rating	DC 3.85V	N/A
Test voltage	DC 3.85V	DC 4.2V-DC 3.4V <small>Note2</small>

Note:

- (1) The temperature range as declared by the manufacturer; or one of the following specified temperature ranges:
  - Temperature category I (General): -20 °C to +40 °C;
  - Temperature category II (Portable): -10 °C to +40 °C;
  - Temperature category III (Equipment for normal indoor use): 5 °C to +35 °C.
- (2) The High Voltage 4.2V and Low Voltage 3.4V was declared by manufacturer.

### 2.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONDITIONS

For Conducted Test	
Pretest Mode	Description
Mode 1	802.11a /n/ 20 CH149/ CH157/ CH 165
Mode 2	802.11n/ 40 CH 151 / CH 159

For Radiated Test	
Final Test Mode	Description
Mode 1	802.11a /n/ 20 CH149/ CH157/ CH 165
Mode 2	802.11n/40 CH 151 / CH 159

**2.4 BLOCK DIGRAM SHOWING THE CONFIGURATION OF SYSTEM TESTED**

E-1  
EUT

**2.5 DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS(CONDUCTED MODE)**

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Item	Equipment	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
E-1	Mobile Phone	A95	N/A	EUT

Item	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core	Length	Note

Note:

- (1) The support equipment was authorized by Declaration of Confirmation.
- (2) For detachable type I/O cable should be specified the length in cm in 『Length』 column.
- (3) “YES” means “shielded” or “with ferrite core”;”NO” means “unshielded” or”without ferrite core”

### 2.6 EQUIPMENTS LIST FOR ALL TEST ITEMS

EQUIPMENT TYPE	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last calibration	Calibrated until	Calibration period
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI7	101318	2021.04.27	2022.04.26	1 year
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL6111D	31216	2021.03.29	2022.03.28	1 year
Turn Table	EM	SC100_1	60531	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antnna Mast	EM	SC100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Horn Antenna	EM	EM-AH-10180	2011071402	2021.03.29	2022.03.28	1 year
Horn Ant	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	9170-181	2021.04.27	2022.04.26	1 year
Test Cable (30MHz-1GHz)	N/A	R-01	N/A	2019.08.06	2022.08.05	3 year
Test Cable (1-18GHz)	N/A	R-02	N/A	2019.08.06	2022.08.05	3 year
50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	6200983705	2020.05.11	2023.05.10	3 year
Pre-Amplifier	EMC	EMC051835SE	980246	2021.07.01	2022.06.30	1 year
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY45108040	2021.04.27	2022.04.26	1 year
Filter	TRILTHIC	2400MHz	29	2020.04.07	2023.04.06	3 year
Attenuator	Weinschel	33-10-33	AR4010	2020.04.07	2023.04.06	3 year
Attenuator	Weinschel	24-20-34	BP4485	2020.04.07	2023.04.06	3 year
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	2021.07.01	2022.06.30	1 year
ESG VETCTOR SIGNAL GENERAROR	Agilent	E4438C	MY45093347	2021.04.27	2022.04.26	1 year
PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51110112	2021.07.01	2022.06.30	1 year
Power Splitter	Mini-Circuits/ USA	ZN2PD-63-S+	SF025101428	2020.04.07	2023.04.06	3 year
Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZADC-10-63-S +	SF794101410	2020.04.07	2023.04.06	3 year
Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	CB11-20	0D2L51502	2020.07.17	2023.07.16	3 year
Attenuator	Agilent	8495B	MY42147029	2020.04.13	2023.04.12	3 year
Power Meter	DARE	RPR3006W	15I00041SNO 84	2021.07.01	2022.06.30	1 year
MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47070317	2021.04.27	2022.04.26	1 year
Wideband Radio Communication Tester Specifications	R&S	CMW500	148500	2021.04.27	2022.04.26	1 year
temporary antenna connector (Note)	NTS	R001	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### 3. EQUIVALENT ISOTROPICALLY RADIATED POWER (E.I.R.P.)

#### 3.1 APPLICABILITY

The equivalent isotropically radiated power requirement shall apply to all transmitters.

#### 3.2 LIMITS

Table 2: Maximum radiated peak power (e.i.r.p.)

Frequency Bands	Power	Application	Notes
2 400 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz	10 mW e.i.r.p.	Non-specific short range devices	
2 400 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz	25 mW e.i.r.p.	Radio determination devices	
(a) 2 446 MHz to 2 454 MHz	500 mW e.i.r.p.	Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) devices	See also table 4 and annex D
(b) 2 446 MHz to 2 454 MHz	4 W e.i.r.p.	Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) devices	See also table 4 and annex D
5 725 MHz to 5 875 MHz	25 mW e.i.r.p.	Non-specific short range devices	
9 200 MHz to 9 500 MHz	25 mW e.i.r.p.	Radio determination devices	
9 500 MHz to 9 975 MHz	25 mW e.i.r.p.	Radio determination devices	
10,5 GHz to 10,6 GHz	500 mW e.i.r.p.	Radio determination devices	
13,4 GHz to 14,0 GHz	25 mW e.i.r.p.	Radio determination devices	
17,1 GHz to 17,3 GHz	400 mW e.i.r.p.	Radio determination devices	See annex F
24,00 GHz to 24,25 GHz	100 mW e.i.r.p.	Non-specific short range devices and Radio determination devices	

#### 3.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- To measure e.i.r.p. it is first necessary to determine the appropriate method of measurement: see EN 300440 V2.2.1 clauses 4.2.2.3.1 and 4.2.2.3.2. The -6 dB transmitter bandwidth shall be determined using a 100 kHz measuring bandwidth in order to establish which measurement method is applicable:

Condition		Method of measurement
<input type="checkbox"/> Non spread spectrum transmitters with a -6 dB bandwidth of up to 20 MHz and spread spectrum transmitters with channel bandwidth of up to 1 MHz;	<input type="checkbox"/> Non spread spectrum equipment with a -6 dB bandwidth of 20 MHz or less and a duty cycle above 50 %;	Refer to section 3.4.1
	<input type="checkbox"/> Spread spectrum equipment with a -6 dB channel bandwidth of 1 MHz or less.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> for all other transmitter bandwidths.	<input type="checkbox"/> equipment with a -6 dB bandwidth greater than 20 MHz, and equipment with a duty cycle below 50 %;	Refer to section 3.4.2
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> spread spectrum equipment with a channel bandwidth above 1 MHz..	

- Measurements shall be performed at normal test conditions.

#### 3.4 TEST PROCEDURES

##### 3.4.1 FOR NON SPREAD SPECTRUM TRANSMITTERS

The measurement shall be repeated at the lowest, the middle, and the highest frequency of the stated frequency range. These frequencies shall be recorded.

**Equipment measured as constant envelope modulation equipment**

For practical reasons, measurements shall be performed only at the highest power level at which the transmitter is intended to operate. The measurement arrangement in figure 2 shall be used. The measurement shall be performed preferably in the absence of modulation. When it is not possible to measure it in the absence of modulation, this fact shall be stated in test reports.

The transmitter shall be set in continuous transmission mode. If this is not possible, the measurements shall be carried out in a period shorter than the duration of the transmitted burst. It may be necessary to extend the duration of the burst.

The transmitter shall be connected to an artificial antenna (see clause 5.8.2) and the power delivered to this artificial antenna shall be measured.

The equivalent isotropically radiated power is then calculated from the measured value, the known antenna gain, relative to an isotropic antenna, and if applicable, any losses due to cables and connectors in the measurement system.

**Equipment measured as non-constant envelope modulation equipment**

The measurement shall be performed with test signals D-M2 or D-M3 as appropriate. The transmitter shall be preferably set in continuous transmission mode. If this is not possible, the measurement can be performed in discontinuous mode.

The transmitter shall be connected to an artificial antenna (see clause 5.8.2) and the power delivered to this artificial antenna shall be measured. The measuring instrument shall have a measurement bandwidth not less than sixteen times the channel bandwidth.

The equivalent isotropically radiated power is then calculated from the measured value, the known antenna gain, relative to an isotropic antenna, and if applicable, any losses due to cables and connectors in the measurement system.

**3.4.2 FOR ALL OTHER TRANSMITTER BANDWIDTHS**

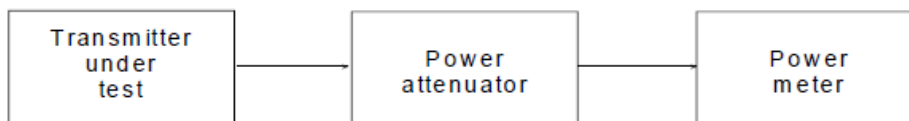
**Step 1:**

- using a suitable means, the output of the transmitter shall be coupled to a matched diode detector;
- the output of the diode detector shall be connected to the vertical channel of an oscilloscope;
- the combination of the diode detector and the oscilloscope shall be capable of faithfully reproducing the envelope peaks and the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal;
- the observed duty cycle of the transmitter (Tx on/(Tx on + Tx off)) shall be noted as x, (0 < x < 1) And recorded.

**Step 2:**

- the average output power of the transmitter shall be determined using a wideband, calibrated RF power meter with a matched thermocouple detector or an equivalent thereof and, where applicable, with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be recorded as "A" (in dBm);
- the e.i.r.p. shall be calculated from the above measured power output A, the observed duty cycle x, and the applicable antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi, according to the formula:
  - $P = A + G + 10 \log (1/x)$ ;
  - P should be EIRP POWER.

**3.5 TEST SETUP LAYOUT**



**3.6 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST**

Where possible, the equipment shall be able to operate in a continuous transmit mode for testing purposes.



**3.7 TEST RESULT FOR -6 DB BANDWIDTH**

EUT :	Mobile Phone	Model Name :	A95
Temperature :	26°C	Relative Humidity :	60 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.85V (NORMAL)
Test Mode :	Mode 1/2		

Test data reference attachment

**3.8 TEST RESULT FOR E.I.R.P**

EUT :	Mobile Phone	Model Name :	A95
Temperature :	26C	Relative Humidity :	60 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.85V (NORMAL)
Test Mode :	Mode 1/2		

Test data reference attachment

**4. PERMITTED RANGE OF OPERATING FREQUENCIES**

**4.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT**

The Permitted range of operating frequencies shall apply to all transmitters.  
 Limits: The width of the power spectrum envelope is  $f_H - f_L$  for a given operating frequency. In equipment that allows adjustment or selection of different operating frequencies, the power envelope takes up different positions in the allowed band. The frequency range is determined by the lowest value of  $f_L$  and the highest value of  $f_H$  resulting from the adjustment of the equipment to the lowest and highest operating frequencies.  
 The occupied bandwidth (i.e. the bandwidth in which 99 % of the wanted emission is contained) of the transmitter shall fall within the assigned frequency band.  
 For all equipment the frequency range shall lie within the frequency band given by section 3.2, table 2. For non-harmonized frequency bands the available frequency range may differ between national administrations.

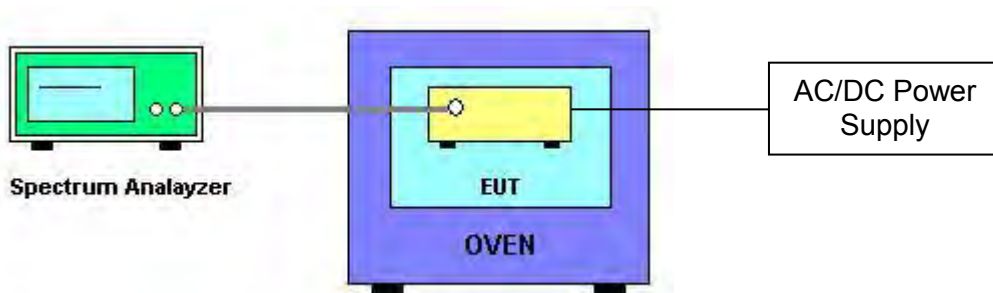
**4.2 TEST PROCEDURES**

These measurements shall be performed under both normal and extreme operating conditions except for the occupied bandwidth assessment for which measurement at normal operating conditions is sufficient.

The measurement procedure shall be as follows:

- a) put the spectrum analyser in video averaging mode with a minimum of 50 sweeps selected;
- b) select the lowest operating frequency of the equipment under test and activate the transmitter with modulation applied. The RF emission of the equipment shall be displayed on the spectrum analyser;
- c) using the marker of the spectrum analyser, find the lowest frequency below the operating frequency at which the spectral power density drops below the level given in clause 4.2.3. This frequency shall be recorded in the test report;
- d) select the highest operating frequency of the equipment under test and find the highest frequency at which the spectral power density drops below the value given in clause 4.2.3. This frequency shall be recorded in the test report;
- e) the difference between the frequencies measured in steps c) and d) is the operating frequency range. It shall be recorded in the test report.

**4.3 TEST SETUP LAYOUT**



**4.4 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST**

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 4.5 TEST RESULTS

EUT :	Mobile Phone	Model Name :	A95
Temperature :	26°C	Relative Humidity :	60 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.85V (NORMAL)
Test Mode :	TX		

#### 802.11a

Extreme condition				Frequency range ( MHz )	
				F <sub>L</sub> CH149	F <sub>H</sub> CH165
T min (°C)	-20	V max (V)	4.43	5736.825	5833.187
		V nom (V)	3.85	5736.826	5833.189
		V min (V)	3.27	5736.822	5833.185
T max (°C)	55	V max (V)	4.43	5736.823	5833.186
		V nom (V)	3.85	5736.824	5833.187
		V min (V)	3.27	5736.825	5833.188
Min. f <sub>L</sub> / Max. f <sub>H</sub> Band Edges				5736.822	5833.189
Indoor Use Limits				F <sub>L</sub> > 5725.0 MHz	F <sub>L</sub> < 5875.0 MHz
<b>Result</b>				<b>Complies</b>	

#### 802.11n20

Extreme condition				Frequency range ( MHz )	
				F <sub>L</sub> CH149	F <sub>H</sub> CH165
T min (°C)	-20	V max (V)	4.43	5736.221	5833.787
		V nom (V)	3.85	5736.222	5833.788
		V min (V)	3.27	5736.218	5833.784
T max (°C)	55	V max (V)	4.43	5736.219	5833.786
		V nom (V)	3.85	5736.220	5833.787
		V min (V)	3.27	5736.221	5833.788
Min. f <sub>L</sub> / Max. f <sub>H</sub> Band Edges				5736.218	5833.788
Indoor Use Limits				F <sub>L</sub> > 5725.0 MHz	F <sub>L</sub> < 5875.0 MHz
<b>Result</b>				<b>Complies</b>	

802.11n40

Extreme condition				Frequency range ( MHz )	
				F <sub>L</sub> CH151	F <sub>H</sub> CH159
T min (°C)	-20	V max (V)	4.43	5737.090	5812.870
		V nom (V)	3.85	5737.091	5812.872
		V min (V)	3.27	5737.087	5812.868
T max (°C)	55	V max (V)	4.43	5737.088	5812.869
		V nom (V)	3.85	5737.089	5812.870
		V min (V)	3.27	5737.090	5812.871
Min. f <sub>L</sub> / Max. f <sub>H</sub> Band Edges				5737.087	5812.872
Indoor Use Limits				F <sub>L</sub> > 5725.0 MHz	F <sub>L</sub> < 5875.0 MHz
<b>Result</b>				<b>Complies</b>	

**5. UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN**

**5.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT**

The unwanted emissions in the spurious domain requirement shall apply to all transmitters.

