

# CE SAR EVALUATION REPORT

In accordance with the requirements of  
**EN50566, EN62209-2, EN62479 and COUNCIL RECOMMENDATION  
1999/519/EC**

**Product Name :** Tablet PC

**Trademark :** Blackview, OSCAL

**Model Name :** Tab 8 WiFi

**Family Model :** Tab 8 Kids, Pad 70

**Report No. :** STR230303001007E

**Prepared for**

DOKE COMMUNICATION (HK) LIMITED

RM 1902 EASEY COMM BLDG 253-261 HENNESSY ROAD WANCHAI HK CHINA

**Prepared by**

Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1/F, Building E, Fenda Science Park, Sanwei Community, Xixiang Street,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen 518126 P.R.China.

Tel.: 400-800-6106, 0755-2320 0050, 0755-2320 0090

Website: <http://www.ntek.org.cn>

TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name ..... DOKE COMMUNICATION (HK) LIMITED
Address ..... RM 1902 EASEY COMM BLDG 253-261 HENNESSY ROAD WANCHAI HK
CHINA
Manufacturer's Name..... Shenzhen DOKE Electronic Co.,Ltd
Address ..... 801, Building3, 7th Industrial Zone, Yulv Community, Yutang Road, Guangming
District, Shenzhen, China.

Product description

Product name..... Tablet PC
Trademark ..... Blackview, OSCAL
Model and/or type reference ..... Tab 8 WiFi
Family Model..... Tab 8 Kids, Pad 70

EN 50566:2017;
Standards..... EN 62209-2:2010;
EN 62479:2010;

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in EN62209. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in COUNCIL 1999/519/EC. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen NTEK, this document may be altered or revised by Shenzhen NTEK, personal only, and shall be noted in the revision of the document.

Test Sample Number ..... T230303001R001

Date of Test.....

Date (s) of performance of tests ..... Mar. 24, 2023

Date of Issue ..... Apr. 13, 2023

Test Result ..... Pass

Prepared By : Jacob.chen
(Test Engineer) (Jacob Chen)

Approved By : Alex
(Lab Manager) (Alex Li)

※ ※ **Revision History** ※ ※

| REV.    | DESCRIPTION                 | ISSUED DATE   | REMARK     |
|---------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Rev.1.0 | Initial Test Report Release | Apr. 13, 2023 | Jacob Chen |
|         |                             |               |            |
|         |                             |               |            |
|         |                             |               |            |

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|  |    |
|--|----|
| 1. General Information .....                                 | 5  |
| 1.1. RF exposure limits.....                                 | 5  |
| 1.2. Statement of Compliance .....                           | 6  |
| 1.3. EUT Description .....                                   | 6  |
| 1.4. Test specification(s) .....                             | 7  |
| 1.5. Ambient Condition.....                                  | 7  |
| 2. SAR Measurement System .....                              | 8  |
| 2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram .....             | 8  |
| 2.2. Robot .....   | 9  |
| 2.3. E-Field Probe.....                                      | 10 |
| 2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration .....                       | 10 |
| 2.4. SAM phantoms .....                                      | 11 |
| 2.4.1. Technical Data .....                                  | 12 |
| 2.5. Device Holder .....                                     | 13 |
| 2.6. Test Equipment List .....                               | 14 |
| 3. SAR Measurement Procedures .....                          | 16 |
| 3.1. Power Reference .....                                   | 16 |
| 3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan.....                              | 16 |
| 3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme ..... | 17 |
| 3.4. Volumetric Scan .....                                   | 17 |
| 3.5. Power Drift .....                                       | 17 |
| 4. System Verification Procedure .....                       | 18 |
| 4.1. Tissue Verification .....                               | 18 |
| 4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results .....       | 19 |
| 4.2. System Verification Procedure .....                     | 20 |
| 4.2.1. System Verification Results .....                     | 21 |
| 5. SAR Measurement Uncertainty .....                         | 22 |
| 6. RF Exposure Positions.....                                | 24 |
| 6.1. Body-supported device.....                              | 24 |
| 7. RF Output Power .....                                     | 25 |
| 7.1. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power .....                     | 25 |
| 8. SAR Results .....   | 27 |
| 8.1. SAR measurement results .....                           | 27 |
| 8.1.1. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G .....             | 27 |
| 8.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis .....                | 28 |
| 9. Appendix A. Photo documentation.....                      | 28 |
| 10. Appendix B. System Check Plots.....                      | 30 |
| 11. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement.....           | 33 |
| 12. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate .....                | 36 |

## 1. General Information

### 1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4        | 10.0         | 20.0                           |

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08       | 2.0          | 4.0                            |

NOTE: **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 10 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

**SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

#### **Occupational/Controlled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

#### **General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:**

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

#### NOTE

#### TRUNK LIMIT

2.0 W/kg AND MEMBER LIMIT 4.0 W/kg

APPLIED TO THIS EUT

### 1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for TAB 12 PRO are as follows.

| RF Exposure Conditions | 10-g Body<br>(Separation distance of 5mm) | 10-g Member DAS (See note <sup>3</sup> )<br>(Separation distance of 0mm) |
|------------------------|---|--|
|                        |   | 0.918  |

- NOTE: 1. The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.  
 2. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population / uncontrolled exposure limits (2.0 W/kg for body, 4.0 W/kg for member) specified in COUNCIL RECOMMENDATION 1999/519/EC, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in EN 62209-2:2010.  
 3. The member DAS, It is only an assessment required by the ANFR (Sell to France).

### 1.3. EUT Description

| Device Information              |   |           |          |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------|----------|
| Product Name                    | Tablet PC   |           |          |
| Trademark                       | Blackview, OSCAL  |           |          |
| Model Name                      | Tab 8 WiFi  |           |          |
| Family Model                    | Tab 8 Kids, Pad 70  |           |          |
| Model Difference                | All the model are the same circuit and RF module, except the Trade Mark.        |           |          |
| Device Phase                    | Identical Prototype   |           |          |
| Exposure Category               | General population / Uncontrolled environment                                   |           |          |
| Antenna Type                    | PIFA Antenna  |           |          |
| Battery Information             | DC 3.8V, 6580mAh  |           |          |
| Hardware Version                | R863T-RK3566-DK-V1.0  |           |          |
| Software Version                | Tab_8_WiFi_EEA_S863T_V1.0<br>Tab_8_Kids_EEA_S863T_V1.0<br>PAD_70_EEA_S863T_V1.0 |           |          |
| Device Operating Configurations |   |           |          |
| Supporting Mode(s)              | WLAN 2.4G/5G, Bluetooth   |           |          |
| Test Modulation                 | WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetooth(GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) ,                            |           |          |
| Device Class                    | B   |           |          |
| Operating Frequency Range(s)    | Band  | Tx (MHz)  | Rx (MHz) |
|                                 | WLAN 2.4G   | 2412-2472 |          |
|                                 | WLAN 5.2G   | 5180-5240 |          |
|                                 | WLAN 5.8G   | 5745-5825 |          |
|                                 | Bluetooth   | 2402-2480 |          |



**1.4. Test specification(s)**

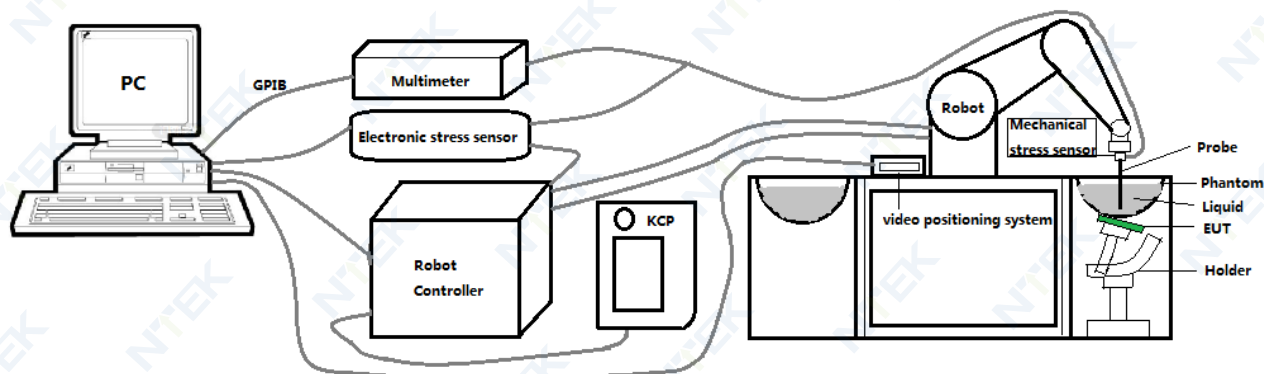
|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| EN 50566:2017   | Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of wireless communication devices with the basic restrictions and exposure limit values related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 6 GHz: hand-held and body mounted devices in close proximity to the human body                         |
| EN 62209-2:2010 | Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30MHz to 6GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the body |
| EN 62479:2010   | Assessment of the compliance of low-power electronic and electrical equipment with the restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields(10 MHz to 300 GHz)  |

**1.5. Ambient Condition**

|                     |             |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Ambient temperature | 20°C – 24°C |
| Relative Humidity   | 30% – 70%   |

## 2. SAR Measurement System

### 2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm 0.03$  mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"



## 2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.03$  mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

### 2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
  - Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
  - Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm
  - Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than  $\pm 1$  mm).
  - Probe linearity:  $\pm 0.08$  dB
  - Axial isotropy:  $\pm 0.01$  dB
  - Hemispherical Isotropy:  $\pm 0.01$  dB
  - Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
  - Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than  $30^\circ$ .

#### 2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm 0.25$ dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.

