

ETSI EN 300328 V1.9.1: 2015 MEASURMENT AND TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Fenda Technology Co., Ltd.

Fenda Hi-Tech Park, Zhoushi Road, Shiyan Town, Baoan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong, China

E.U.T.: BLUETOOTH SPEAKER

Model Name: W7, W7 Mini, W7 light, W7L, W6

Brand Name: F&D, OMAKER

Report Number: NTC1605014E

Test Date(s): May 13, 2016 to July 06, 2016

Report Date(s): July 06, 2016

Prepared by

Dongguan Nore Testing Center Co., Ltd.

Building D, Gaosheng Science & Technology Park, Zhouxi Longxi Road, Nancheng District, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, China

Tel: +86-769-22022444

Fax: +86-769-22022799

Prepared By

Approved & Authorized Signer

Alina Guo / Engineer

Iori Ean /Authorized signatory

Note: This test report is for the customer shown above and their specific product only. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Dongguan Nore Testing Center Co., Ltd. The test results referenced from this report are relevant only to the sample tested.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION	4
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	4
2. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES AND TEST FREQUENCIES	6
3. TEST FREQUENCIES AND SOFTWARE	6
4. OBJECTIVE	6
5. TEST METHODOLOGY	6
6. TEST FACILITY	7
7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	7
8. SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	8
9. RF OUTPUT POWER	9
10. DWELL TIME, MINIMUM FREQUENCY OCCUPATION AND	11
HOPPING SEQUENCE	11
11. OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	21
12. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION	25
13. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE OUT-OF BAND DOMAIN	29
14. TRANSIMITTER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	32
15. RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	35
16. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST	37
APPENDIX I	38
INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY EN 300 328 V1.9.1, CLAUSE 5.3.1	38
APPENDIX II	44
DHOTOGDDHS OF TEST SETUD	11



Revision History of This Test Report

Report Number	Description	Issued Date
NTC1605014E	Initial Issue	2016-07-06



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

Manufacturer & Factory : Same as the applicant

Model Name : W7, W7 Mini, W7 light, W7L, W6

(All tests were carried on model W7.)

Model difference : These models have the same circuitry, electrical

mechanical, PCB layout and physical construction. Their differences in model name for trading purpose.

Power Supply : DC 5V come from USB port, DC 3.7V li-ion battery

Adapter : None

Test Voltage : AC 230V 50Hz(Adapter input), DC 3.7V battery

Only the worst case was recorded in this report.

Operating Temperature

Range

: 0°C to 45°C (Declaration by manufacturer)

Adaptive/Non-Adaptive

Equipment

: Adaptive equipment

Technical Specification:

Item	BT2.1+EDR
Frequency	2402-2480MHz
Modulation	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK
Number of Channel	79
Channel space	1MHz
Antenna Type	PCB antenna
Antenna Gain	0 dBi (declared by manufacturer)



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS					
Section (ETSI EN 300328)	Description of Test	TEST RESULT			
4.3.1.2 / 4.3.2.2	RF Output Power	Compliant			
4.3.2.3	Power Spectral Density (Modulations other than FHSS equipment)	N/A			
4.3.1.3 / 4.3.2.4	Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap (Non-adaptive equipment)	N/A ^{see note}			
4.3.1.4	Dwell time, Minimum Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence (FHSS equipment)	Compliant			
4.3.1.5	Hopping Frequency Separation (FHSS equipment)	Compliant			
4.3.1.6 / 4.3.2.5	Medium Utilisation (Non-adaptive equipment)	N/A ^{see note}			
4.3.1.7 / 4.3.2.6	Adaptivity	N/A see note			
4.3.1.8 / 4.3.2.7	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	Compliant			
4.3.1.9 / 4.3.2.8	Transmitter unwanted emission in the OOB domain	Compliant			
4.3.1.10 / 4.3.2.9	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	Compliant			
4.3.1.11 / 4.3.2.10	Receiver spurious emissions	Compliant			
4.3.1.12 / 4.3.2.11	Receiver Blocking	N/A ^{see note}			

Note: These requirements do not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power of less than 10dBm EIRP or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm EIRP.



2. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES AND TEST FREQUENCIES

The EUT has been tested under Normal Operating condition. Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed. All data rate and modulation type were tested, only the worst-case record in this report.