State	47 MHz to 74 MHz	Other frequencies ≤ 1 000 MHz	Frequencies > 1 000 MHz
	87.5 MHz to 118 MHz		
	174 MHz to 230 MHz		
	470 MHz to 862 MHz		
Operating	4 nW /-54dBm	250 nW/-36dBm	1 μW /-30dBm
Standby	2 nW /-57dBm	2 nW /-57dBm	20 nW /-47dBm

**5.2 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS AND SETTING**

The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

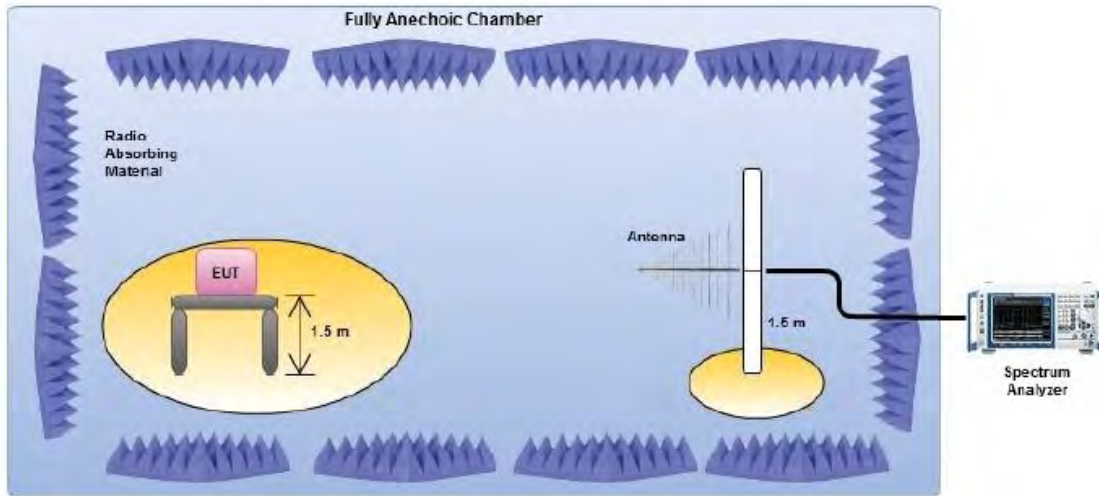
Spectrum Analyzer	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	30 MHz
Stop Frequency	40GHz
Detector	Positive Peak
Sweep Time	Auto
RB	For frequency 30MHz~1G:100 kHz~120 kHz For frequency above 1G:1MHz

**5.3 TEST PROCEDURES**

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable in open test site area.
- b. The test shall be made in the transmitting mode. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- c. This measurement shall be repeated with the transmitter in standby mode where applicable.
- d. For 30~1000MHz spurious emissions measurement, the broad band bi-log receiving antenna was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable. For above 1G, using Horn antenna .
- e. The broadband receiving antenna was fixed on the same height with the EUT to find each suspected emissions of both horizontal and vertical polarization. Each recorded suspected value is indicated as Read Level (Raw).
- f. Replace the EUT by standard antenna and feed the RF port by signal generator.
- g. Adjust the frequency of the signal generator to the suspected emission and slightly rotate the turntable to locate the position with maximum reading.
- h. Adjust the power level of the signal generator to reach the same reading with Read Level (Raw).
- i. The level of the spurious emission is the power level of (8) plus the gain of the standard antenna in dBi and minus the loss of the cable used between the signal generator and the standard antenna.
- j. If the level calculated in (9) is higher than limit by more than 6dB, then lower the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to 30KHz. If the level of this emission does not change by more than 2dB, then it is taken as narrowband emission, otherwise, wideband emission.
- k. The measurement shall be repeated at the lowest and the highest channel of the stated frequency range.

## 5.4 TEST SETUP LAYOUT

### Radiated Emission Test Set-Up



## 5.5 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

## 5.6 RESULTS OF STANDBY MODE SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

For the initial investigation on standby mode and receiving mode, no significant differences in spurious emissions were observed between these 2 modes. So test data for standby mode was omitted in this section.

**5.7 TEST RESULTS**

EUT :	Mobile Phone	Model Name :	A95
Temperature :	24 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Power :	DC 3.85V (NORMAL)
Test Mode :	TX-802.11a mode		

Below 1G :

Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
V	46.96	-70.35	14.74	-55.61	-36	-19.61	peak
V	108.88	-74.39	8.68	-65.71	-54	-11.71	peak
V	228.89	-69.38	11.24	-58.14	-54	-4.14	peak
V	367.06	-70.65	12.73	-57.92	-36	-21.92	peak
V	484.34	-77.08	11.81	-65.27	-54	-11.27	peak
V	778.65	-69.18	17.15	-52.03	-36	-16.03	peak
H	44.98	-73.60	13.48	-60.12	-36	-24.12	peak
H	102.15	-72.21	6.39	-65.82	-54	-11.82	peak
H	209.00	-69.90	11.04	-58.86	-54	-4.86	peak
H	269.65	-66.83	12.80	-54.03	-36	-18.03	peak
H	371.69	-74.36	14.03	-60.33	-36	-24.33	peak
H	716.57	-76.52	20.18	-56.34	-36	-20.34	peak

**Remark:**

Emission Level= Meter Reading+ Factor, Margin= Emission Level- Limit



Above 1G :

Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
<b>operation frequency:5755 MHz</b>							
V	1231.60	-42.40	1.64	-40.76	-30	-10.76	peak
V	1731.60	-42.00	3.03	-38.97	-30	-8.97	peak
V	2232.30	-50.59	8.20	-42.39	-30	-12.39	peak
V	5794.77	-57.70	8.59	-49.11	-30	-19.11	peak
H	1731.34	-43.98	2.82	-41.16	-30	-11.16	peak
H	3856.31	-61.28	8.02	-53.26	-30	-23.26	peak
H	5794.29	-55.80	8.63	-47.17	-30	-17.17	peak
H	9416.91	-56.14	14.16	-41.98	-30	-11.98	peak
<b>operation frequency:5785 MHz</b>							
V	1231.12	-44.66	1.64	-43.02	-30	-13.02	peak
V	1733.28	-43.02	3.03	-39.99	-30	-9.99	peak
V	2232.53	-48.21	8.20	-40.01	-30	-10.01	peak
V	3920.51	-56.99	7.75	-49.24	-30	-19.24	peak
H	1732.06	-45.55	2.82	-42.73	-30	-12.73	peak
H	2232.05	-49.61	8.13	-41.48	-30	-11.48	peak
H	5858.98	-54.32	8.34	-45.98	-30	-15.98	peak
H	9422.24	-51.85	14.15	-37.70	-30	-7.70	peak
<b>operation frequency:5825 MHz</b>							
V	1730.79	-42.05	3.03	-39.02	-30	-9.02	peak
V	2231.42	-46.88	8.20	-38.68	-30	-8.68	peak
V	2669.58	-54.50	9.27	-45.23	-30	-15.23	peak
V	5856.67	-57.23	8.35	-48.88	-30	-18.88	peak
V	6204.21	-49.48	10.89	-38.59	-30	-8.59	peak
H	1731.71	-44.71	2.82	-41.89	-30	-11.89	peak
H	2230.90	-50.09	8.13	-41.96	-30	-11.96	peak
H	2669.56	-56.96	9.39	-47.57	-30	-17.57	peak
H	5857.06	-52.91	8.34	-52.51	-30	-22.51	peak
<b>Remark:</b>							
Emission Level= Meter Reading+ Factor, Margin= Emission Level- Limit							

Note: Only the worst case 802.11a mode recorded in the report.

**6. DUTY CYCLE**

**6.1 APPLICABILITY AND DESCRIPTION**

Duty Cycle (DC) shall apply to all transmitting equipment except those which utilize Listen Before Talk (LBT) clause 4.4.2, or Detect And Avoid (DAA), clause 4.4.3. RFID transmitters operating in the 2 446 MHz to 2 454 MHz frequency band that transmit at a maximum radiated peak power level of less than 500 mW e.i.r.p. are also excluded.

Duty cycle is the ratio expressed as a percentage, of the cumulative duration of transmissions  $T_{on\_cum}$  within an observation interval  $T_{obs}$ .

$$DC = \left( \frac{T_{on\_cum}}{T_{obs}} \right) F_{obs} \text{ on an observation bandwidth } F_{obs}.$$

Unless otherwise specified,  $T_{obs}$  is 1 hour and the observation bandwidth  $F_{obs}$  is the operational frequency band

Each transmission consists of an RF emission, or sequence of RF emissions separated by intervals  $< T_{Dis}$ .

**6.2 LIMITS**

Table 4 defines the maximum duty cycle within a 1 hour period.

**Table 4: Duty cycle limits**

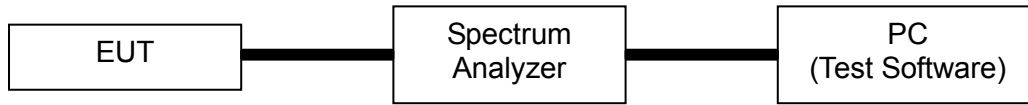
Frequency Band	Duty cycle	Application	Notes
2 400 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz	No Restriction	Generic use	
2 400 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz	No Restriction	Detection, movement and alert applications	
(a) 2 446 MHz to 2 454 MHz	No Restriction	RFID	Limits shown in annex D shall apply
(b) 2 446 MHz to 2 454 MHz	≤ 15 %	RFID	Limits shown in annex D shall apply
5 725 MHz to 5 875 MHz	No Restriction	Generic use	
9 200 MHz to 9 500 MHz	No Restriction	Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
9 500 MHz to 9 975 MHz	No Restriction	Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
10,5 GHz to 10,6 GHz	No Restriction	Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
13,4 GHz to 14,0 GHz	No Restriction	Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
17,1 GHz to 17,3 GHz	DAA or equivalent techniques	Radiodetermination: GBSAR detecting and movement and alert applications	Limits shown in annex F shall apply
24,00 GHz to 24,25 GHz	No Restriction	Generic use and for Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	

For devices with a 100 % duty cycle transmitting an unmodulated carrier most of the time, a time-out shut-off facility shall be implemented in order to improve the efficient use of spectrum. The method of implementation shall be declared by the manufacturer.

**6.4 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

Please refer to EN 300440 V2.2.1 Clause 4.2.5.3.

**6.5 TEST SETUP**



**6.6 TEST RESULTS**

EUT:	Mobile Phone	Model Name:	A95
Temperature:	26°C	Relative Humidity:	53 %
Pressure:	1012 hPa	Test Voltage:	DC 3.85V (NORMAL)
Test Mode:	Mode 1/2		

Test data reference attachment

**7. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS – RX**

**7.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT**

Clause	Test Item	Frequency(MHz)	Limit
4.3.5.4	Spurious emissions	30-1000	-57dBm
	(radiated)	Above 1000	-47dBm

**7.2 MEASURING INSTRUMENTS AND SETTING**

The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Analyzer	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	30 MHz
Stop Frequency	40GHz
Detector	Positive Peak
Sweep Time	Auto
RB	For frequency 30MHz~1G:100 kHz~120 kHz For frequency above 1G:1MHz

**7.3 TEST PROCEDURES**

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable in open test site area.
- b. The test shall be made in the receiving mode. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- c. For 30~1000MHz spurious emissions measurement, the broad band bi-log receiving antenna was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable. For above 1G, using Horn antenna .
- d. The broadband receiving antenna was fixed on the same height with the EUT to find each suspected emissions of both horizontal and vertical polarization. Each recorded suspected value is indicated as Read Level (Raw).
- e. Replace the EUT by standard antenna and feed the RF port by signal generator.
- f. Adjust the frequency of the signal generator to the suspected emission and slightly rotate the turntable to locate the position with maximum reading.
- g. Adjust the power level of the signal generator to reach the same reading with Read Level (Raw).
- h. The level of the spurious emission is the power level of (7) plus the gain of the standard antenna in dBi and minus the loss of the cable used between the signal generator and the standard antenna.
- i. The measurement shall be repeated at the lowest and the highest channel of the stated frequency range.

**7.5 TEST SETUP LAYOUT**

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 5.4.

**7.6 EUT OPERATION DURING TEST**

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously receiving mode.

### 7.7 TEST RESULTS

EUT :	Mobile Phone	Model Name :	A95
Temperature :	26°C	Relative Humidity :	53 %
Pressure :	1012 hPa	Test Power :	DC 3.85V (NORMAL)
Test Mode :	RX-802.11a mode		

Below 1G :

Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
V	36.57	-87.64	18.60	-69.04	-57	-12.04	peak
V	50.93	-82.13	9.62	-72.51	-57	-15.51	peak
V	117.65	-78.50	10.28	-68.22	-57	-11.22	peak
V	166.19	-79.12	12.06	-67.06	-57	-10.06	peak
V	234.65	-77.90	11.56	-66.34	-57	-9.34	peak
V	370.79	-79.12	14.99	-64.13	-57	-7.13	peak
H	50.22	-77.35	9.91	-67.44	-57	-10.44	peak
H	91.04	-79.50	10.70	-68.80	-57	-11.80	peak
H	172.30	-79.66	12.77	-66.89	-57	-9.89	peak
H	200.86	-76.91	12.34	-64.57	-57	-7.57	peak
H	393.44	-88.67	15.31	-73.36	-57	-16.36	peak
H	559.06	-88.86	18.55	-70.31	-57	-13.31	peak

**Remark:**

Emission Level= Meter Reading+ Factor, Margin= Emission Level- Limit

Above 1G :

Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Meter Reading	Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
V	1198.56	-59.61	1.69	-57.92	-47	-10.92	peak
V	1698.53	-58.05	3.80	-54.25	-47	-7.25	peak
V	2199.86	-65.36	8.53	-56.83	-47	-9.83	peak
V	2637.46	-65.57	9.39	-56.18	-47	-9.18	peak
V	8450.64	-74.54	16.28	-58.26	-47	-11.26	peak
H	1198.91	-55.96	2.08	-53.88	-47	-6.88	peak
H	1698.98	-56.89	3.64	-53.25	-47	-6.25	peak
H	2198.58	-62.07	8.77	-53.30	-47	-6.30	peak
H	3824.69	-68.46	8.93	-59.53	-47	-12.53	peak
H	10697.93	-76.70	23.64	-53.06	-47	-6.06	peak

**Remark:**

Emission Level= Meter Reading+ Factor, Margin= Emission Level- Limit

## 8. ADJACENT CHANNEL SELECTIVITY

### 8.1 APPLICABILITY

This requirement applies to channelized Category 1 receivers..