## 2.4. SAM phantoms

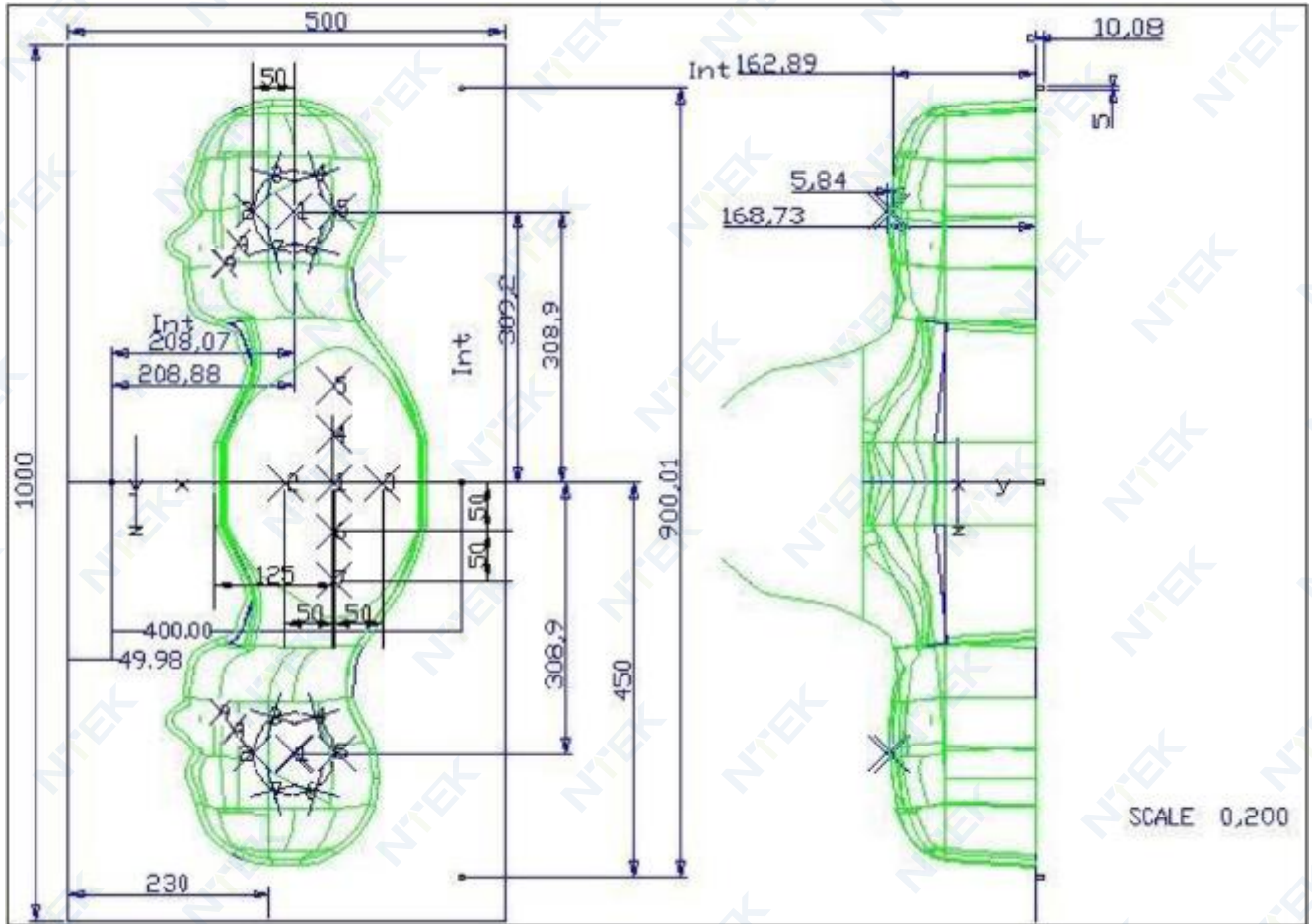
Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by mobile phones.

2.4.1. Technical Data

| Serial Number   | Shell thickness | Filling volume | Dimensions                                      | Positionner Material    | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| SN 16/15 SAM119 | 2 mm ±0.2 mm    | 27 liters      | Length:1000 mm<br>Width:500 mm<br>Height:200 mm | Gelcoat with fiberglass | 3.4          | 0.02         |

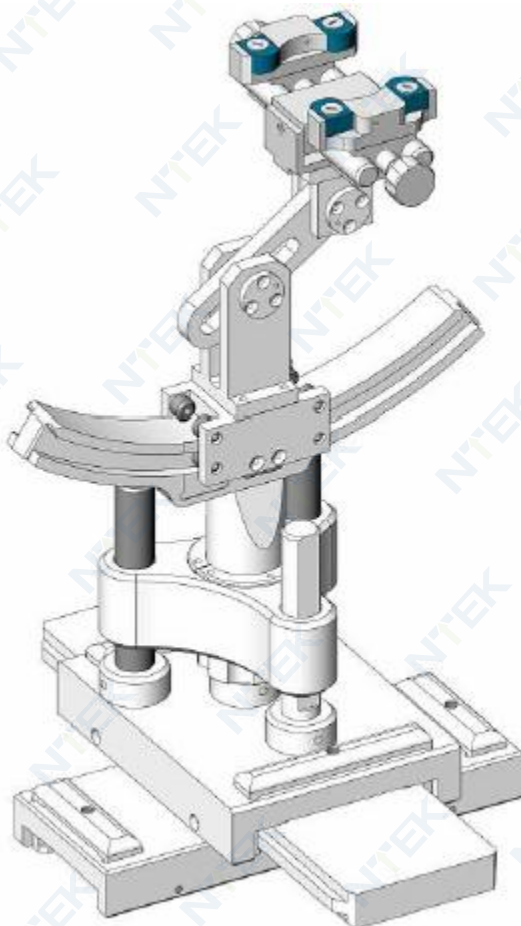


| Serial Number   | Left Head(mm) |      | Right Head(mm) |      | Flat Part(mm) |      |
|-----------------|---------------|------|----------------|------|---------------|------|
|                 | 1             | 2    | 1              | 2    | 1             | 2    |
| SN 16/15 SAM119 | 2             | 2.02 | 2              | 2.08 | 1             | 2.09 |
|                 | 3             | 2.05 | 3              | 2.06 | 2             | 2.06 |
|                 | 4             | 2.07 | 4              | 2.07 | 3             | 2.08 |
|                 | 5             | 2.08 | 5              | 2.08 | 4             | 2.10 |
|                 | 6             | 2.05 | 6              | 2.07 | 5             | 2.10 |
|                 | 7             | 2.05 | 7              | 2.05 | 6             | 2.07 |
|                 | 8             | 2.07 | 8              | 2.06 | 7             | 2.07 |
|                 | 9             | 2.08 | 9              | 2.06 | -             | -    |

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 µm.

## 2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



| Serial Number   | Holder Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| SN 16/15 MSH100 | Delrin          | 3.7          | 0.005        |



## 2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked

|                                     | Manufacturer | Name of Equipment                    | Type/Model | Serial Number             | Calibration   |               |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|                                     |              |                                      |            |                           | Last Cal.     | Due Date      |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | MVG          | E FIELD PROBE                        | SSE2       | SN 08/16 EPGO287          | Jan. 10, 2023 | Jan. 09, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 750 MHz Dipole                       | SID750     | SN 03/15 DIP<br>0G750-355 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 835 MHz Dipole                       | SID835     | SN 03/15 DIP<br>0G835-347 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 900 MHz Dipole                       | SID900     | SN 03/15 DIP<br>0G900-348 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 1800 MHz Dipole                      | SID1800    | SN 03/15 DIP<br>1G800-349 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 1900 MHz Dipole                      | SID1900    | SN 03/15 DIP<br>1G900-350 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 2000 MHz Dipole                      | SID2000    | SN 03/15 DIP<br>2G000-351 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 2300 MHz Dipole                      | SID2300    | SN 03/16 DIP<br>2G300-358 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | MVG          | 2450 MHz Dipole                      | SID2450    | SN 03/15 DIP<br>2G450-352 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 2600 MHz Dipole                      | SID2600    | SN 03/15 DIP<br>2G600-356 | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | MVG          | 5000 MHz Dipole                      | SWG5500    | SN 13/14 WGA 33           | Mar. 01, 2021 | Feb. 28, 2024 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | MVG          | Liquid measurement Kit               | SCLMP      | SN 21/15 OCPG 72          | NCR           | NCR           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | MVG          | Power Amplifier                      | N.A        | AMPLISAR_28/14_003        | NCR           | NCR           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | KEITHLEY     | Millivoltmeter                       | 2000       | 4072790                   | NCR           | NCR           |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | R&S          | Universal radio communication tester | CMU200     | 117858                    | Jun. 17, 2022 | Jun. 16, 2023 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>            | R&S          | Wideband radio communication tester  | CMW500     | 103917                    | Jun. 17, 2022 | Jun. 16, 2023 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | HP           | Network Analyzer                     | 8753D      | 3410J01136                | Jun. 17, 2022 | Jun. 16, 2023 |



|                                     |          |                                |         |            |                  |                  |
|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|---------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent  | MXG Vector<br>Signal Generator | N5182A  | MY47070317 | Jun. 16,<br>2022 | Jun. 15,<br>2023 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent  | Power meter                    | E4419B  | MY45102538 | Jun. 17,<br>2022 | Jun. 16,<br>2023 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent  | Power sensor                   | E9301A  | MY41495644 | Jun. 17,<br>2022 | Jun. 16,<br>2023 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent  | Power sensor                   | E9301A  | US39212148 | Jun. 17,<br>2022 | Jun. 16,<br>2023 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | MCLI/USA | Directional<br>Coupler         | CB11-20 | 0D2L51502  | Jul. 17,<br>2020 | Jul. 16,<br>2023 |

### 3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

#### 3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

#### 3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8 \* 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

### 3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is used to determine these highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

### 3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists of a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful for multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scans to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is defined in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

### 3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT with a full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than  $\pm 5\%$ , the SAR will be retested.