### 8.2 LIMITS

The adjacent channel selectivity of the equipment under specified conditions shall not be less than -30 dBm + k.

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20\log f - 10\log BW$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;
- BW is the channel bandwidth in MHz.

The factor k is limited within the following:

- -40 dB < k < 0 dB.

### 8.3 METHODS OF MEASUREMENT

This measurement shall be conducted under normal conditions.

Two signal generators A and B shall be connected to the receiver via a combining network to the receiver, either:

- a) via a test fixture or a test antenna to the receiver integrated, dedicated or test antenna; or
- b) directly to the receiver permanent or temporary antenna connector.

The method of coupling to the receiver shall be stated in the test report.

Signal generator A shall be at the nominal frequency of the receiver, with normal modulation of the wanted signal.

Signal generator B shall be unmodulated and shall be adjusted to the adjacent channel centre frequency immediately above that of the wanted signal.

Initially signal generator B shall be switched off and using signal generator A the level that still gives sufficient

response shall be established. The output level of generator A shall then be increased by 3 dB.

Signal generator B is then switched on and adjusted until the wanted criteria are met. This level shall be recorded.

The measurements shall be repeated with signal generator B unmodulated and adjusted to the adjacent channel centre immediately below the wanted signal.

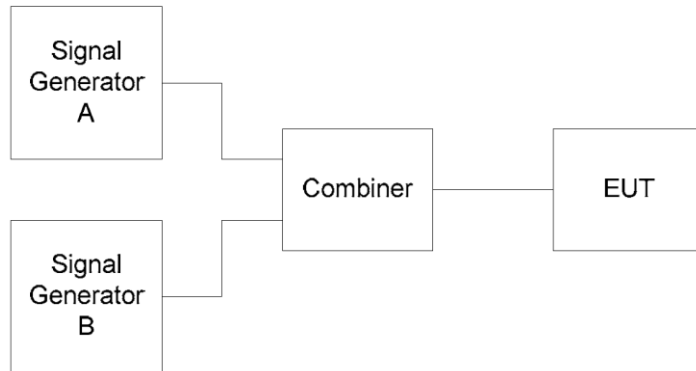
The adjacent channel selectivity shall be recorded for the upper and lower adjacent channels as the level in dBm of the unwanted signal.

For tagging systems (e.g. RF identification, anti-theft, access control, location and similar systems) signal generator A may be replaced by a physical tag positioned at 70 % of the measured system range in metres.

In this case, the adjacent selectivity shall be recorded as the level in dBm of lowest level of the unwanted signal

(generator B) resulting in a non-read of the tag.

**8.4 TEST SETUP LAYOUT**



**8.5 TEST RESULTS**

EUT :	Mobile Phone	Model Name :	A95
Temperature :	24 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Voltage :	N/A
Test Mode :	N/A		

Not applicable.

**9. BLOCKING OR DESENSITIZATION**

**9.1 APPLICABILITY**

This requirement applies to all Category 1, 2, and 3 SRD communication media receivers.

**9.2 LIMITS**

The blocking level, for any frequency within the specified ranges, shall not be less than the values given in table 6, except at frequencies on which spurious responses are found.

Table 6: Limits for blocking or desensitization

Receiver category	Limit
1	-30 dBm + k
2	-45 dBm + k
3	-60 dBm + k

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20 \log f - 10 \log BW$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;
- BW is the channel bandwidth in MHz.

The factor k is limited within the following:

- -40 dB < k < 0 dB.

**9.3 TEST PROCEDURES**

This measurement shall be conducted under normal conditions.

Two signal generators A and B shall be connected to the receiver via a combining network to the receiver, either:

- a) via a test fixture or a test antenna to the receiver integrated, dedicated or test antenna; or
- b) directly to the receiver permanent or temporary antenna connector.

The method of coupling to the receiver shall be stated in the test report.

Signal generator A shall be at the nominal frequency of the receiver, with normal modulation of the wanted signal. Signal generator B shall be unmodulated and shall be adjusted to a test frequency at approximately 10 times, 20 times and 50 times of the occupied bandwidth above upper band edge of occupied bandwidth. Initially signal generator B shall be switched off and using signal generator A the level which still gives sufficient response shall be established. The output level of generator A shall then be increased by 3 dB. Signal generator B is then switched on and adjusted until the wanted criteria are met. This level shall be recorded.

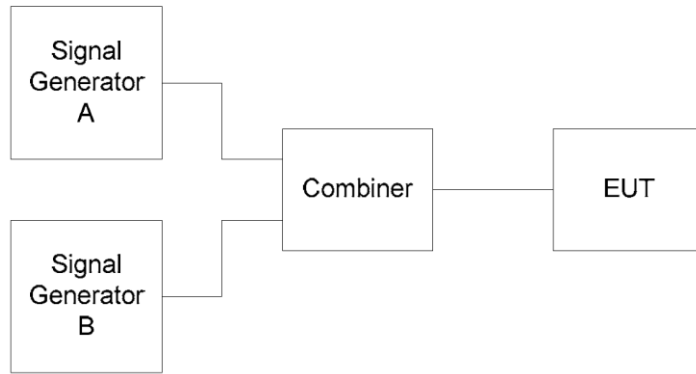
The measurement shall be repeated with the test frequency for signal generator B at 10 times, 20 times and 50 times of the occupied bandwidth below the lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth.

The blocking or desensitization shall be recorded as the level in dBm of lowest level of the unwanted signal(generator B).

For tagging systems (e.g. RF identification, anti-theft, access control, location and similar systems) signal generator A may be replaced by a physical tag positioned at 70 % of the measured system range in metres. In this case, the blocking or desensitization shall be recorded as the ratio in dB of lowest level of the unwanted signal (generator B) resulting in a non-read of the tag. to the declared sensitivity of the receiver +3 dB.



8.4 TEST SETUP LAYOUT



**9.4 TEST RESULTS**

EUT :	Mobile Phone	Model Name :	A95
Temperature :	24 °C	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	1010 hPa	Test Voltage :	DC 3.85V (NORMAL)
Test Mode :	RX		

**802.11a**

5745 MHz

Flow= 5736.825MHz; Fhigh= 5753.247MHz, occupied bandwidth=16.422MHz

Receiver category	Frequency offset	Test Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator A)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator B)	≥Limit(dB)
3	5745 MHz	5745	-65.47	-	-
	10 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5572.605	-	-30.25	-87.34 (Note <sup>1</sup> )
	20 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5408.385	-	-32.62	-87.34
	50 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	4915.725	-	-33.54	-87.34
	10 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5917.467	-	-31.29	-87.34
	20 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6081.687	-	-31.51	-87.34
	50 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6574.347	-	-31.53	-87.34

Note1 :

The limit :

$$-60 \text{ dBm} + k$$

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20 \log f - 10 \log BW$$

$$k = -27.37$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;

- BW is the occupied bandwidth in MHz.

**802.11a**

5825 MHz

Flow= 5816.798MHz; Fhigh= 5833.187MHz, occupied bandwidth=16.398MHz

Receiver category	Frequency offset	Test Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator A)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator B)	≥Limit(dB)
3	5745 MHz	5745	-65.47	-	-
	10 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5652.818	-	-30.27	-87.45(Note <sup>1</sup> )
	20 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5488.838	-	-33.21	-87.45
	50 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	4996.898	-	-33.53	-87.45
	10 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5997.167	-	-33.86	-87.45
	20 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6161.147	-	-33.45	-87.45
	50 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6653.087	-	-33.36	-87.45

Note1 :

The limit :

-60 dBm + k

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20\log f - 10\log BW$$

$$k = -27.49$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;

- BW is the occupied bandwidth in MHz.

**802.11n20**

5745 MHz

Flow= 5736.221MHz; Fhigh= 5753.839MHz, occupied bandwidth=17.618MHz

Receiver category	Frequency offset	Test Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator A)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator B)	≥Limit(dB)
3	5745 MHz	5745	-65.47	-	-
	10 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5560.041	-	-31.31	-87.65(Note <sup>1</sup> )
	20 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5383.861	-	-33.54	-87.65
	50 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	4855.321	-	-33.45	-87.65
	10 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5930.019	-	-33.54	-87.65
	20 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6106.199	-	-33.52	-87.65
	50 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6634.739	-	-33.24	-87.65

Note1 :

The limit :

-60 dBm + k

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20\log f - 10\log BW$$

$$k = -27.37$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;

- BW is the occupied bandwidth in MHz.

**802.11n20**

5825 MHz

Flow= 5816.185MHz; Fhigh= 5833.787MHz, occupied bandwidth=17.602MHz

Receiver category	Frequency offset	Test Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator A)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator B)	≥Limit(dB)
3	5745 MHz	5745	-65.47	-	-
	10 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5640.165	-	-32.64	-87.64(Note <sup>1</sup> )
	20 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5464.145	-	-33.57	-87.64
	50 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	4936.085	-	-34.65	-87.64
	10 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6009.807	-	-30.58	-87.64
	20 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6185.827	-	-32.69	-87.64
	50 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6713.887	-	-31.54	-87.64

Note1 :

The limit :

-60 dBm + k

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20\log f - 10\log BW$$

$$k = -27.49$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;

- BW is the occupied bandwidth in MHz.

**802.11n40**

5755 MHz

Flow= 5737.09MHz; Fhigh= 5773.102MHz, occupied bandwidth=36.012MHz

Receiver category	Frequency offset	Test Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator A)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator B)	≥Limit(dB)
3	5745 MHz	5745	-65.47	-	-
	10 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5376.97	-	-31.36	-90.77 (Note <sup>1</sup> )
	20 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5016.85	-	-32.69	-90.77
	50 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	3936.49	-	-32.43	-90.77
	10 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6133.222	-	-32.62	-90.77
	20 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6493.342	-	-32.67	-90.77
	50 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	7573.702	-	-32.51	-90.77

Note1 :

The limit :

-60 dBm + k

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20\log f - 10\log BW$$

$$k = -30.80$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;

- BW is the occupied bandwidth in MHz.

**802.11n40**

5795 MHz

Flow=5776.954MHz; Fhigh= 5812.87MHz, occupied bandwidth=35.916MHz

Receiver category	Frequency offset	Test Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator A)	Measurement Vause(dB) (Generator B)	≥Limit(dB)
3	5745 MHz	5745	-65.47	-	-
	10 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5417.794	-	-31.52	-90.81(Note <sup>1</sup> )
	20 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	5058.634	-	-33.21	-90.81
	50 times lower band edge of the occupied bandwidth	3981.154	-	-33.21	-90.81
	10 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6172.03	-	-32.16	-90.81
	20 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	6531.19	-	-32.31	-90.81
	50 times upper band edge of the occupied bandwidth	7608.67	-	-32.64	-90.81

Note1 :

The limit :

-60 dBm + k

The correction factor, k, is as follows:

$$k = -20\log f - 10\log BW$$

$$k = -30.83$$

Where:

- f is the frequency in GHz;

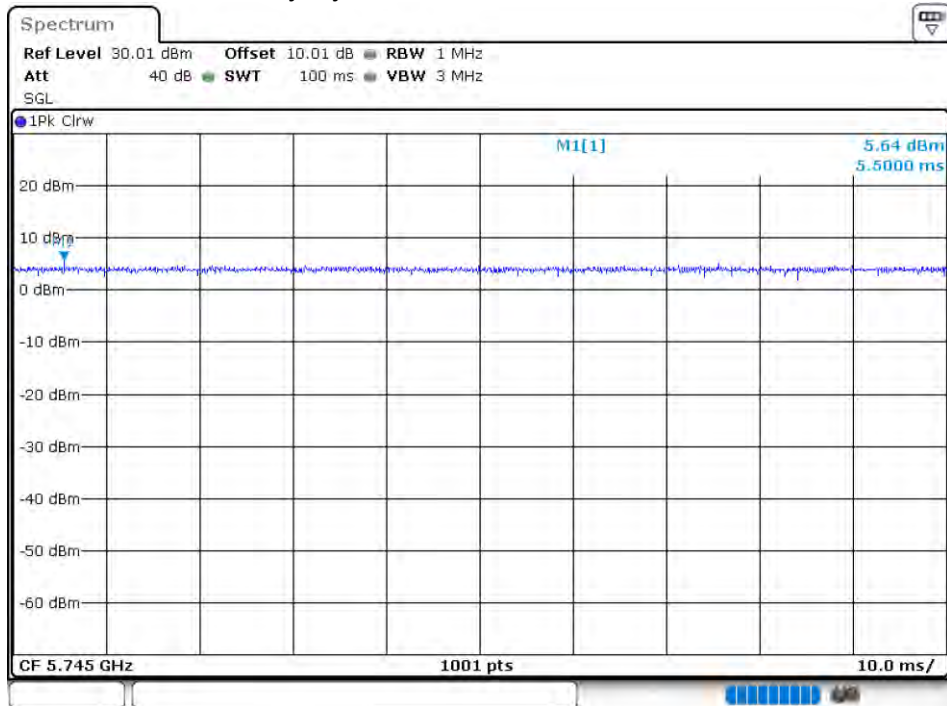
- BW is the occupied bandwidth in MHz.

### 10. TEST RESULTS

#### 10.1 DUTY CYCLE

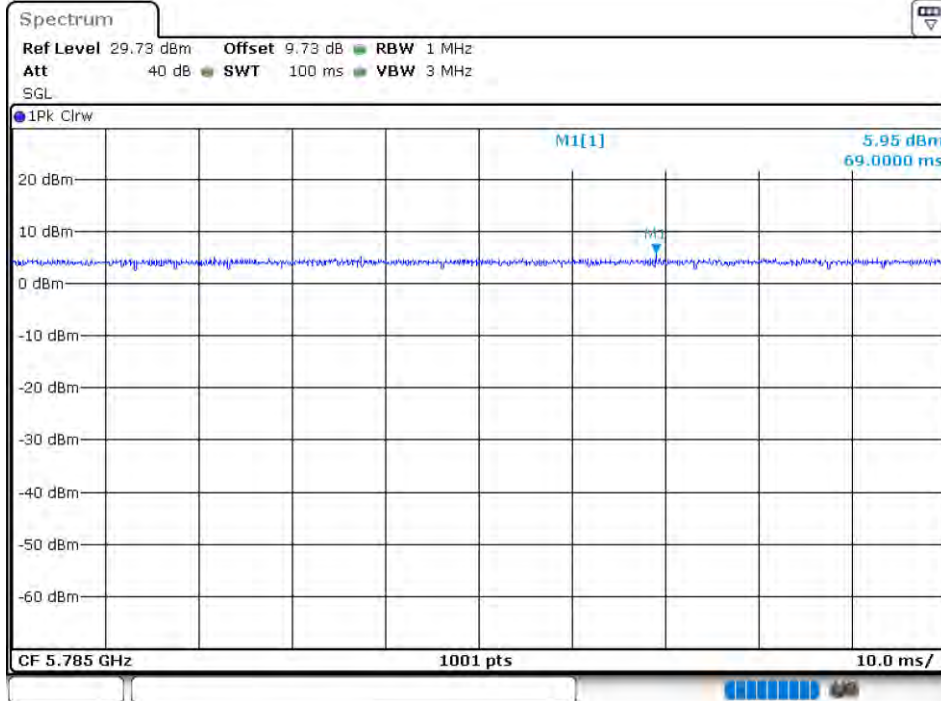
Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)
NVNT	802.11a	5745	100	0
NVNT	802.11a	5785	100	0
NVNT	802.11a	5825	100	0
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	100	0
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	100	0
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	100	0
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	100	0
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	100	0

Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11a 5745MHz

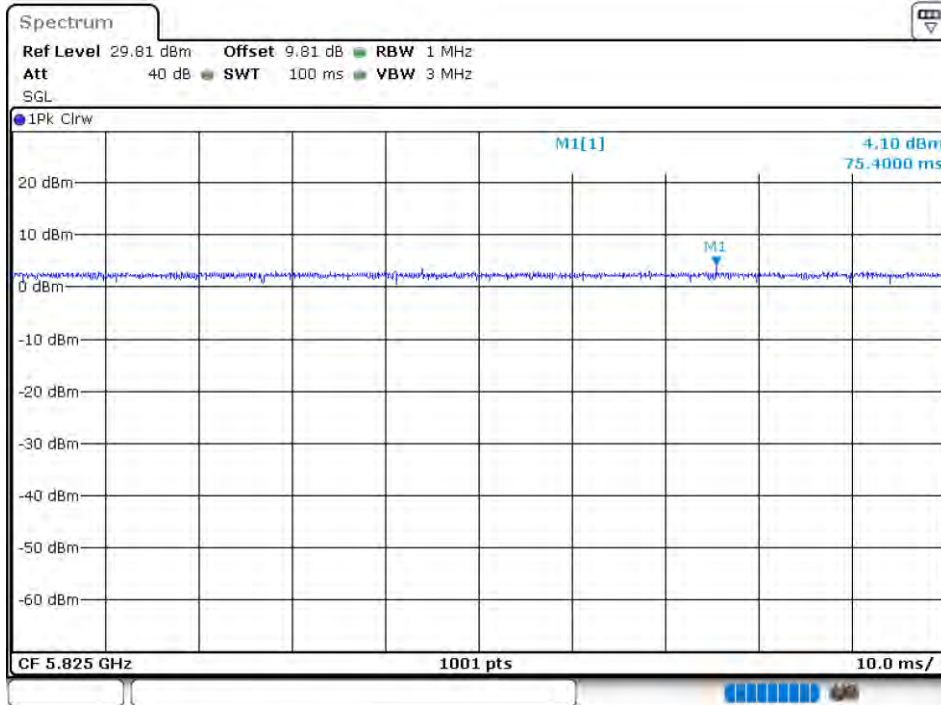




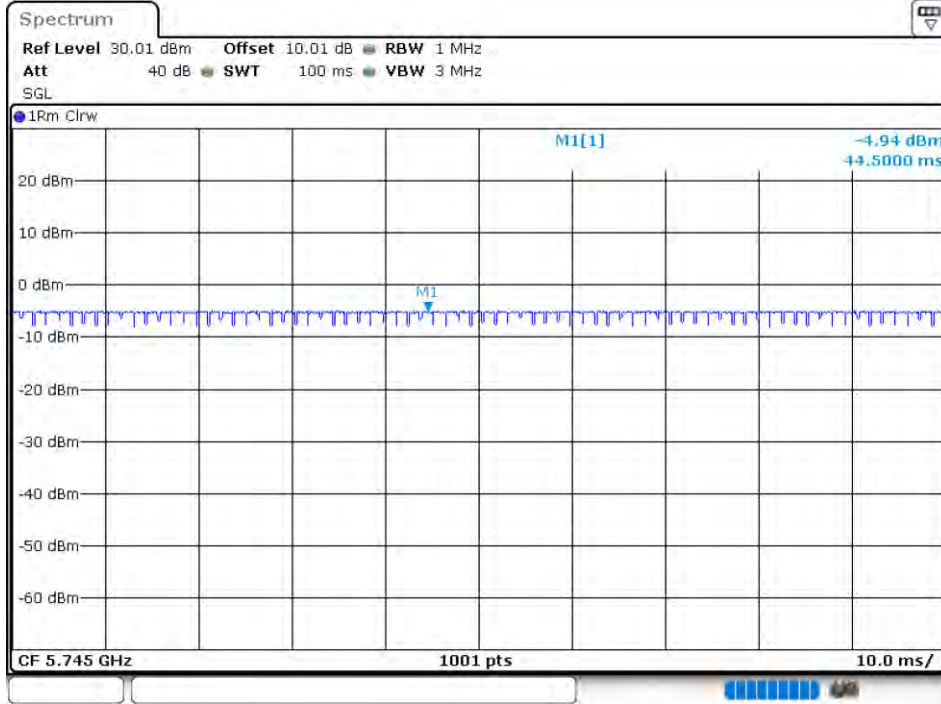
### Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11a 5785MHz



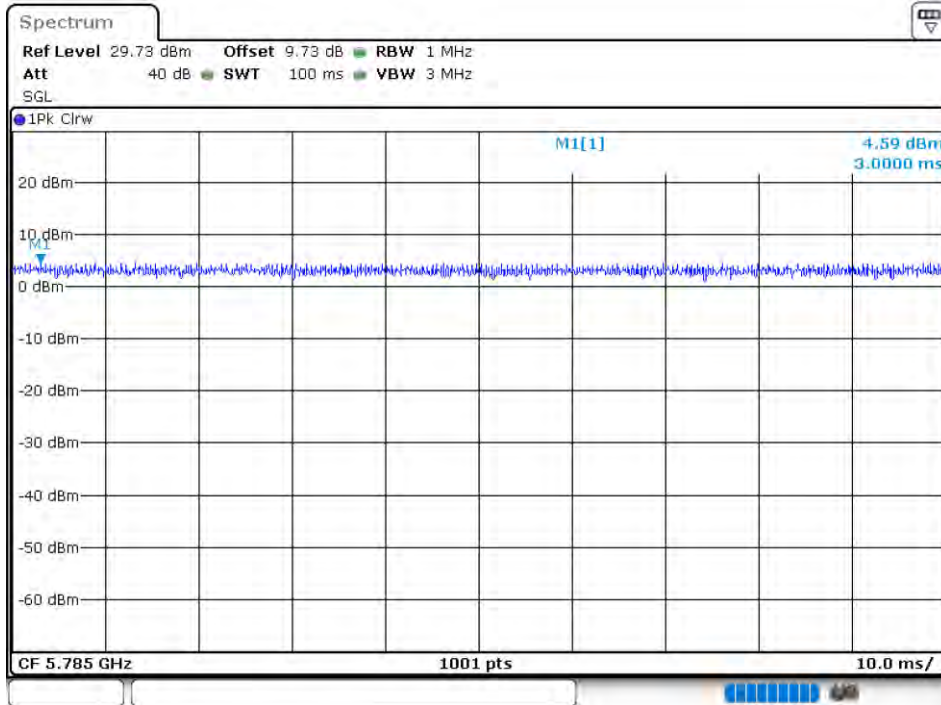
### Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11a 5825MHz



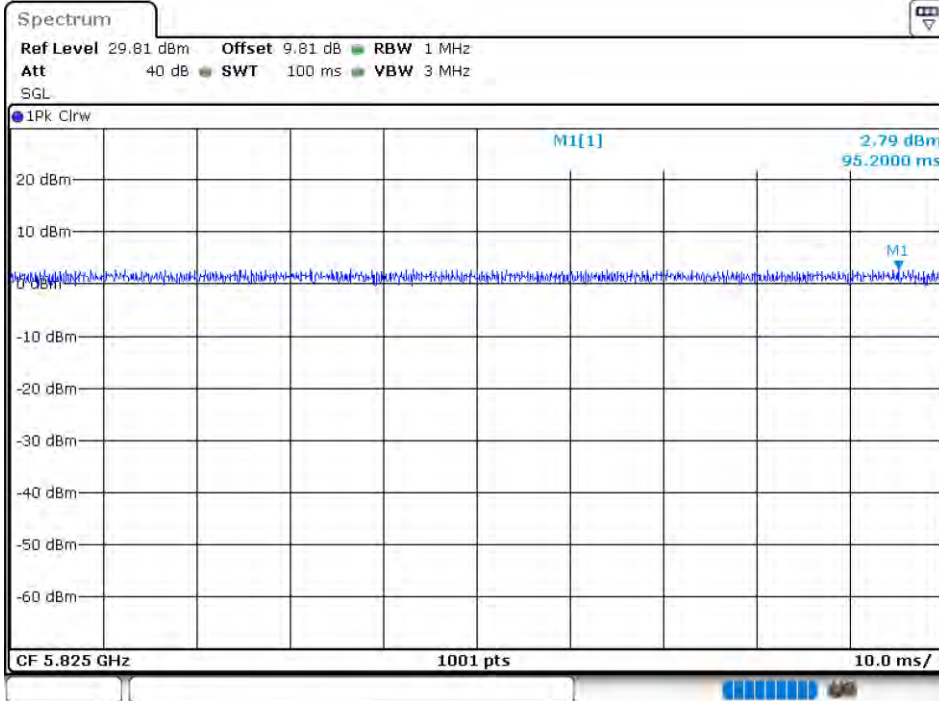
Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5745MHz



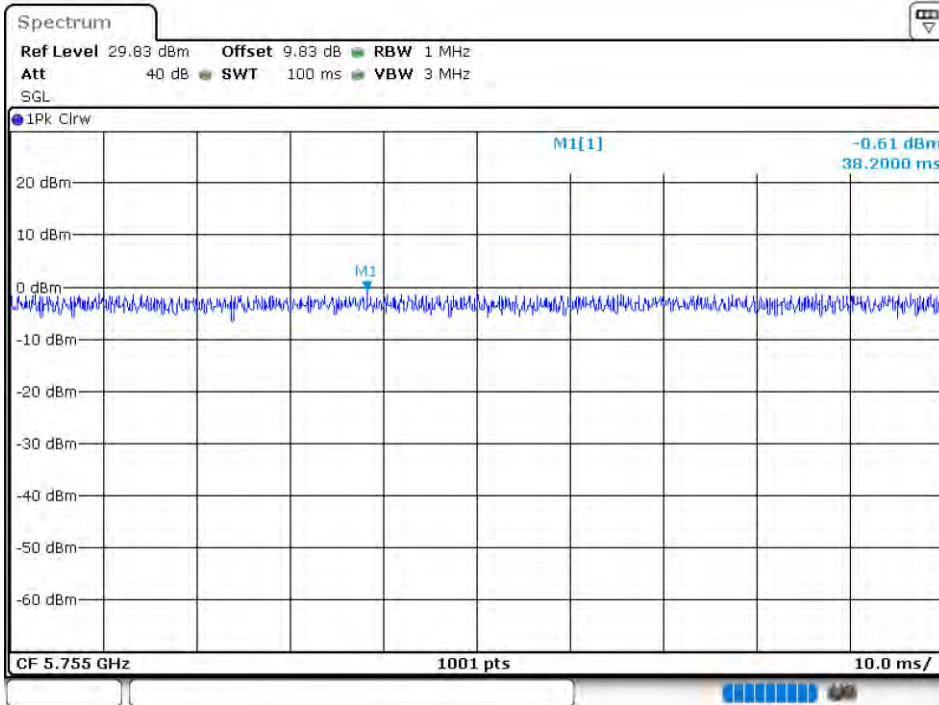
Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5785MHz



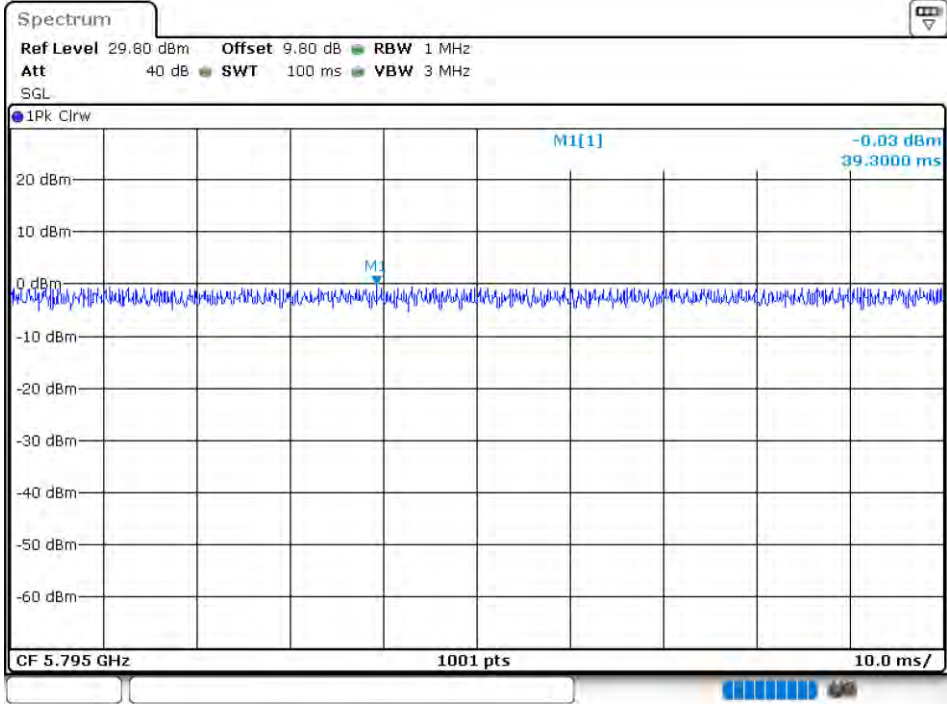
Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5825MHz



Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5755MHz



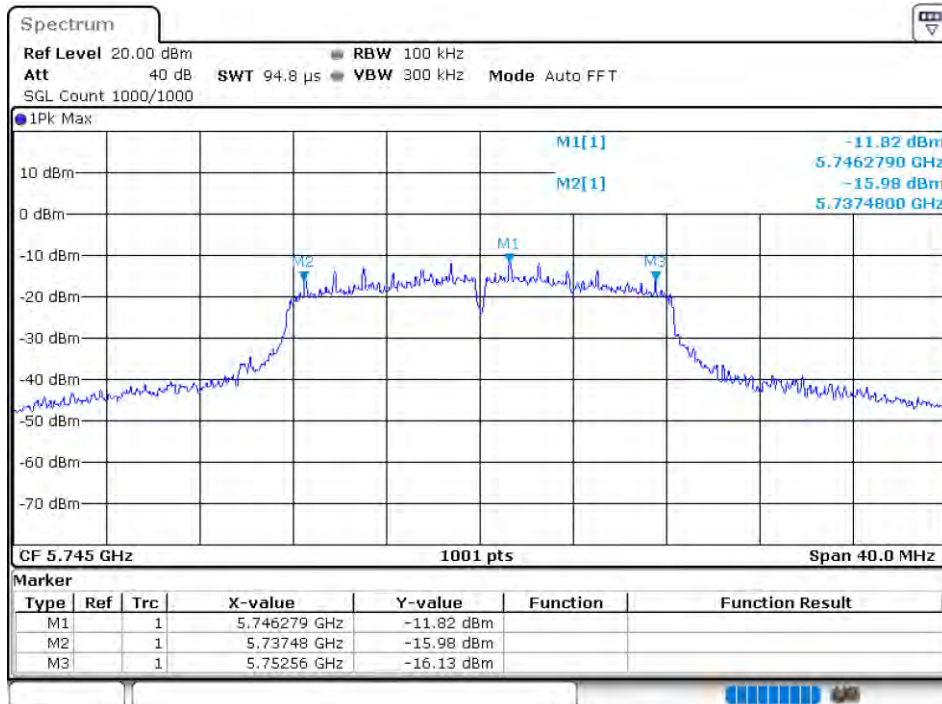
Duty Cycle NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5795MHz



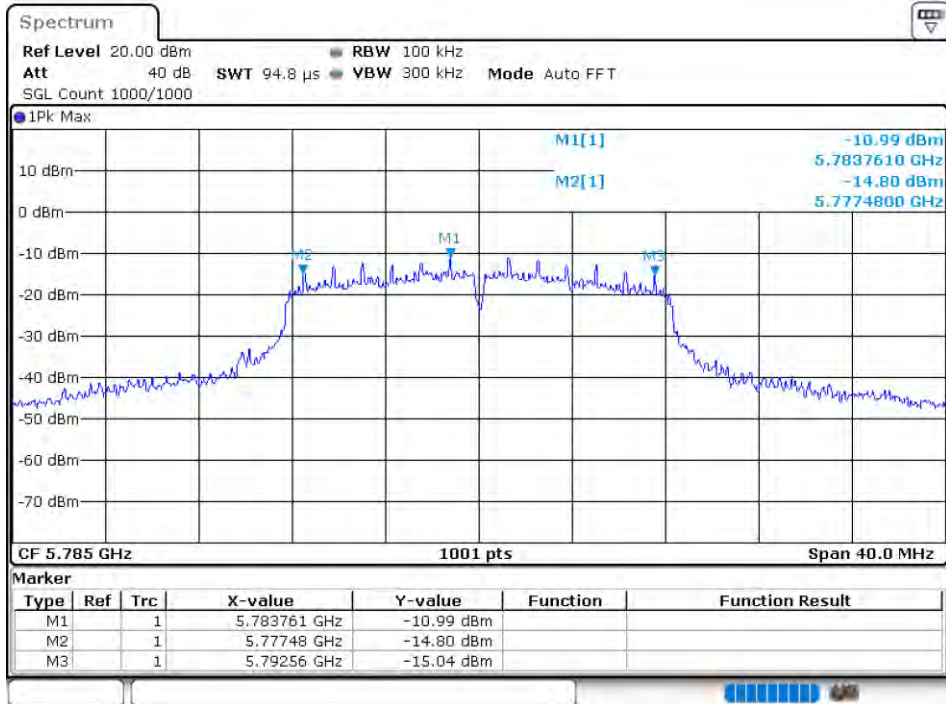
10.2 -6DB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	-6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit -6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Verdict
NVNT	802.11a	5745	Ant 1	15.08	0.5	Pass
NVNT	802.11a	5785	Ant 1	15.08	0.5	Pass
NVNT	802.11a	5825	Ant 1	15.36	0.5	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	Ant 1	15.08	0.5	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	Ant 1	15.08	0.5	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	Ant 1	15.08	0.5	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	Ant 1	33.84	0.5	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	Ant 1	32.64	0.5	Pass

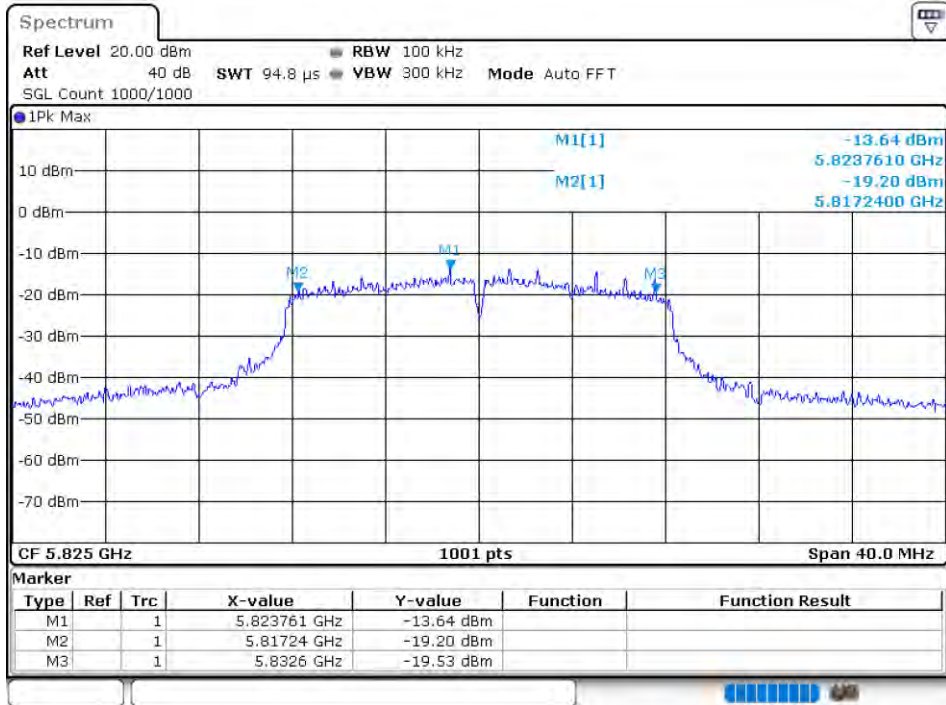
EBW NVNT 802.11a 5745MHz Ant1



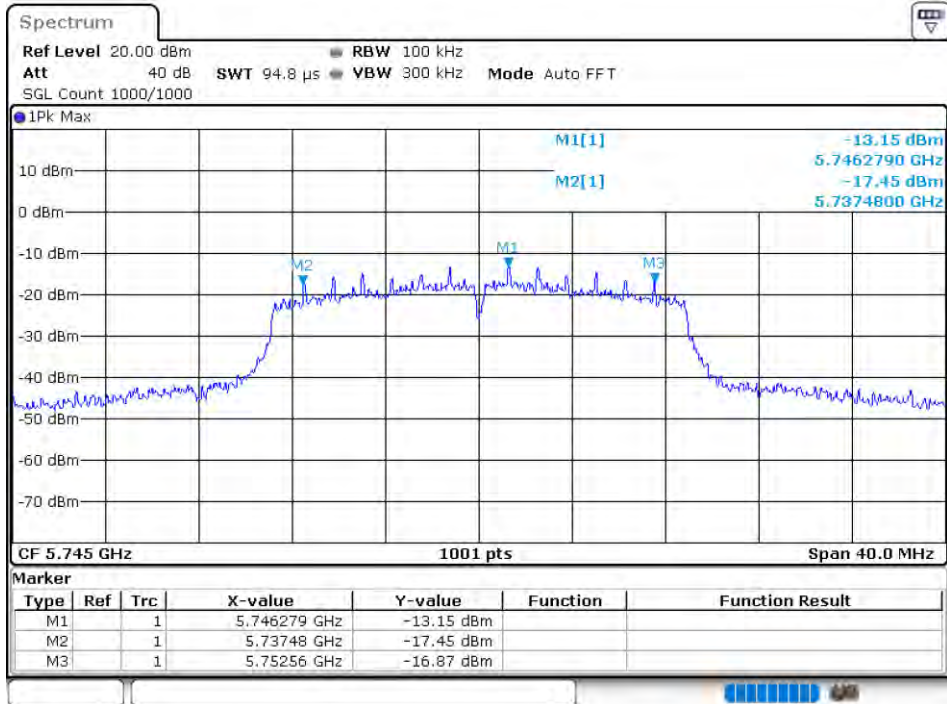
EBW NVNT 802.11a 5785MHz Ant1



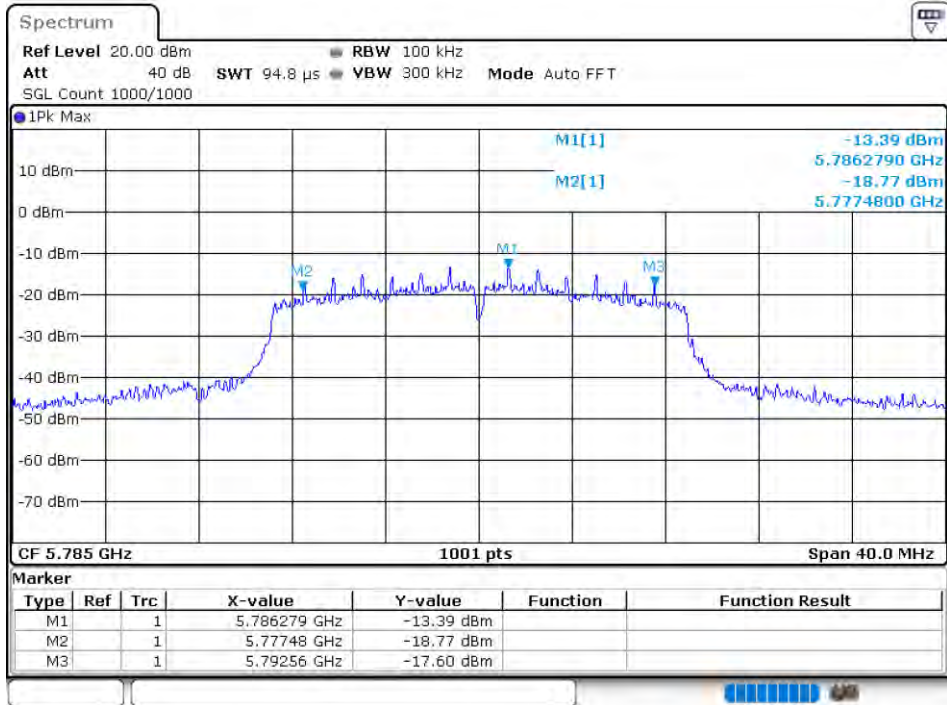
EBW NVNT 802.11a 5825MHz Ant1



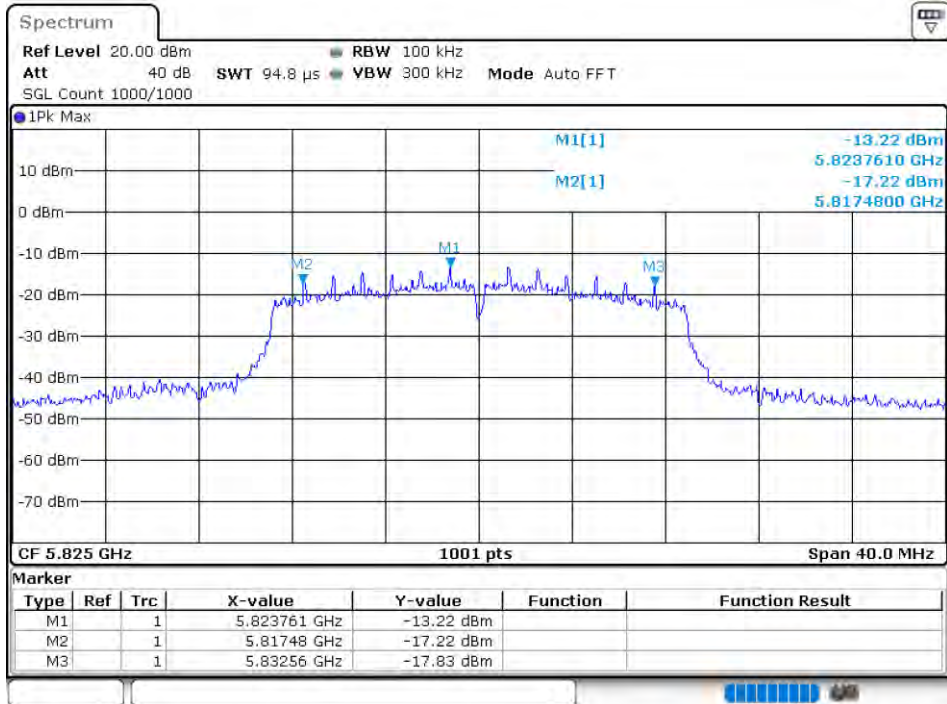
EBW NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5745MHz Ant1