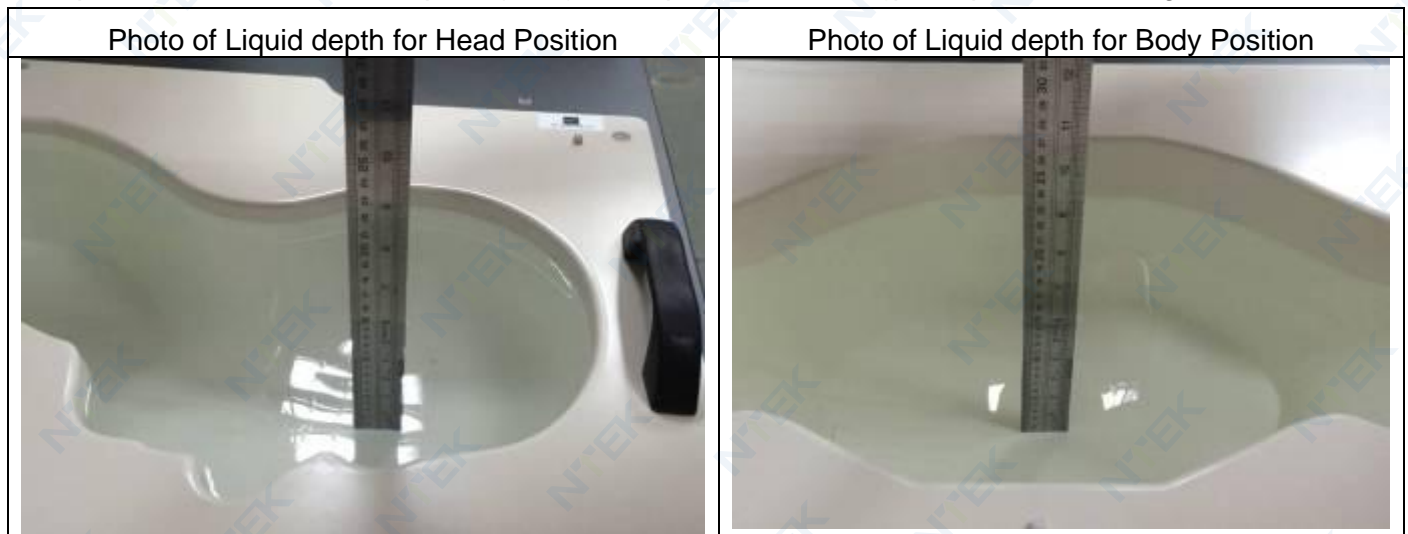
## 4. System Verification Procedure

### 4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Ingredients (% of weight) | Head Tissue |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                           | 750         | 835   | 900   | 1800  | 1900  | 2000  | 2450  | 2600  | 5000  |
| Frequency Band (MHz)      | 750         | 835   | 900   | 1800  | 1900  | 2000  | 2450  | 2600  | 5000  |
| Water                     | 34.40       | 34.40 | 34.40 | 55.36 | 55.36 | 71.88 | 71.88 | 71.88 | 65.53 |
| NaCl                      | 0.79        | 0.79  | 0.79  | 0.35  | 0.35  | 0.16  | 0.16  | 0.16  | 0.00  |
| 1,2-Propanediol           | 64.81       | 64.81 | 64.81 | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  | 0.00  |
| Triton X-100              | 0.00        | 0.00  | 0.00  | 30.45 | 30.45 | 19.97 | 19.97 | 19.97 | 17.24 |
| DGBE                      | 0.00        | 0.00  | 0.00  | 13.84 | 13.84 | 7.99  | 7.99  | 7.99  | 0.00  |

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.



**4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results**

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within  $\pm 5\%$  of the target values.

| Tissue Type | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Target Tissue              |                              | Measured Tissue |                | Liquid Temp. | Test Date     |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
|             |                          | $\epsilon_r$ ( $\pm 5\%$ ) | $\sigma$ (S/m) ( $\pm 5\%$ ) | $\epsilon_r$    | $\sigma$ (S/m) |              |               |
| Head 2450   | 2450                     | 39.20<br>(37.24~41.16)     | 1.80<br>(1.71~1.89)          | 38.49           | 1.81           | 21.4 °C      | Mar. 24, 2023 |

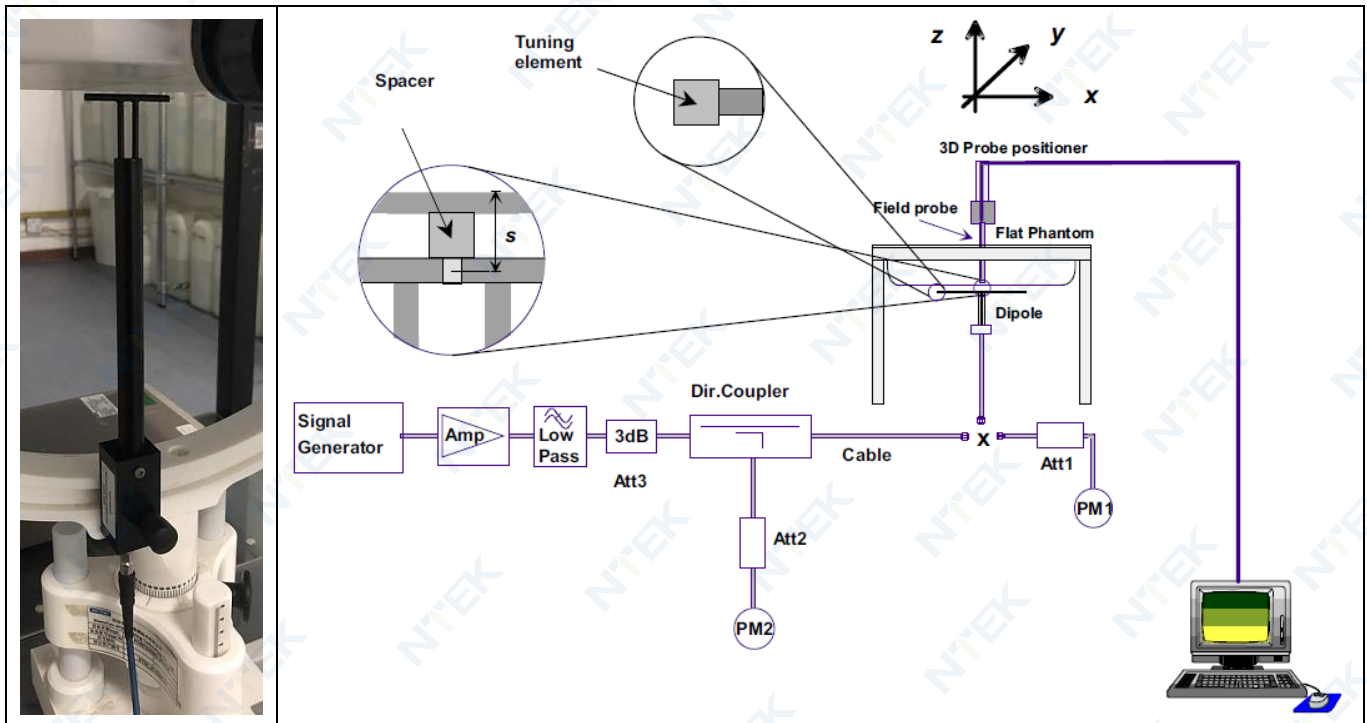
NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.



#### 4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:





**4.2.1. System Verification Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of  $\pm 10\%$ . Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

| System Verification | Target SAR (1W)<br>( $\pm 10\%$ ) |                        | Measured SAR<br>(Normalized to 1W) |             | Liquid Temp. | Test Date     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
|                     | 1-g (W/Kg)                        | 10-g (W/Kg)            | 1-g (W/Kg)                         | 10-g (W/Kg) |              |               |
| 2450MHz             | 53.69<br>(48.33~59.05)            | 23.94<br>(21.55~26.33) | 54.57                              | 25.74       | 21.4 °C      | Mar. 24, 2023 |

## 5. SAR Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2003. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

| Uncertainty Component   | Tol.<br>(±%) | Prob.<br>Dist. | Div. | Ci<br>(1 g) | Ci<br>(10 g) | 1 g Ui<br>(±%) | 10 g Ui<br>(±%) | Vi |
|---|--------------|----------------|------|-------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|----|
| Measurement System □  |              |                |      |             |              |                |                 |    |
| Probe Calibration   | 5.8          | N              | 1    | 1           | 1            | 5.80           | 5.80            | ∞  |
| Axial Isotropy  | 3.5          | R              | √3   | 0.97        | 0.97         | 1.98           | 1.98            | ∞  |
| Hemispherical Isotropy  | 5.9          | R              | √3   | 0.28        | 0.28         | 0.96           | 0.96            | ∞  |
| Boundary Effect   | 1            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 0.58           | 0.58            | ∞  |
| Linearity   | 4.7          | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 2.71           | 2.71            | ∞  |
| System Detection Limits   | 1            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 0.58           | 0.58            | ∞  |
| Modulation response   | 3            | N              | 1    | 1           | 1            | 3.00           | 3.00            | ∞  |
| Readout Electronics   | 0.5          | N              | 1    | 1           | 1            | 0.50           | 0.50            | ∞  |
| Response Time   | 0            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 0.00           | 0.00            | ∞  |
| Integration Time  | 1.4          | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 0.81           | 0.81            | ∞  |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise   | 3            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 1.73           | 1.73            | ∞  |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections   | 3            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 1.73           | 1.73            | ∞  |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance   | 1.4          | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 0.81           | 0.81            | ∞  |
| Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell                                 | 1.4          | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 0.81           | 0.81            | ∞  |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | 2.3          | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 1.33           | 1.33            | ∞  |
| Test sample Related   |              |                |      |             |              |                |                 |    |
| Test Sample Positioning   | 2.6          | N              | 1    | 1           | 1            | 2.60           | 2.60            | 11 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty   | 3            | N              | 1    | 1           | 1            | 3.00           | 3.00            | 7  |
| Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement                                  | 5            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 2.89           | 2.89            | ∞  |
| SAR scaling   | 2            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 1.15           | 1.15            | ∞  |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters □   |              |                |      |             |              |                |                 |    |
| Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)                            | 4            | R              | √3   | 1           | 1            | 2.31           | 2.31            | ∞  |
| Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)  | 2            | N              | 1    | 1           | 0.84         | 2.00           | 1.68            | ∞  |
| Liquid Conductivity (temperature uncertainty)                                   | 2.5          | N              | 1    | 0.78        | 0.71         | 1.95           | 1.78            | ∞  |
| Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty                                   | 1.59         | N              | 1    | 0.23        | 0.26         | 0.37           | 0.41            | 99 |

|   |      |     |   |      |      |       |       |    |
|---|------|-----|---|------|------|-------|-------|----|
| Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty)     | 2.5  | N   | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.95  | 1.78  | ∞  |
| Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty     | 1.65 | N   | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 0.38  | 0.43  | 99 |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty                     |      | RSS |   |      |      | 10.19 | 10.02 |    |
| Expanded Uncertainty<br>(95% Confidence interval) |      | k   |   |      |      | 20.38 | 20.04 |    |

## 6. RF Exposure Positions

### 6.1. Body-supported device

The example in Figure 6.1) shows a Tablet PC form factor portable computer for which SAR should be separately assessed with

- a) each surface and
- b) the separation distances

Positioned against the flat phantom that correspond to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer. If the intended use is not specified in the user instructions, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom in all usable orientations.