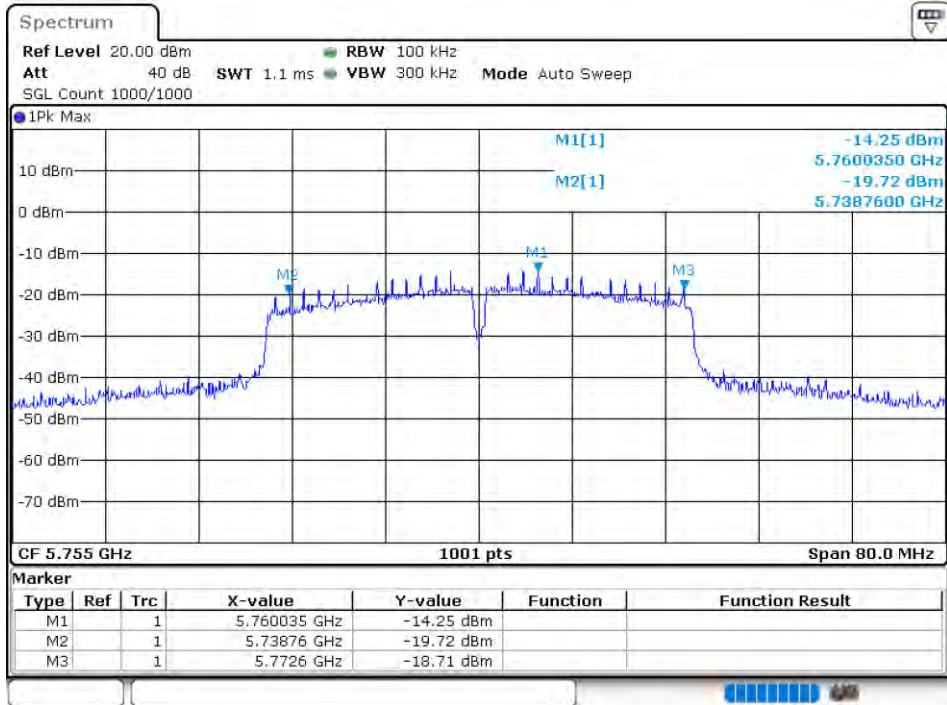
EBW NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5785MHz Ant1



EBW NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5825MHz Ant1

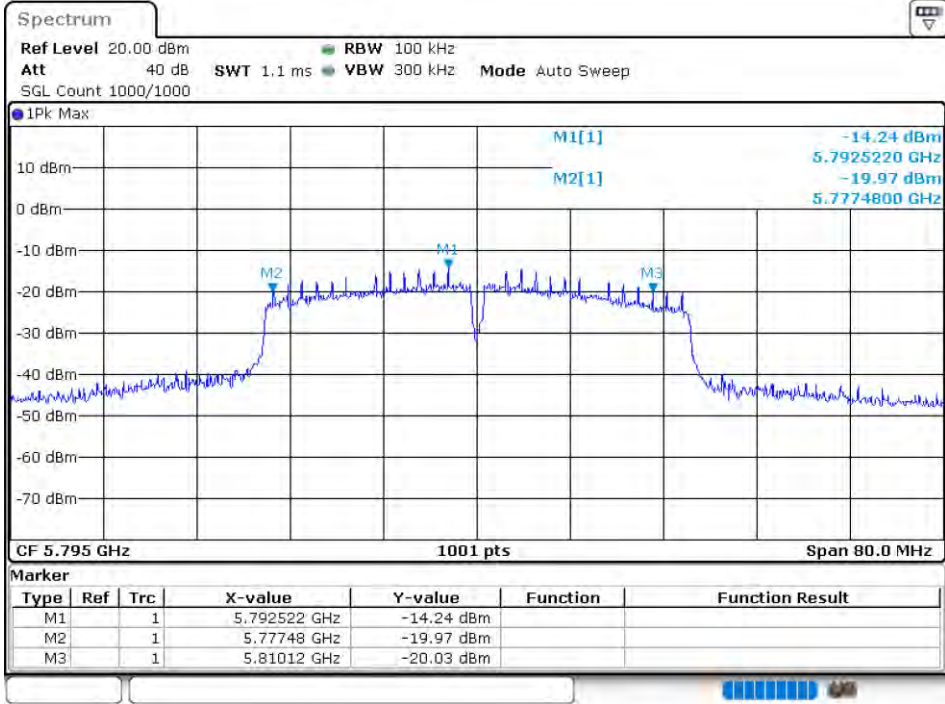


EBW NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5755MHz Ant1





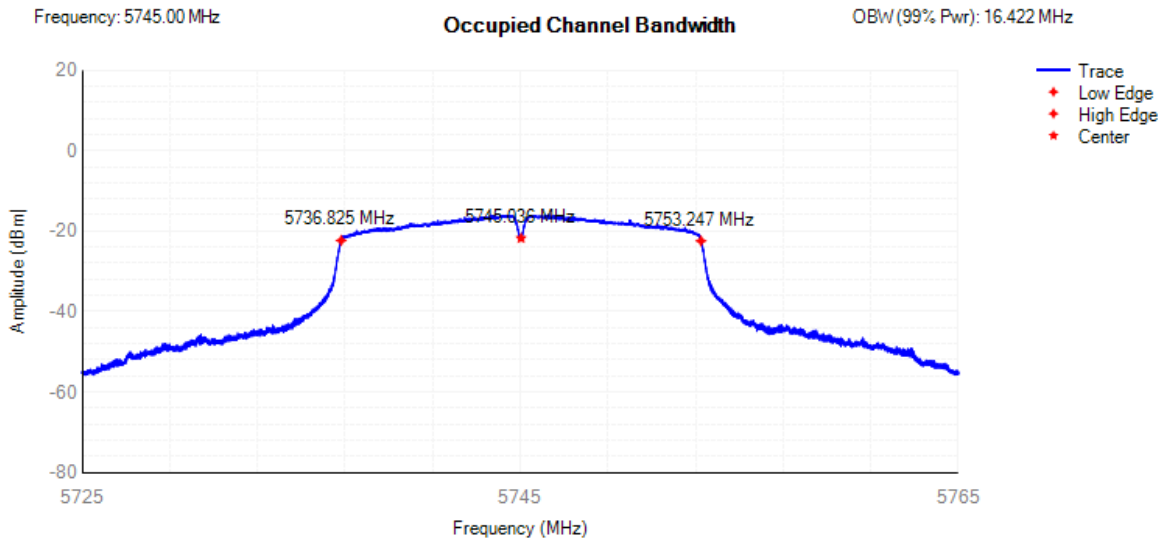
EBW NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5795MHz Ant1



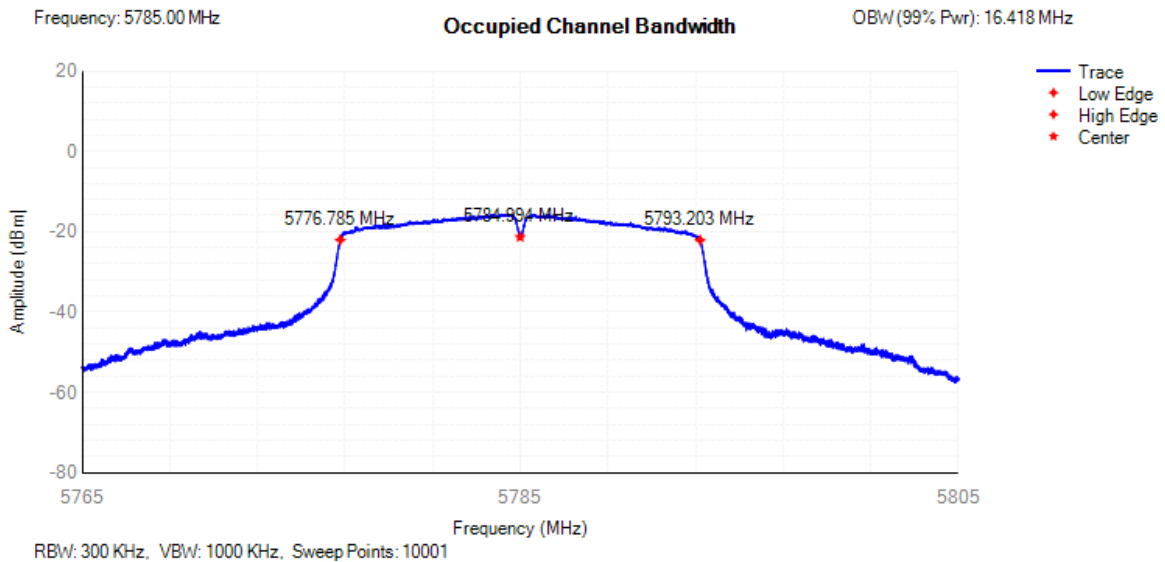
10.3 OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Center Frequency (MHz)	OBW (MHz)	Lower Limit (MHz)	Upper Limit(MHz)	Verdict
NVNT	802.11a	5745	5745.036	16.422	16	20	Pass
NVNT	802.11a	5785	5784.994	16.418	16	20	Pass
NVNT	802.11a	5825	5824.988	16.398	16	20	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	5745.03	17.618	16	20	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	5784.998	17.61	16	20	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	5824.986	17.602	16	20	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	5755.096	36.012	32	40	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	5794.912	35.916	32	40	Pass