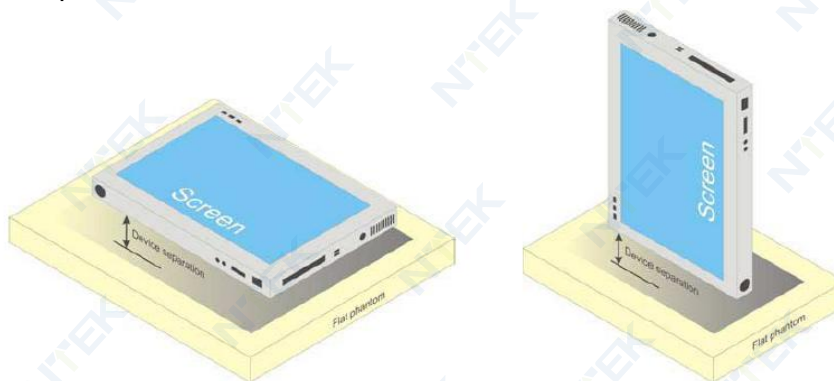


Figure 6.1 – Test positions for Body-supported device

## 7. RF Output Power

### 7.1. WLAN & Bluetooth Output Power

| Mode              | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Tune - up | Output Power (dBm) |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| 802.11b           | 1       | 2412            | 13.50     | 12.61              |
|                   | 7       | 2442            | 13.50     | 13.26              |
|                   | 13      | 2472            | 13.50     | 13.30              |
| 802.11g           | 1       | 2412            | 10.50     | 10.18              |
|                   | 7       | 2442            | 10.50     | 10.07              |
|                   | 13      | 2472            | 10.50     | 10.14              |
| 802.11n<br>(HT20) | 1       | 2412            | 8.50      | 8.11               |
|                   | 7       | 2442            | 8.50      | 8.14               |
|                   | 13      | 2472            | 8.50      | 8.25               |
| 802.11n<br>(HT40) | 3       | 2422            | 7.50      | 7.28               |
|                   | 7       | 2442            | 7.50      | 7.00               |
|                   | 11      | 2462            | 7.50      | 7.21               |
| 802.11ax<br>20    | 1       | 2412            | 8.00      | 7.55               |
|                   | 7       | 2442            | 8.00      | 7.65               |
|                   | 13      | 2472            | 8.00      | 7.76               |
| 802.11ax<br>40    | 3       | 2422            | 8.00      | 7.09               |
|                   | 7       | 2442            | 8.00      | 7.09               |
|                   | 11      | 2462            | 8.00      | 7.55               |

NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN 2.4G.

| Mode              | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up | Output Power (dBm) |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| 802.11a           | 36      | 5180            | 8.00    | 7.65               |
|                   | 40      | 5200            | 8.00    | 7.23               |
|                   | 48      | 5240            | 8.00    | 6.79               |
| 802.11n<br>HT20   | 36      | 5180            | 8.00    | 7.84               |
|                   | 40      | 5200            | 8.00    | 7.55               |
|                   | 48      | 5240            | 8.00    | 7.10               |
| 802.11n<br>HT40   | 38      | 5190            | 7.50    | 7.22               |
|                   | 46      | 5230            | 7.50    | 6.87               |
| 802.11ac<br>VHT20 | 36      | 5180            | 8.00    | 7.95               |
|                   | 40      | 5200            | 8.00    | 7.62               |
|                   | 48      | 5240            | 8.00    | 7.19               |
| 802.11ac<br>VHT40 | 38      | 5190            | 7.50    | 7.12               |
|                   | 46      | 5230            | 7.50    | 6.88               |

|                   |    |      |      |      |
|-------------------|----|------|------|------|
| 802.11ac<br>VHT80 | 42 | 5210 | 7.50 | 7.19 |
| 802.11ax<br>20    | 36 | 5180 | 8.00 | 7.71 |
|                   | 40 | 5200 | 8.00 | 7.34 |
|                   | 48 | 5240 | 8.00 | 6.85 |
| 802.11ax<br>40    | 38 | 5190 | 7.50 | 7.48 |
|                   | 46 | 5230 | 7.50 | 7.29 |
| 802.11ax<br>80    | 42 | 5210 | 8.00 | 7.55 |

NOTE: NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN5.2G. Refer to EN 62479, the available power of this EUT is 8.00dBm (6.31mW), the power is less than the low-power exclusion level defined in 4.2 (P max: 20mW), So WLAN5.2G stand-alone SAR is not required

| Mode              | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up | Output Power (dBm) |
|-------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|--------------------|
| 802.11a           | 149     | 5745            | 8.00    | 7.50               |
|                   | 157     | 5785            | 8.00    | 7.41               |
|                   | 165     | 5825            | 8.00    | 7.25               |
| 802.11n<br>HT20   | 149     | 5745            | 8.00    | 7.53               |
|                   | 157     | 5785            | 8.00    | 7.33               |
|                   | 165     | 5825            | 8.00    | 7.37               |
| 802.11n<br>HT40   | 151     | 5755            | 7.50    | 7.47               |
|                   | 159     | 5795            | 7.50    | 6.77               |
| 802.11ac<br>VHT20 | 149     | 5745            | 8.00    | 7.63               |
|                   | 157     | 5785            | 8.00    | 7.40               |
|                   | 165     | 5825            | 8.00    | 7.37               |
| 802.11ac<br>VHT40 | 151     | 5755            | 7.50    | 7.39               |
|                   | 159     | 5795            | 7.50    | 6.91               |
| 802.11ac<br>VHT80 | 155     | 5775            | 7.50    | 7.44               |
| 802.11ax<br>20    | 149     | 5745            | 7.50    | 7.20               |
|                   | 157     | 5785            | 7.50    | 7.20               |
|                   | 165     | 5825            | 7.50    | 7.30               |
| 802.11ax<br>40    | 151     | 5755            | 8.00    | 7.54               |
|                   | 159     | 5795            | 8.00    | 7.05               |
| 802.11ax<br>80    | 155     | 5775            | 7.50    | 7.41               |

NOTE: NOTE: NOTE: Power measurement results of WLAN5.8G. Refer to EN 62479, the available power of this EUT is 8.00dBm (6.31mW), the power is less than the low-power exclusion level defined in 4.2 (P max: 20mW), So WLAN5.8G stand-alone SAR is not required



| BR+EDR | Data Rates     | Tune - up | Output Power (dBm) |
|--------|----------------|-----------|--------------------|
|        | GFSK DH5       | 2.00      | 1.84               |
|        | Pi/4 DQPSK DH5 | 0.00      | 0.00               |
|        | 8DPSK DH5      | 2.00      | 1.02               |

| BLE1M | Channel | Tune - up | Output Power (dBm) |
|-------|---------|-----------|--------------------|
|       | 0CH     | -5.00     | -5.43              |
|       | 19CH    | -3.00     | -3.93              |
|       | 39CH    | -4.00     | -4.45              |

| BLE2M | Channel | Tune - up | Output Power (dBm) |
|-------|---------|-----------|--------------------|
|       | 0CH     | -5.00     | -5.50              |
|       | 19CH    | -4.00     | -4.07              |
|       | 39CH    | -4.00     | -4.53              |

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth. Refer to EN 62479, the available power of this EUT is 2.00dBm (1.58mW), the power is less than the low-power exclusion level defined in 4.2 (P max: 20mW), So Bluetooth stand-alone SAR is not required.

## 8. SAR Results

### 8.1. SAR measurement results

#### 8.1.1. SAR measurement Result of WLAN 2.4G

| Test Position | Test channel /Freq. | Mode     | Separation distance (mm) | SAR Value (W/kg) |       | Power Drift(%) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Scaled SAR 10-g (W/Kg) | Date      |
|---------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------------|------------------|-------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------|
|               |                     |          |                          | 1-g              | 10-g  |                |                       |                     |                        |           |
| Extremity     |                     |          |                          |                  |       |                |                       |                     |                        |           |
| Front Side    | 7/2442              | 802.11 b | 0                        | 1.708            | 0.786 | -4.00          | 13.26                 | 13.50               | 0.831                  | 2023/3/24 |
| Back Side     | 7/2442              | 802.11 b | 0                        | 2.847            | 1.364 | 1.26           | 13.26                 | 13.50               | 1.441                  | 2023/3/24 |
| Left Side     | 7/2442              | 802.11 b | 0                        | 0.399            | 0.182 | -0.70          | 13.26                 | 13.50               | 0.192                  | 2023/3/24 |
| Right Side    | 7/2442              | 802.11 b | 0                        | 0.911            | 0.423 | 1.49           | 13.26                 | 13.50               | 0.447                  | 2023/3/24 |

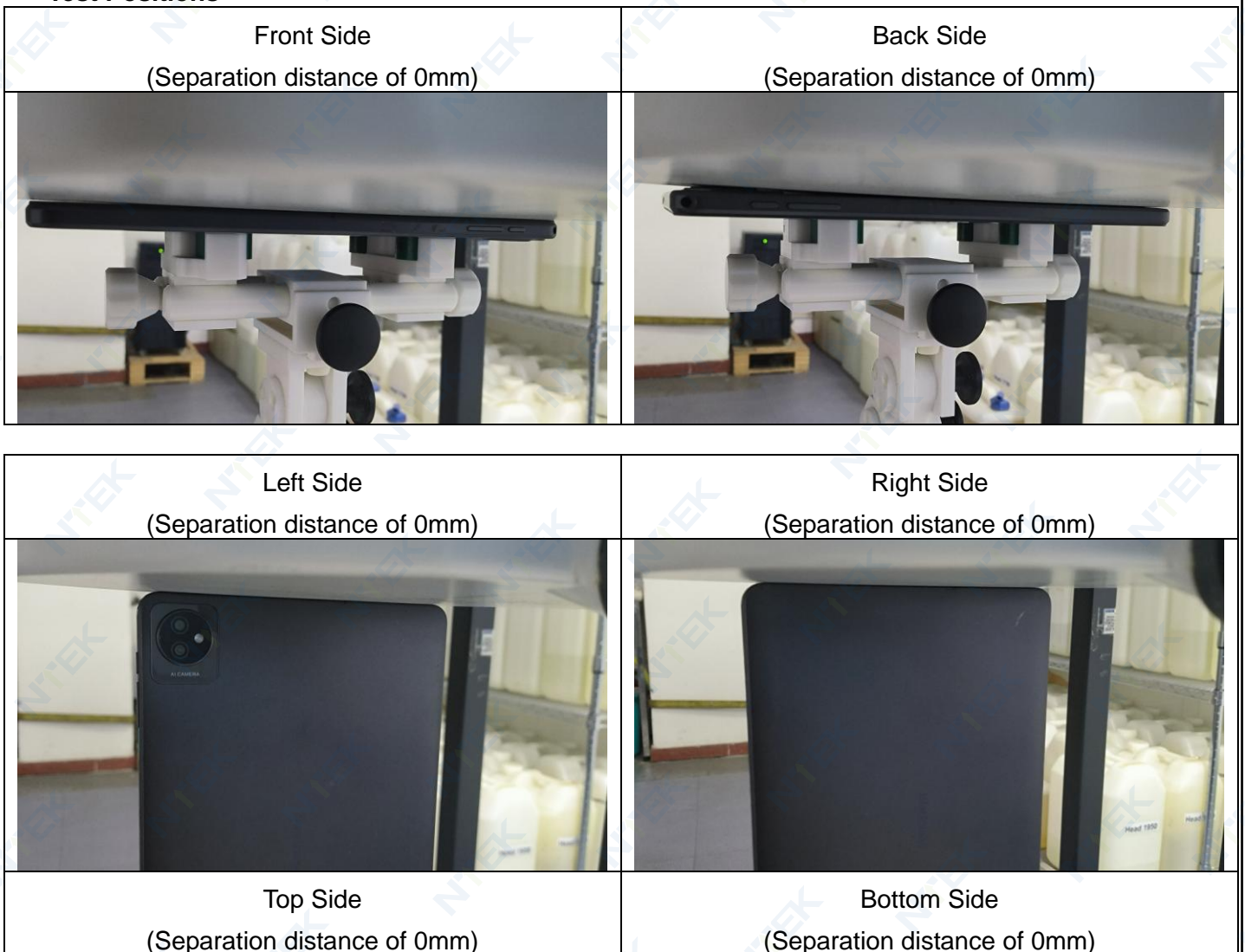
|   |        |             |   |       |       |       |       |       |       |           |
|---|--------|-------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|
| Top Side                                    | 7/2442 | 802.11<br>b | 0 | 2.050 | 0.963 | 0.35  | 13.26 | 13.50 | 1.018 | 2023/3/24 |
| Bottom Side                                 | 7/2442 | 802.11<br>b | 0 | 0.342 | 0.162 | -3.17 | 13.26 | 13.50 | 0.171 | 2023/3/24 |
| Body with 5mm (Worst-case position for 0mm) |        |             |   |       |       |       |       |       |       |           |
| Back Side                                   | 7/2442 | 802.11<br>b | 5 | 1.851 | 0.869 | 0.83  | 13.26 | 13.50 | 0.918 | 2023/3/24 |

**8.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis**

NO simultaneous transmissions are possible for this device of Bluetooth and 2.4G Wi-Fi

**9. Appendix A. Photo documentation**

**Test Positions**





Back side  
(Separation distance of 5mm)

N/A



N/A

## 10. Appendix B. System Check Plots

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| <b>Table of contents</b> |
|--------------------------|

|   |
|---|
| <b>MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 2450MHz</b> |
|---|

# MEASUREMENT 1

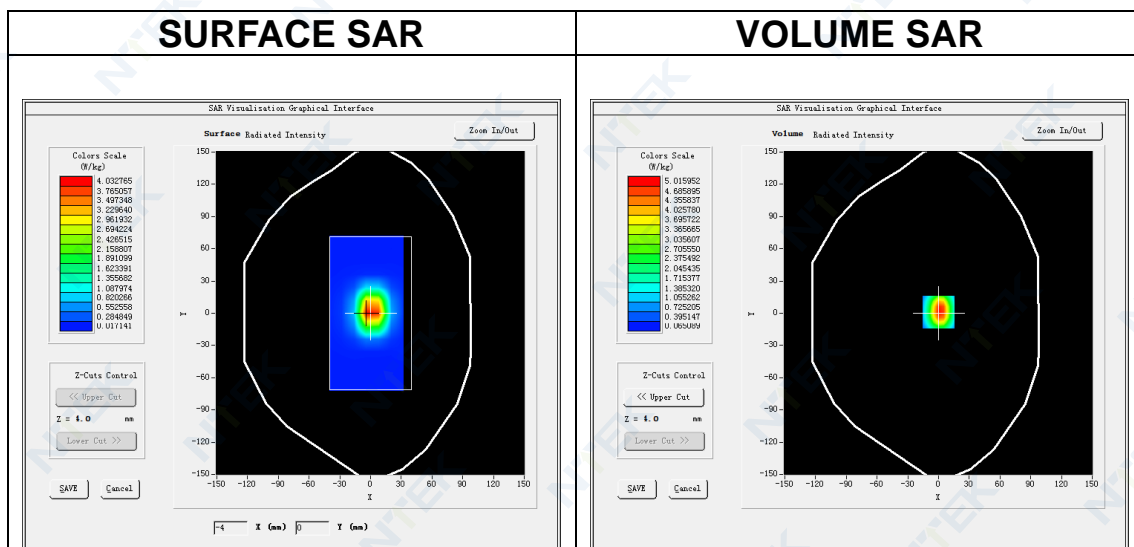
Date of measurement: 24/3/2023

## A. Experimental conditions.

|                        |                                    |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Area Scan</b>       | <u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u> |
| <b>ZoomScan</b>        | <u>7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u> |
| <b>Phantom</b>         | <u>Validation plane</u>            |
| <b>Device Position</b> | <u>Dipole</u>                      |
| <b>Band</b>            | <u>CW2450</u>                      |
| <b>Channels</b>        | <u>Middle</u>                      |
| <b>Signal</b>          | <u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>      |
| <b>ConvF</b>           | <u>1.98</u>                        |

## B. SAR Measurement Results

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| <b>Frequency (MHz)</b>                        | 2450.000000 |
| <b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>      | 38.492976   |
| <b>Relative permittivity (imaginary part)</b> | 13.330953   |
| <b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>                     | 1.814491    |
| <b>Variation (%)</b>                          | -3.640000   |

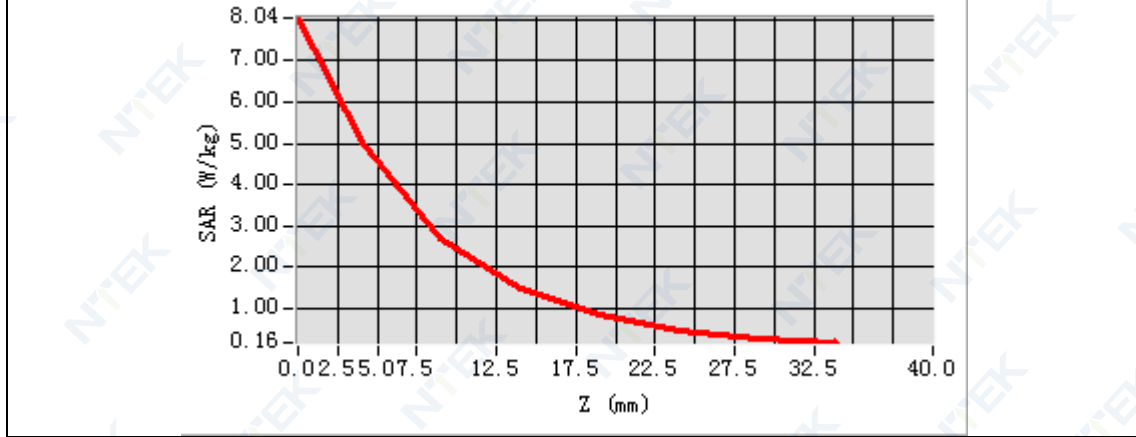


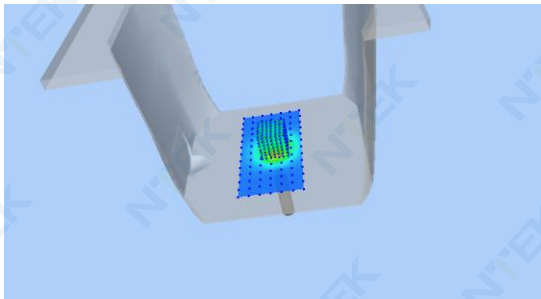
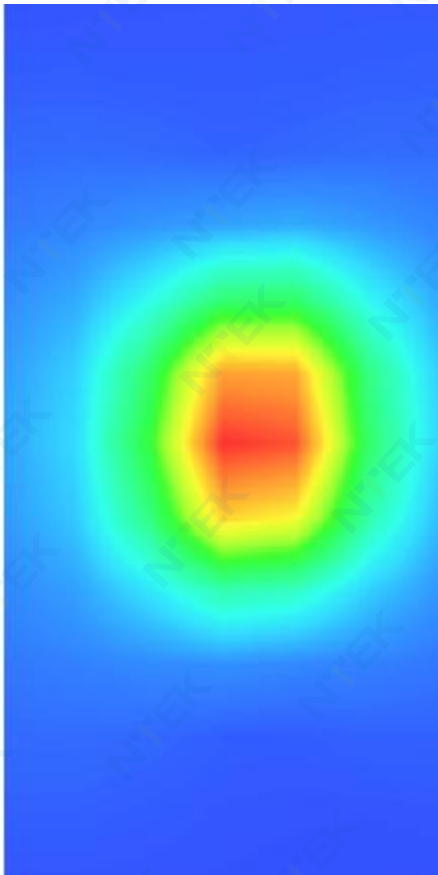
**Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00**  
**SAR Peak: 8.14 W/kg**

|                       |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| <b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b> | 2.574231 |
| <b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>  | 5.457129 |



| Z (mm)     | 0.00   | 4.00   | 9.00   | 14.00  | 19.00  | 24.00  | 29.00  |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SAR (W/Kg) | 8.0342 | 5.0185 | 2.6979 | 1.4835 | 0.8306 | 0.4649 | 0.2619 |



| 3D screen shot  | Hot spot position  |
|---|--|
|  |  |



## 11. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

|                          |
|--------------------------|
| <b>Table of contents</b> |
|--------------------------|