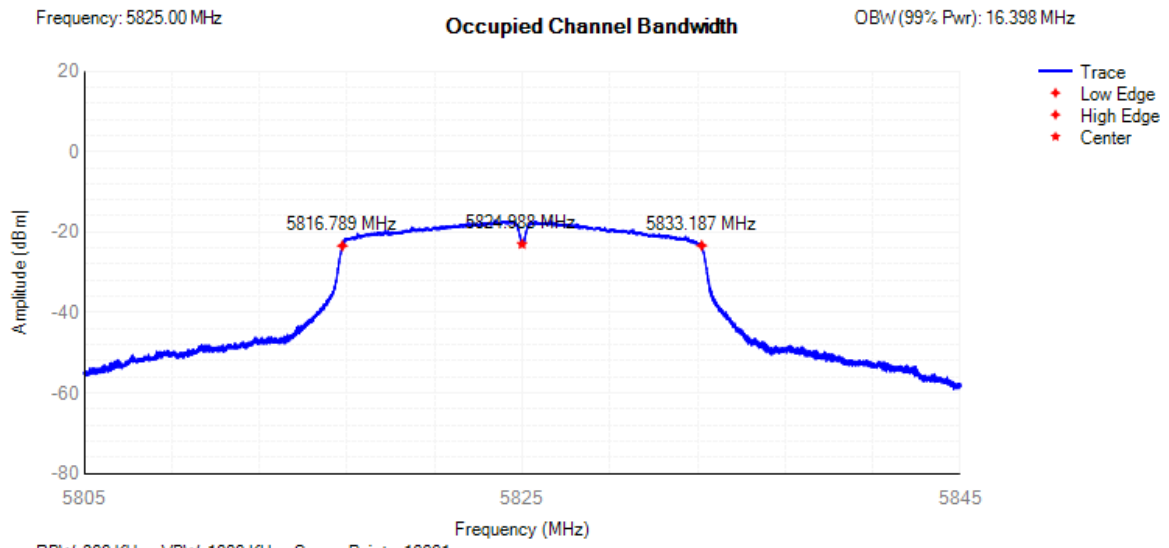
OBW NVNT 802.11a 5745MHz



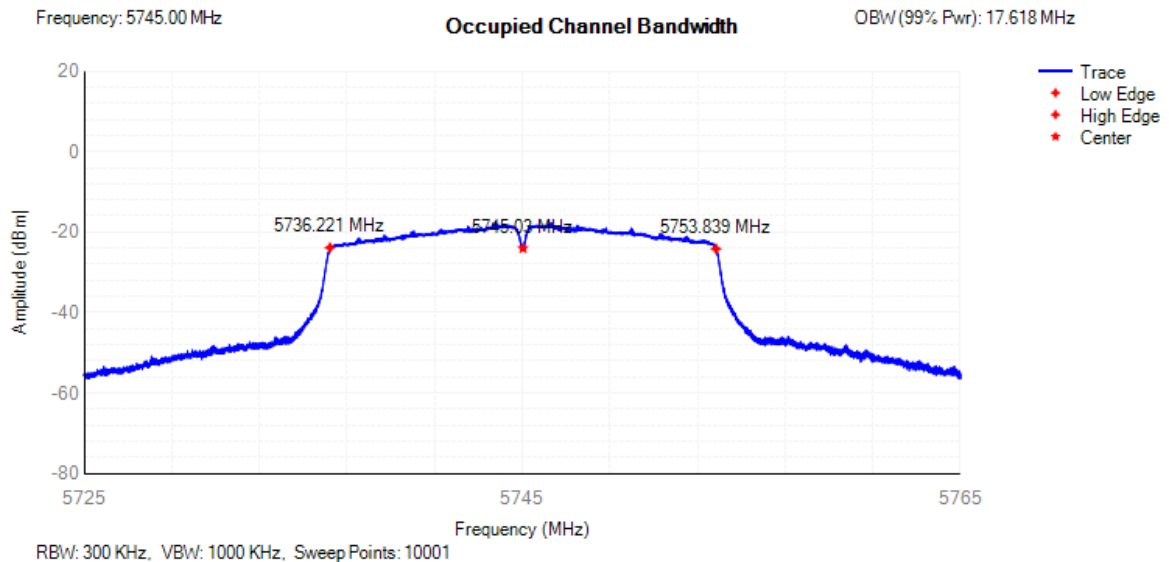
OBW NVNT 802.11a 5785MHz



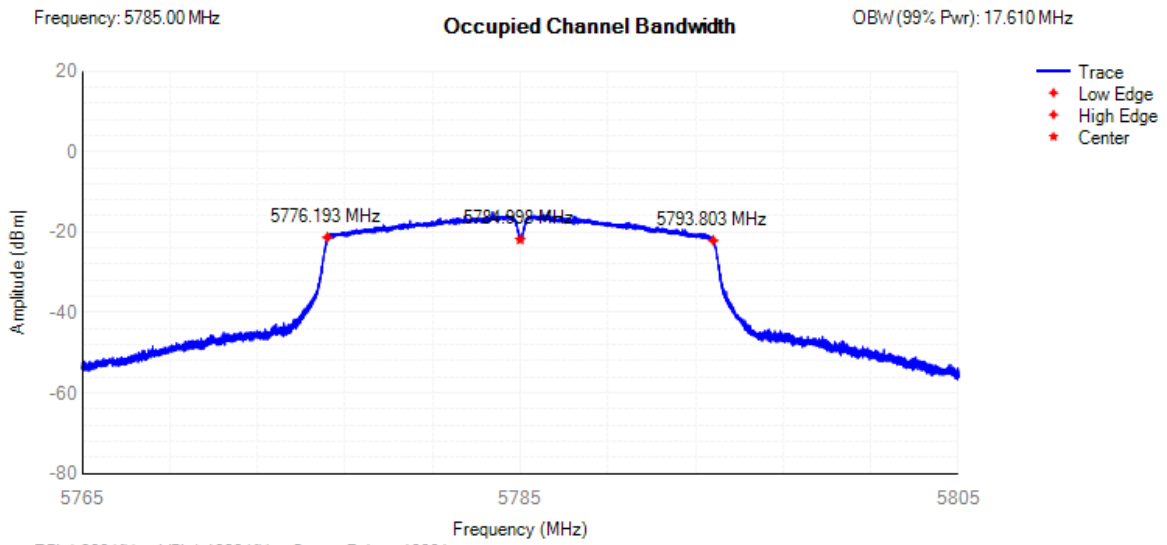
### OBW NVNT 802.11a 5825MHz



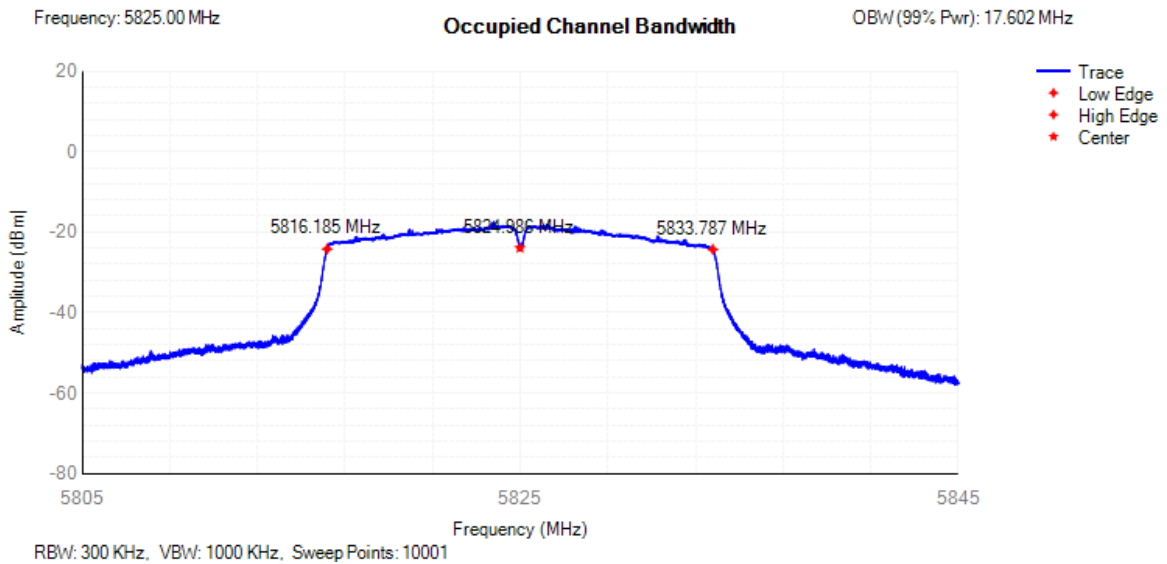
### OBW NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5745MHz



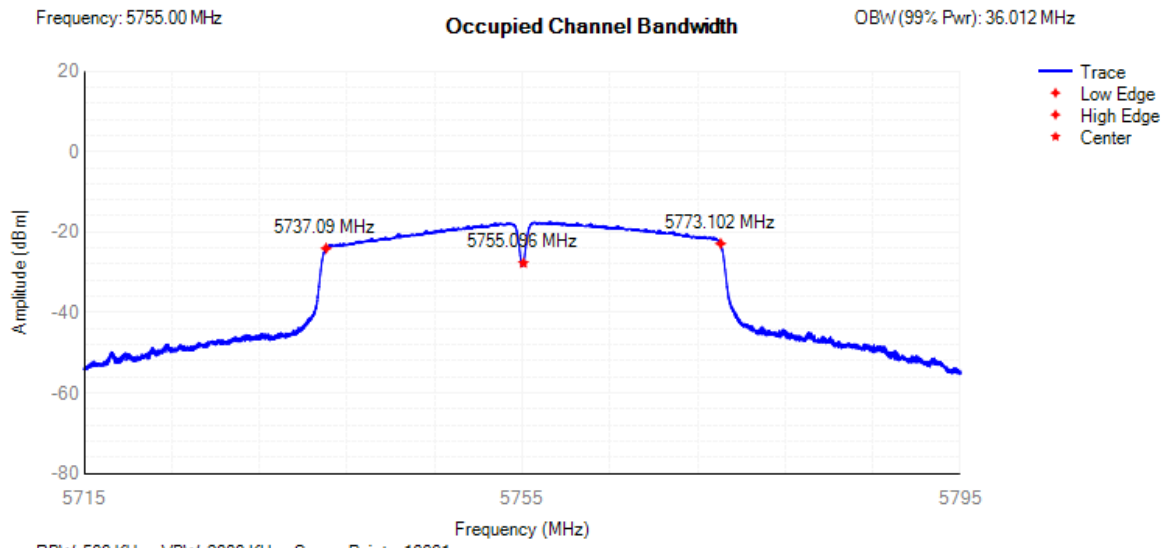
OBW NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5785MHz



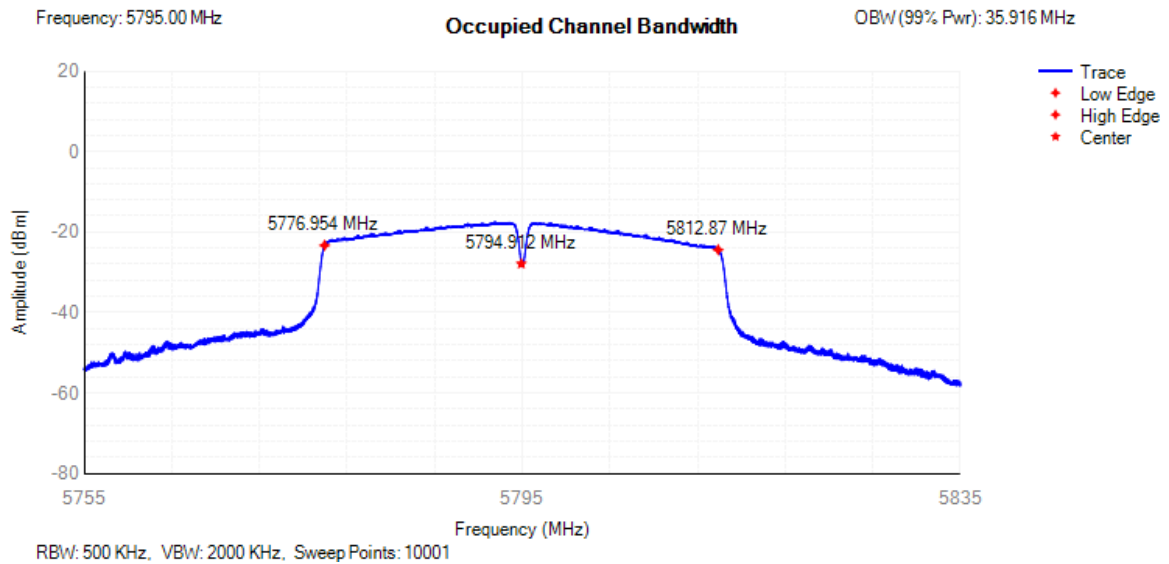
OBW NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5825MHz



OBW NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5755MHz



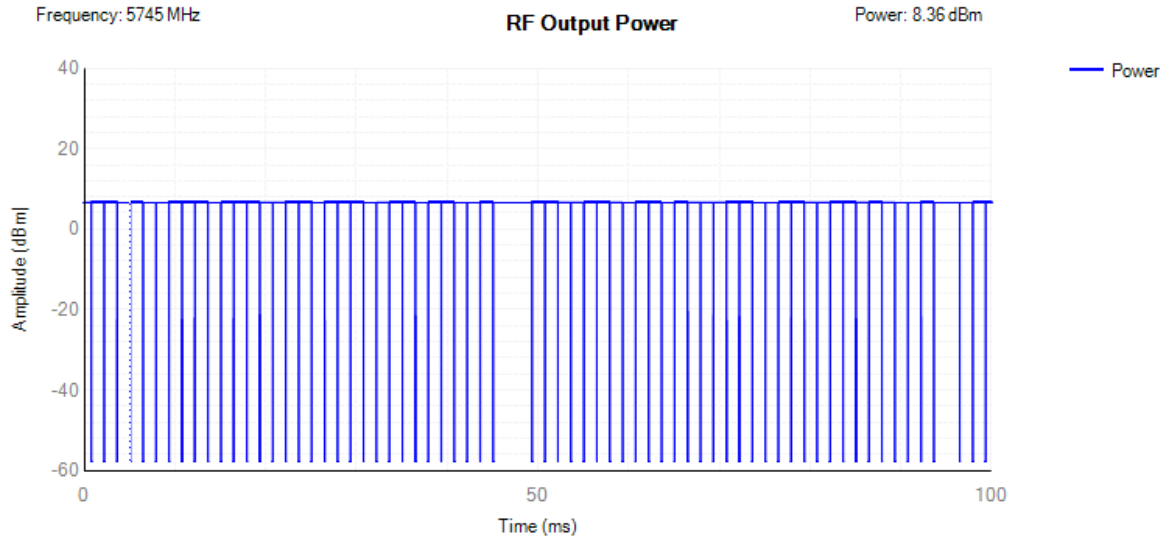
OBW NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5795MHz



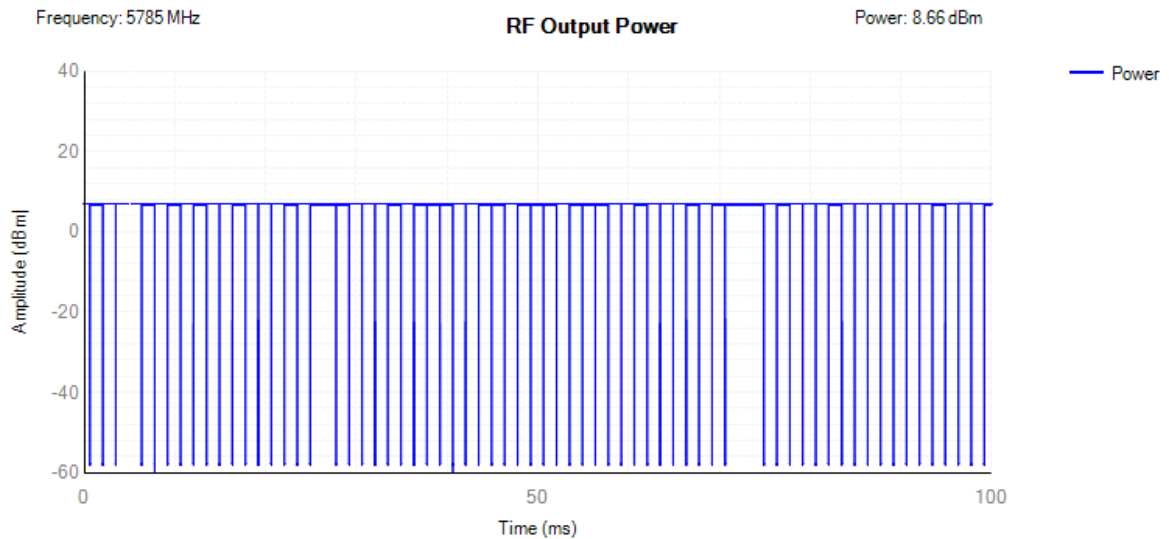
**10.4 RF OUTPUT POWER**

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Max Burst RMS Power (dBm)	Burst Number	Max EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
NVNT	802.11a	5745	6.7	68	8.36	13.98	Pass
NVNT	802.11a	5785	7	67	8.66	13.98	Pass
NVNT	802.11a	5825	5.75	48	7.41	13.98	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	5.5	77	7.16	13.98	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	6.41	78	8.07	13.98	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	5.58	78	7.24	13.98	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	6.86	140	8.52	13.98	Pass
NVNT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	6.32	139	7.98	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11a	5745	6.59	68	8.25	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11a	5785	7.03	67	8.69	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11a	5825	5.72	48	7.38	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	5.45	77	7.11	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	6.38	78	8.04	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	5.53	78	7.19	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	6.83	140	8.49	13.98	Pass
HVLT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	6.29	139	7.95	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11a	5745	6.48	68	8.14	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11a	5785	7.06	67	8.72	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11a	5825	5.69	48	7.35	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	5.40	77	7.06	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	6.35	78	8.01	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	5.48	78	7.14	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	6.80	140	8.46	13.98	Pass
LVHT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	6.26	139	7.92	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11a	5745	6.37	68	8.03	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11a	5785	7.09	67	8.75	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11a	5825	5.66	48	7.32	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	5.35	77	7.01	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	6.32	78	7.98	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	5.43	78	7.09	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	6.77	140	8.43	13.98	Pass
HVHT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	6.23	139	7.89	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11a	5745	6.26	68	7.92	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11a	5785	7.12	67	8.78	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11a	5825	5.63	48	7.29	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11n(HT20)	5745	5.30	77	6.96	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11n(HT20)	5785	6.29	78	7.95	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11n(HT20)	5825	5.38	78	7.04	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11n(HT40)	5755	6.74	140	8.4	13.98	Pass
LVLT	802.11n(HT40)	5795	6.20	139	7.86	13.98	Pass