|  |
|--|
| <b>MEASUREMENT 1 WLAN 2.4G Extremity</b> |
|--|

# MEASUREMENT 1

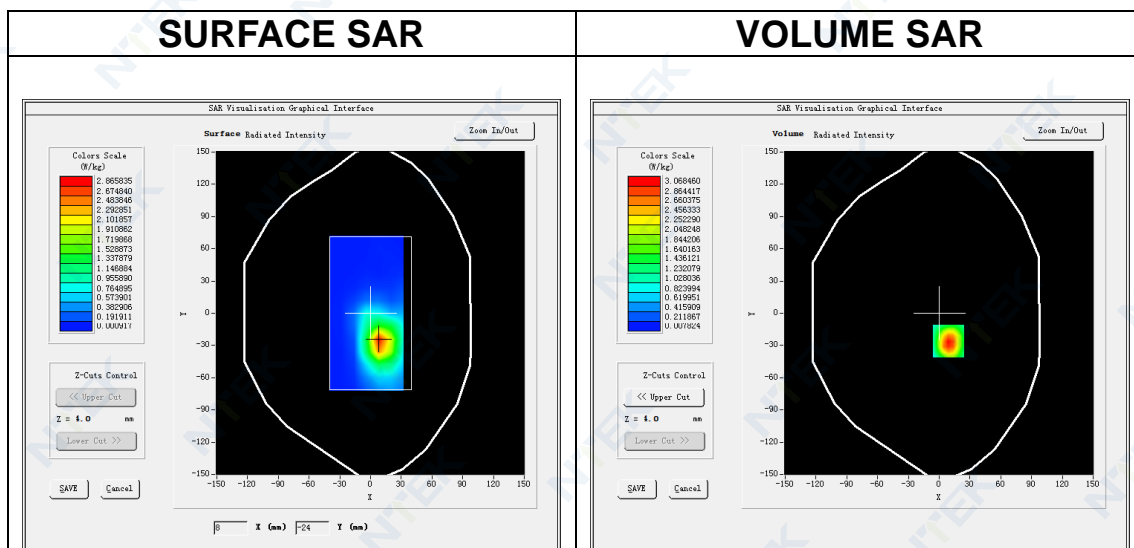
Date of measurement: 24/3/2023

## A. Experimental conditions.

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| <b>Area Scan</b>       | <u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>     |
| <b>ZoomScan</b>        | <u>7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>     |
| <b>Phantom</b>         | <u>Validation plane</u>                |
| <b>Device Position</b> | <u>Body</u>                            |
| <b>Band</b>            | <u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>                |
| <b>Channels</b>        | <u>Middle</u>                          |
| <b>Signal</b>          | <u>IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u> |
| <b>ConvF</b>           | <u>1.98</u>                            |

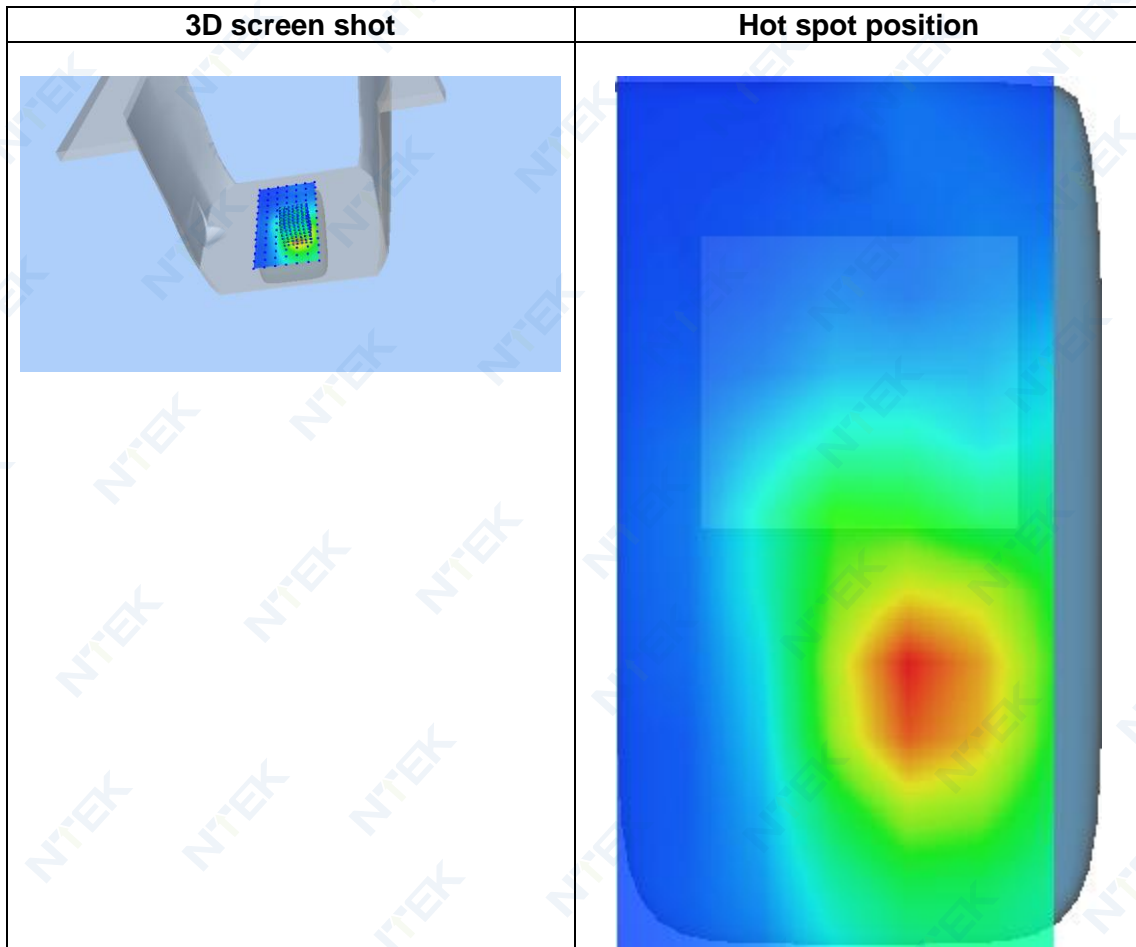
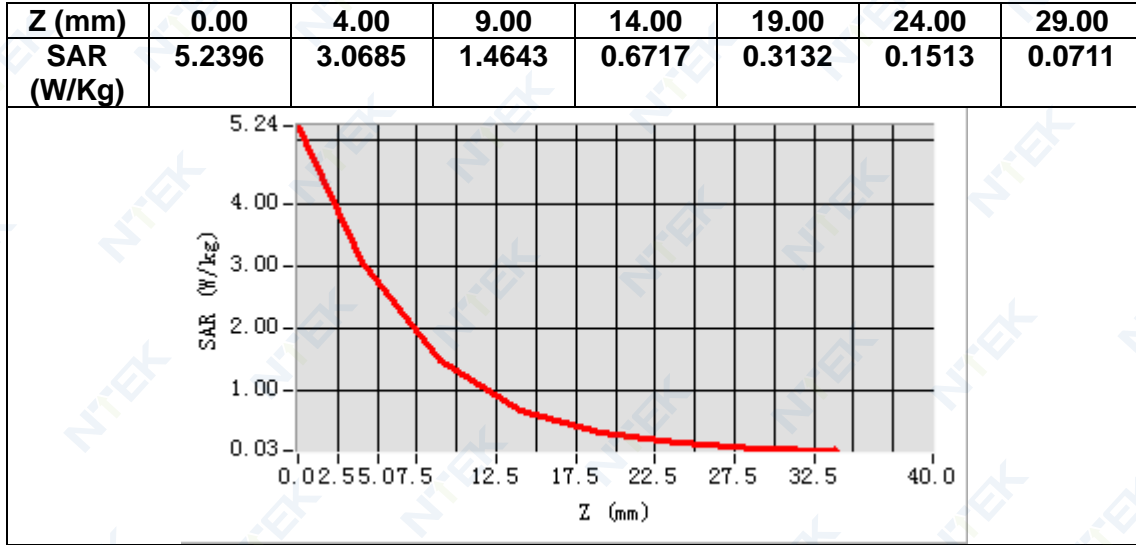
## B. SAR Measurement Results

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| <b>Frequency (MHz)</b>                        | 2442.000000 |
| <b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>      | 38.568275   |
| <b>Relative permittivity (imaginary part)</b> | 13.324453   |
| <b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>                     | 1.807684    |
| <b>Variation (%)</b>                          | 1.260000    |



**Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=-26.00**  
**SAR Peak: 5.22 W/kg**

|                       |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| <b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b> | 1.364215 |
| <b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>  | 2.846782 |



## 12. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

| Table of contents |
|-------------------|
|-------------------|

|                                  |
|----------------------------------|
| E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287 |
|----------------------------------|

|  |
|--|
| 2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352 |
|--|



## COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY  
CO., LTD.**

**BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI  
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,  
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA  
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE  
SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPG0287**

**Calibrated at MVG**

**Z.I. de la pointe du diable**

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon  
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

**Calibration date: 01/10/2023**



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814  
Scope available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr)

### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

|                      | <i>Name</i>  | <i>Function</i>     | <i>Date</i> | <i>Signature</i>    |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| <i>Prepared by :</i> | Jérôme Luc   | Technical Manager   | 1/10/2023   | <i>Jes</i>          |
| <i>Checked by :</i>  | Jérôme Luc   | Technical Manager   | 1/10/2023   | <i>Jes</i>          |
| <i>Approved by :</i> | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 1/10/2023   | <i>Yann Toutain</i> |

2023.01.10  
11:27:33  
+01'00'

|                       | <i>Customer Name</i>                       |
|-----------------------|--|
| <i>Distribution :</i> | SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. |

| <i>Issue</i> | <i>Name</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Modifications</i> |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| A            | Jérôme Luc  | 1/10/2023   | Initial release      |
|              |             |             |                      |
|              |             |             |                      |





**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

|     |                                       |    |
|-----|---------------------------------------|----|
| 1   | Device Under Test .....               | 4  |
| 2   | Product Description .....             | 4  |
| 2.1 | General Information .....             | 4  |
| 3   | Measurement Method .....              | 4  |
| 3.1 | Linearity .....                       | 4  |
| 3.2 | Sensitivity .....                     | 5  |
| 3.3 | Lower Detection Limit .....           | 5  |
| 3.4 | Isotropy .....                        | 5  |
| 3.1 | Boundary Effect .....                 | 5  |
| 4   | Measurement Uncertainty .....         | 6  |
| 5   | Calibration Measurement Results ..... | 6  |
| 5.1 | Sensitivity in air .....              | 6  |
| 5.2 | Linearity .....                       | 7  |
| 5.3 | Sensitivity in liquid .....           | 8  |
| 5.4 | Isotropy .....                        | 9  |
| 6   | List of Equipment .....               | 10 |



**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

**1 DEVICE UNDER TEST**

| Device Under Test                        |   |
|--|---|
| Device Type                              | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE  |
| Manufacturer                             | MVG   |
| Model                                    | SSE2  |
| Serial Number                            | SN 08/16 EPGO287  |
| Product Condition (new / used)           | Used  |
| Frequency Range of Probe                 | 0.15 GHz-6GHz   |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ<br>Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ<br>Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ |

**2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

**2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



**Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole**

|  |        |
|--|--------|
| Probe Length                               | 330 mm |
| Length of Individual Dipoles               | 2 mm   |
| Maximum external diameter                  | 8 mm   |
| Probe Tip External Diameter                | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm   |

**3 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

**3.1 LINEARITY**

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref. ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

**3.2 SENSITIVITY**

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

**3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT**

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

**3.4 ISOTROPY**

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

**3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT**

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and  $d_{be} + d_{step}$  along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/\delta})}{\delta/2} \text{ for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

- where
- $SAR_{uncertainty}$  is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
- $d_{be}$  is the distance between the surface and the closest *zoom-scan* measurement point, in millimetre
- $\Delta_{step}$  is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
- $\delta$  is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e.,  $\delta \approx 14$  mm at 3 GHz;
- $\Delta SAR_{be}$  in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance  $d_{be}$  from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.



**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

**4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide |                       |                          |         |    |                          |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------|----|--------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES  | Uncertainty value (%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | ci | Standard Uncertainty (%) |
| Expanded uncertainty<br>95 % confidence level k = 2        |                       |                          |         |    | 14 %                     |

**5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

| Calibration Parameters |             |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Liquid Temperature     | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Temperature        | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Humidity           | 30-70 %     |

**5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR**

| Normx dipole 1 (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) | Normy dipole 2 (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) | Normz dipole 3 (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) |
|---|---|---|
| 0.72                                    | 0.66                                    | 0.77                                    |

| DCP dipole 1 (mV) | DCP dipole 2 (mV) | DCP dipole 3 (mV) |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 107               | 110               | 110               |

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

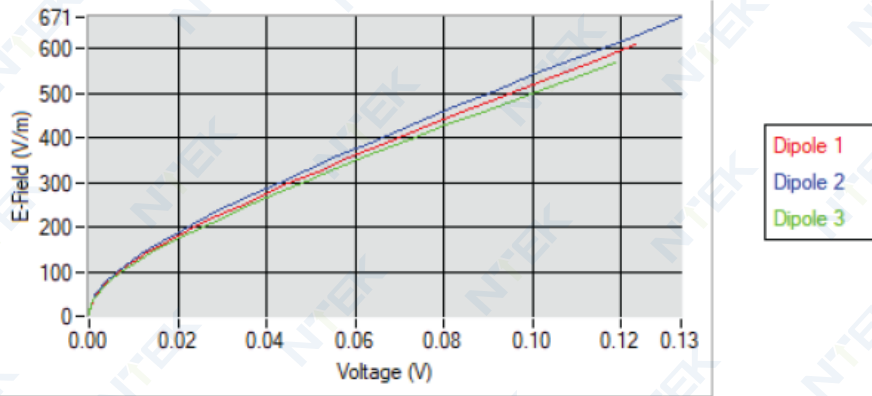




COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

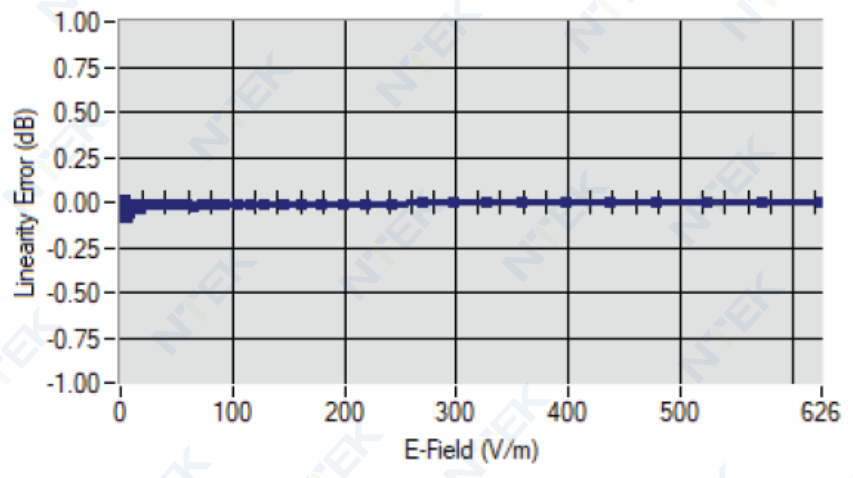
Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Calibration curves



5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity: +/-1.90% (+/-0.08dB)



**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

**5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID**

| <u>Liquid</u> | <u>Frequency</u><br><u>(MHz +/-</u><br><u>100MHz)</u> | <u>ConvF</u> |
|---------------|---|--------------|
| HL750         | 750   | 1.49         |
| HL850         | 835   | 1.50         |
| HL900         | 900   | 1.61         |
| HL1800        | 1800  | 1.73         |
| HL1900        | 1900  | 1.91         |
| HL2000        | 2000  | 1.97         |
| HL2300        | 2300  | 1.92         |
| HL2450        | 2450  | 1.98         |
| HL2600        | 2600  | 1.87         |
| HL3300        | 3300  | 1.79         |
| HL3500        | 3500  | 1.85         |
| HL3700        | 3700  | 1.79         |
| HL3900        | 3900  | 2.07         |
| HL4200        | 4200  | 2.21         |
| HL4600        | 4600  | 2.25         |
| HL4900        | 4900  | 2.05         |
| HL5200        | 5200  | 1.80         |
| HL5400        | 5400  | 2.05         |
| HL5600        | 5600  | 2.16         |
| HL5800        | 5800  | 2.07         |

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg



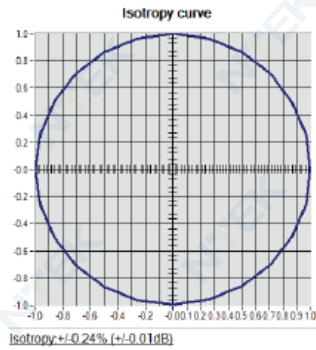


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz





**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref. ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

**6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT**

| Equipment Summary Sheet            |                         |                    |   |   |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Description              | Manufacturer / Model    | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date                      | Next Calibration Date                         |
| Flat Phantom                       | MVG                     | SN-20/09-SAM71     | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| COMOSAR Test Bench                 | Version 3               | NA                 | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Network Analyzer                   | Rohde & Schwarz ZVM     | 100203             | 05/2022                                       | 05/2025                                       |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235 | 101223             | 05/2022                                       | 05/2025                                       |
| Multimeter                         | Keithley 2000           | 1160271            | 02/2022                                       | 02/2025                                       |
| Signal Generator                   | Rohde & Schwarz SMB     | 106589             | 04/2022                                       | 04/2025                                       |
| Amplifier                          | Aethercomm              | SN 046             | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter                        | NI-USB 5680             | 170100013          | 05/2022                                       | 05/2025                                       |
| Directional Coupler                | Narda 4216-20           | 01386              | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Waveguide                          | Mega Industries         | 069Y7-158-13-712   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide Transition               | Mega Industries         | 069Y7-158-13-701   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide Termination              | Mega Industries         | 069Y7-158-13-701   | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor      | Testo 184 H1            | 44220687           | 05/2020                                       | 05/2023                                       |



## SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY  
CO., LTD.**

**BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI  
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,  
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA**

**MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

**FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ**

**SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352**

**Calibrated at MVG**

**Z.I. de la pointe du diable**

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon**

**29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

**Calibration date: 03/01/2021**



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814  
Scope available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr)

### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed at MVG, using the COMOSAR test bench. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



**SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

|                      | <i>Name</i>  | <i>Function</i>     | <i>Date</i> | <i>Signature</i>    |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| <i>Prepared by :</i> | Jérôme LUC   | Technical Manager   | 3/1/2021    | <i>JLS</i>          |
| <i>Checked by :</i>  | Jérôme LUC   | Technical Manager   | 3/1/2021    | <i>JLS</i>          |
| <i>Approved by :</i> | Yann Toutain | Laboratory Director | 3/1/2021    | <i>Yann Toutain</i> |

2021.03.01  
13:13:40  
+01'00'

|                       | <i>Customer Name</i>                                |
|-----------------------|---|
| <i>Distribution :</i> | SHENZHEN NTEK<br>TESTING<br>TECHNOLOGY<br>CO., LTD. |

| <i>Issue</i> | <i>Name</i>    | <i>Date</i> | <i>Modifications</i> |
|--------------|----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| A            | Jérôme LE GALL | 3/1/2021    | Initial release      |
|              |                |             |                      |
|              |                |             |                      |



**SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

|     |                                      |    |
|-----|--------------------------------------|----|
| 1   | Introduction.....                    | 4  |
| 2   | Device Under Test.....               | 4  |
| 3   | Product Description.....             | 4  |
| 3.1 | General Information.....             | 4  |
| 4   | Measurement Method.....              | 5  |
| 4.1 | Return Loss Requirements.....        | 5  |
| 4.2 | Mechanical Requirements.....         | 5  |
| 5   | Measurement Uncertainty.....         | 5  |
| 5.1 | Return Loss.....                     | 5  |
| 5.2 | Dimension Measurement.....           | 5  |
| 5.3 | Validation Measurement.....          | 5  |
| 6   | Calibration Measurement Results..... | 6  |
| 6.1 | Return Loss and Impedance.....       | 6  |
| 6.2 | Mechanical Dimensions.....           | 6  |
| 7   | Validation measurement.....          | 7  |
| 7.1 | Measurement Condition.....           | 7  |
| 7.2 | Head Liquid Measurement.....         | 7  |
| 7.3 | Measurement Result.....              | 8  |
| 8   | List of Equipment.....               | 10 |





**SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

**1 INTRODUCTION**

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

**2 DEVICE UNDER TEST**

| Device Under Test              |                                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Device Type                    | COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE |
| Manufacturer                   | MVG                               |
| Model                          | SID2450                           |
| Serial Number                  | SN 03/15 DIP2G450-352             |
| Product Condition (new / used) | Used                              |

**3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

**3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

MVG’s COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole**





**SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref. ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

**4 MEASUREMENT METHOD**

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

**4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS**

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

**4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS**

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

**5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

**5.1 RETURN LOSS**

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz    | 0.08 LIN                            |

**5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT**

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 - 300     | 0.20 mm                        |
| 300 - 450   | 0.44 mm                        |

**5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT**

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
|             |                      |



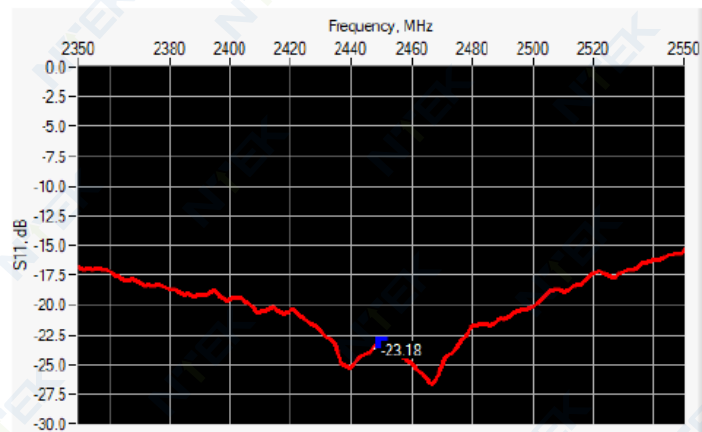
SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

|      |            |
|------|------------|
| 1 g  | 19 % (SAR) |
| 10 g | 19 % (SAR) |

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance       |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2450            | -23.18           | -20              | 56.3 Ω - 2.9 jΩ |

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | L mm        |          | h mm        |          | d mm       |          |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|
|               | required    | measured | required    | measured | required   | measured |
| 300           | 420.0 ±1 %. |          | 250.0 ±1 %. |          | 6.35 ±1 %. |          |
| 450           | 290.0 ±1 %. |          | 166.7 ±1 %. |          | 6.35 ±1 %. |          |
| 750           | 176.0 ±1 %. |          | 100.0 ±1 %. |          | 6.35 ±1 %. |          |
| 835           | 161.0 ±1 %. |          | 89.8 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 900           | 149.0 ±1 %. |          | 83.3 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 1450          | 89.1 ±1 %.  |          | 51.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 1500          | 80.5 ±1 %.  |          | 50.0 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 1640          | 79.0 ±1 %.  |          | 45.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 1750          | 75.2 ±1 %.  |          | 42.9 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 1800          | 72.0 ±1 %.  |          | 41.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 1900          | 68.0 ±1 %.  |          | 39.5 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 1950          | 66.3 ±1 %.  |          | 38.5 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 2000          | 64.5 ±1 %.  |          | 37.5 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 2100          | 61.0 ±1 %.  |          | 35.7 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 2300          | 55.5 ±1 %.  |          | 32.6 ±1 %.  |          | 3.6 ±1 %.  |          |
| 2450          | 51.5 ±1 %.  | -        | 30.4 ±1 %.  | -        | 3.6 ±1 %.  | -        |



**SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref. ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

|      |            |  |            |  |           |  |
|------|------------|--|------------|--|-----------|--|
| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %. |  | 28.8 ±1 %. |  | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |
| 3000 | 41.5 ±1 %. |  | 25.0 ±1 %. |  | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |
| 3500 | 37.0±1 %.  |  | 26.4 ±1 %. |  | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |
| 3700 | 34.7±1 %.  |  | 26.4 ±1 %. |  | 3.6 ±1 %. |  |

**7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT**

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

**7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Software                                  | OPENSAR V5                                   |
| Phantom                                   | SN 13/09 SAM68                               |
| Probe                                     | SN 41/18 EPGO333                             |
| Liquid                                    | Head Liquid Values: eps' : 41.9 sigma : 1.88 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm                                      |
| Area scan resolution                      | dx=8mm/dy=8mm                                |
| Zoon Scan Resolution                      | dx=5mm/dy=5mm/dz=5mm                         |
| Frequency                                 | 24502450 MHz                                 |
| Input power                               | 20 dBm                                       |
| Liquid Temperature                        | 20 +/- 1 °C                                  |
| Lab Temperature                           | 20 +/- 1 °C                                  |
| Lab Humidity                              | 30-70 %                                      |

**7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT**

| Frequency MHz | Relative permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> ) |          | Conductivity (σ) S/m |          |
|---------------|---|----------|----------------------|----------|
|               | required                                | measured | required             | measured |
| 300           | 45.3 ±10 %                              |          | 0.87 ±10 %           |          |
| 450           | 43.5 ±10 %                              |          | 0.87 ±10 %           |          |
| 750           | 41.9 ±10 %                              |          | 0.89 ±10 %           |          |
| 835           | 41.5 ±10 %                              |          | 0.90 ±10 %           |          |
| 900           | 41.5 ±10 %                              |          | 0.97 ±10 %           |          |
| 1450          | 40.5 ±10 %                              |          | 1.20 ±10 %           |          |
| 1500          | 40.4 ±10 %                              |          | 1.23 ±10 %           |          |
| 1640          | 40.2 ±10 %                              |          | 1.31 ±10 %           |          |
| 1750          | 40.1 ±10 %                              |          | 1.37 ±10 %           |          |
| 1800          | 40.0 ±10 %                              |          | 1.40 ±10 %           |          |
| 1900          | 40.0 ±10 %                              |          | 1.40 ±10 %           |          |
| 1950          | 40.0 ±10 %                              |          | 1.40 ±10 %           |          |
| 2000          | 40.0 ±10 %                              |          | 1.40 ±10 %           |          |



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

|      |            |      |            |      |
|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| 2100 | 39.8 ±10 % |      | 1.49 ±10 % |      |
| 2300 | 39.5 ±10 % |      | 1.67 ±10 % |      |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±10 % | 41.9 | 1.80 ±10 % | 1.88 |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±10 % |      | 1.96 ±10 % |      |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±10 % |      | 2.40 ±10 % |      |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±10 % |      | 2.91 ±10 % |      |

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

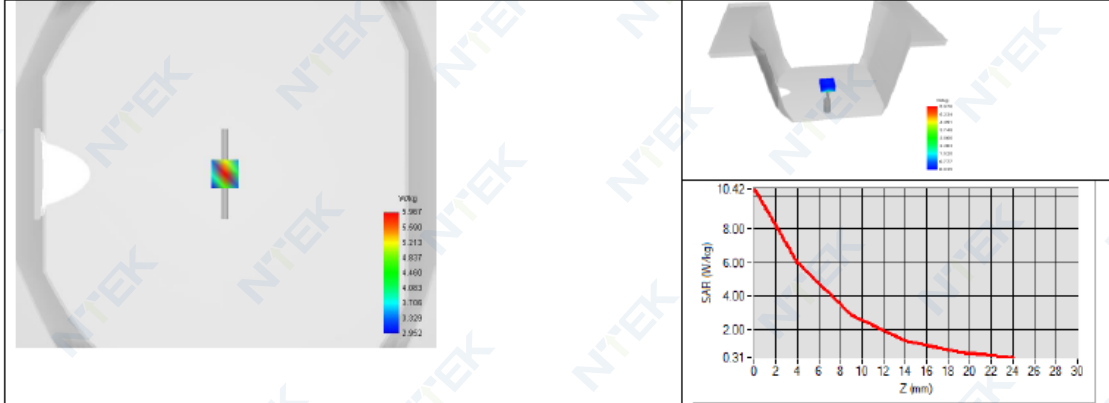
The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| Frequency<br>MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) |              | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |              |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|
|                  | required         | measured     | required          | measured     |
| 300              | 2.85             |              | 1.94              |              |
| 450              | 4.58             |              | 3.06              |              |
| 750              | 8.49             |              | 5.55              |              |
| 835              | 9.56             |              | 6.22              |              |
| 900              | 10.9             |              | 6.99              |              |
| 1450             | 29               |              | 16                |              |
| 1500             | 30.5             |              | 16.8              |              |
| 1640             | 34.2             |              | 18.4              |              |
| 1750             | 36.4             |              | 19.3              |              |
| 1800             | 38.4             |              | 20.1              |              |
| 1900             | 39.7             |              | 20.5              |              |
| 1950             | 40.5             |              | 20.9              |              |
| 2000             | 41.1             |              | 21.1              |              |
| 2100             | 43.6             |              | 21.9              |              |
| 2300             | 48.7             |              | 23.3              |              |
| 2450             | 52.4             | 53.69 (5.37) | 24                | 23.94 (2.39) |
| 2600             | 55.3             |              | 24.6              |              |
| 3000             | 63.8             |              | 25.7              |              |
| 3500             | 67.1             |              | 25                |              |



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A







**SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.60.8.21.MVGB.A

**8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT**

| Equipment Summary Sheet            |                         |                    |   |   |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Description              | Manufacturer / Model    | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date                      | Next Calibration Date                         |
| SAM Phantom                        | MVG                     | SN-13/09-SAM68     | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| COMOSAR Test Bench                 | Version 3               | NA                 | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Network Analyzer                   | Rohde & Schwarz ZVM     | 100203             | 05/2019                                       | 05/2022                                       |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235 | 101223             | 05/2019                                       | 05/2022                                       |
| Calipers                           | Mitutoyo                | SN 0009732         | 10/2019                                       | 10/2022                                       |
| Reference Probe                    | MVG                     | EPGO333 SN 41/18   | 05/2020                                       | 05/2021                                       |
| Multimeter                         | Keithley 2000           | 1160271            | 02/2020                                       | 02/2023                                       |
| Signal Generator                   | Rohde & Schwarz SMB     | 106589             | 04/2019                                       | 04/2022                                       |
| Amplifier                          | Aethercomm              | SN 046             | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter                        | NI-USB 5680             | 170100013          | 05/2019                                       | 05/2022                                       |
| Directional Coupler                | Narda 4216-20           | 01386              | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor      | Testo 184 H1            | 44220687           | 05/2020                                       | 05/2023                                       |