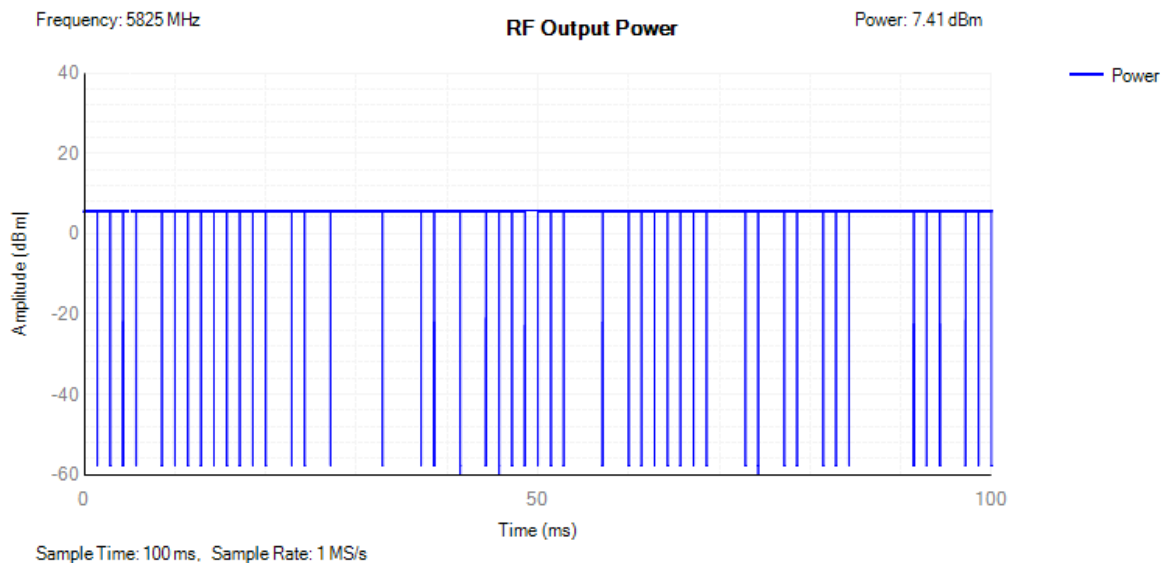
Power NVNT 802.11a 5745MHz



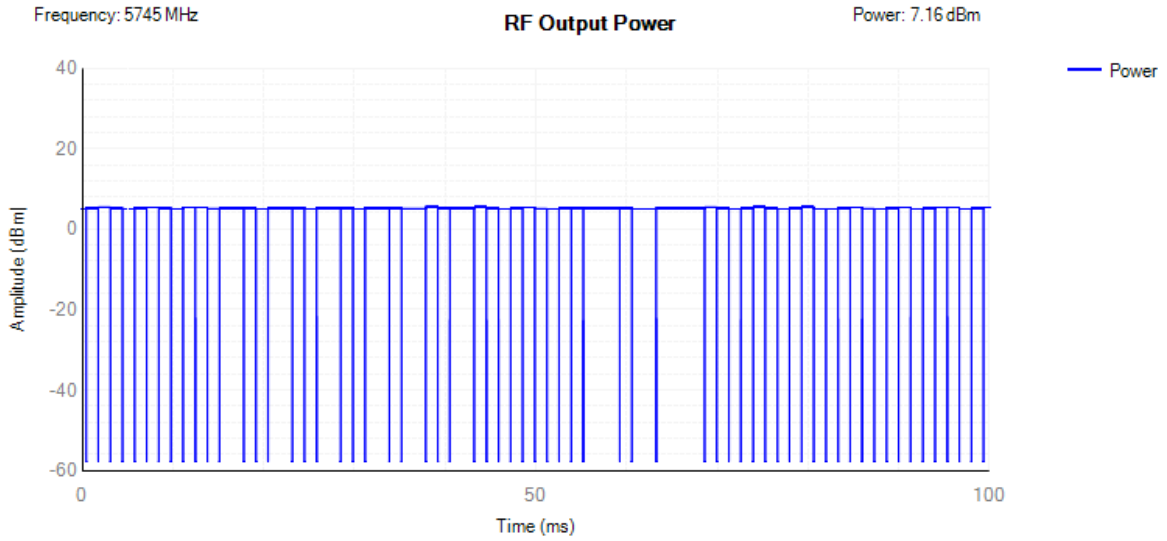
Power NVNT 802.11a 5785MHz



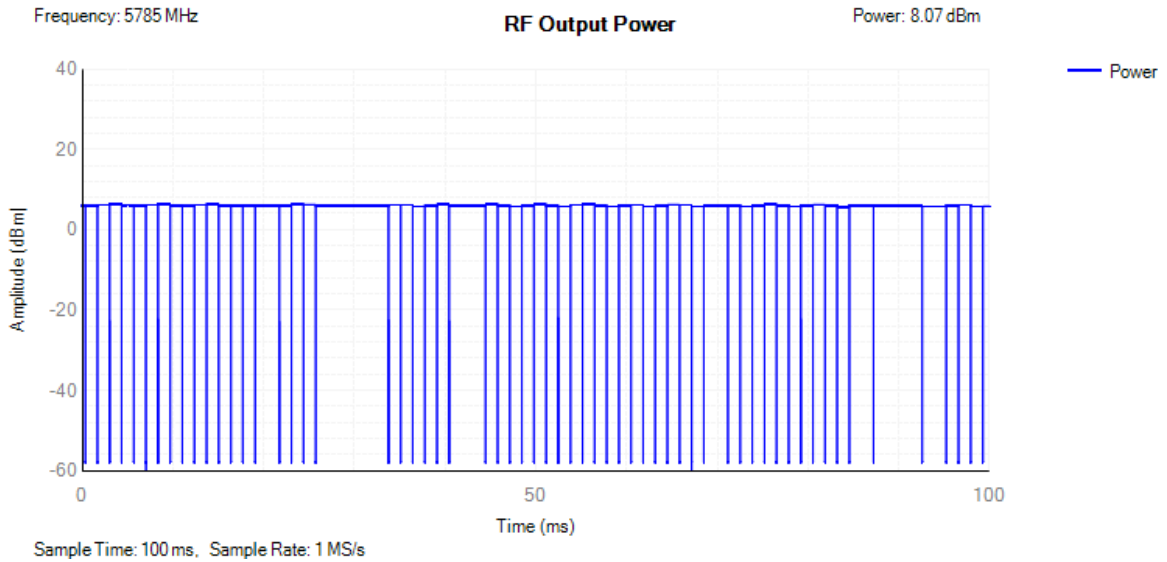
Power NVNT 802.11a 5825MHz



Power NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5745MHz

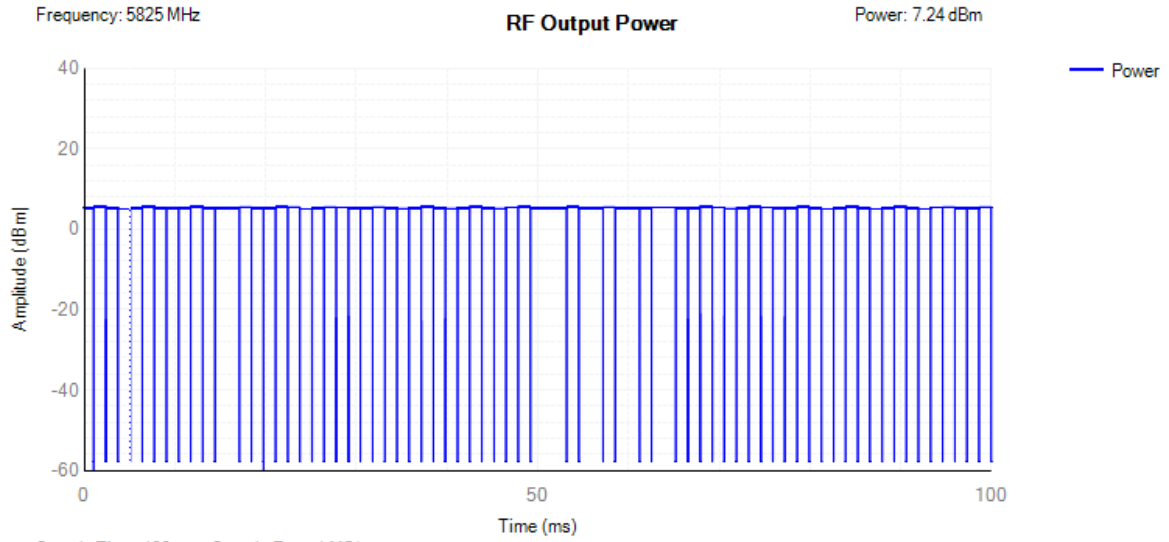


Power NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5785MHz

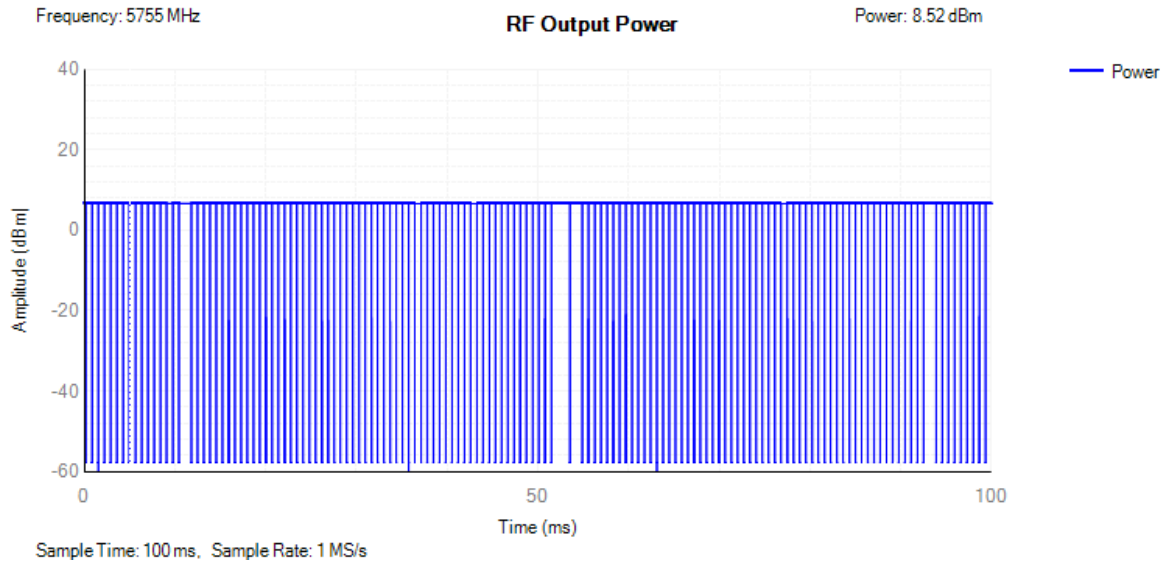




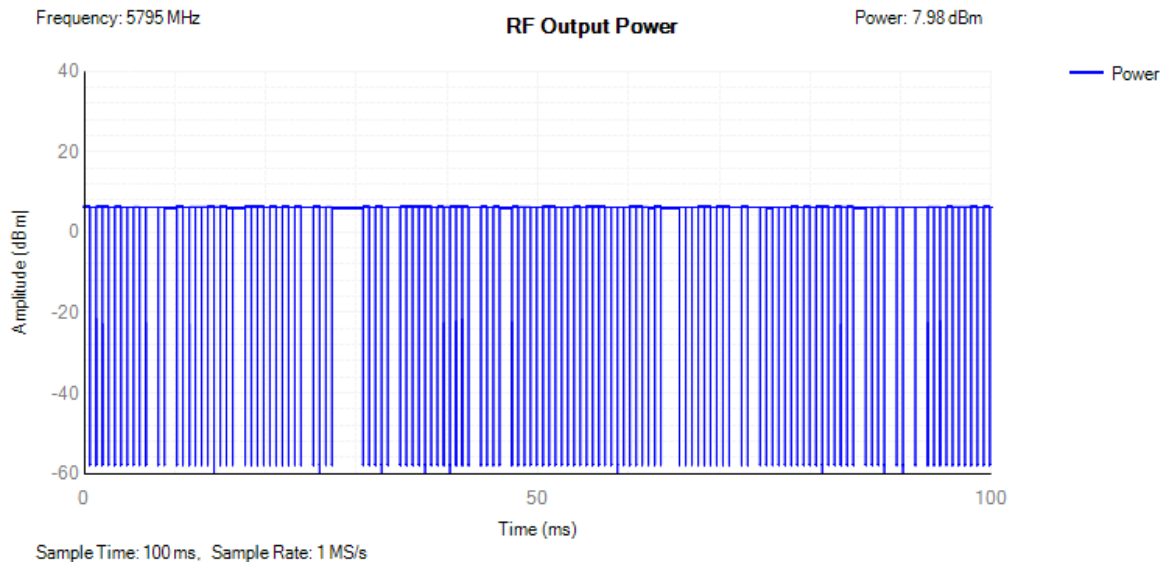
Power NVNT 802.11n(HT20) 5825MHz



Power NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5755MHz

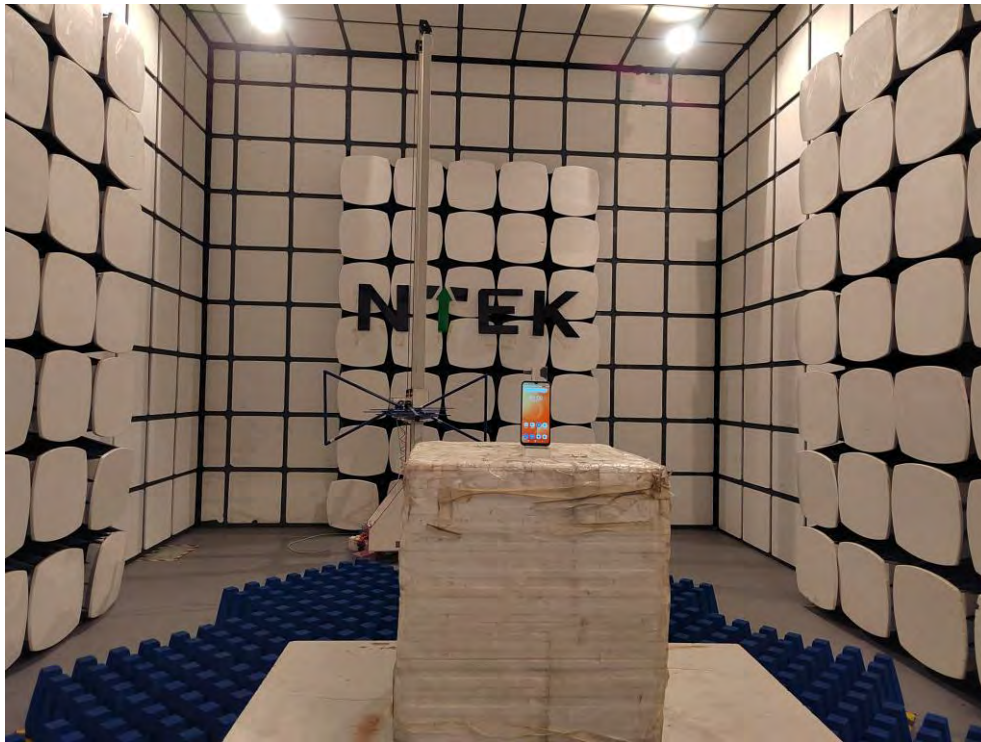


Power NVNT 802.11n(HT40) 5795MHz



11. EUT TEST PHOTO

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT PHOTOS



END OF REPORT