3. TEST FREQUENCIES AND SOFTWARE

Channel	Frequency MHz
0	2402
39	2441
78	2480

Test Item	Software	Description
Conducted RF Testing and Radiated testing	FCCAssist_1.4	Set the EUT to different modulation and channel

4. OBJECTIVE

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband Transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2.4GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonized EN covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive.

The objective is to determine compliance with ETSI EN 300328 V1.9.1 (2015-02).

5. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 300328 V1.9.1 (2015-02).



6. TEST FACILITY

Site Description

EMC Lab : Listed by FCC, July 03, 2014

The Certificate Number is 665078.

Listed by Industry Canada, June 18, 2014

The Certificate Registration Number. Is 46405-9743

Name of Firm : Dongguan Nore Testing Center Co., Ltd.

(Dongguan NTC Co., Ltd.)

Site Location : Building D, Gaosheng Science & Technology Park,

Zhouxi Longxi Road, Nancheng District, Dongguan

City, Guangdong Province, China

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Parameter	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandiwdth	±1.42 x10 ⁻⁴ %
RF output power, conducted	±1.06dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.06dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±2.51dB
All emissions, radiated	±3.70dB
Temperature	±0.8℃
Humidity	±3.2%
DC and low frequency voltages	±0.1%
Time	±5%
Duty cycle	±5%

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2



8. SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Notebook PC : Manufacturer: IBM Corporation

M/N: R50e

S/N: L3-HZNGO P/N: 1834KDC

Adapter : Manufacturer: IBM Corporation

M/N: 08K8210

Input: AC100-240V 50/60Hz 0.5-1.0A

Output: DC 16V 4.5A

Adapter : Model: BSYC050200UW

Input: AC100-240V 50/60Hz 0.5A

Output: DC 5.0V 2000mA



9. RF OUTPUT POWER

Limits

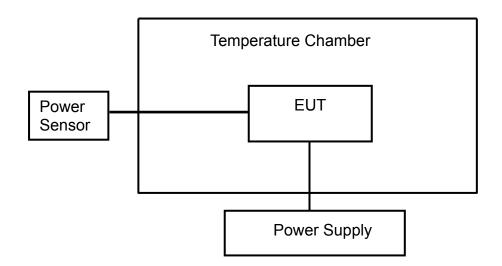
Frequency Band	Limit
2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz	Equivalent isotropic radiated power (e.i.r.p.) ≤20 dBm

Test Method

- 1. Please refer to ETSI EN 300328 (V_{1.9.1}) clause 5.3.2.2.1 for conducted measurement method.
- 2. The measurements shall be performed at both normal environmental conditions and at The extremes of the operating temperature range.

Test Configuration

Temperature and Voltage Measurement



Test Result

Pass.

Please refer to following data tables of the worst case: AC 230V 50Hz.



GFSK						
Humidity:	52	2 %	Tempe	rature :		22 ℃
Test Result:	P	PASS	Test By	Test By:		Sance
Antenna Assemb	ly Gain:					0dBi
Cable Loss=						1.5dB
Number of Burst >20						
	Hopping Mode					
Temperature	Voltage Reading E			RP	Limit	
(℃)	(V)	/) dBm		dl	3m	dBm
25	AC 230	-6.25		-4.	75	20
0	AC 230	-6.	38	-4.	88	20
45	AC 230	-6.	64	-5.	14	20

Note: Calculated Power(dBm)=Output Power(dBm)+Cable Loss(dB)+Antenna Gain(dBi)

π/4-DQPSK							
Humidity:		52 %		Tempe	Temperature :		22 ℃
Test Result:		PASS)	Test By	/ :		Sance
Antenna Assembl	y Gain:						0dBi
Cable Loss=							1.5dB
Number of Burst	Number of Burst >20					>20	
	Hopping Mode						
Temperature	Temperature Voltage Reading EIRP Limit					Limit	
(℃)	(℃) (V)		dBm	dE	3m	dBm	
25	25 AC 230		-7	.03	-5.53		20
0	AC 230		-7	.91	-6.41		20
45	AC 2	30	-8	.09	-6.	59	20

Note: Calculated Power(dBm)=Output Power(dBm)+Cable Loss(dB)+Antenna Gain(dBi)



10. DWELL TIME, MINIMUM FREQUENCY OCCUPATION AND HOPPING SEQUENCE

Limits

Dwell Time				
Test Condition	Limit			
Non-adaptive frequency hopping systems	≤ 15 ms			
Adaptive frequency hopping systems	≤ 400 ms			

Minimum Frequency Occupation Time					
Test Condition	Limit				
Non-adaptive frequency hopping systems	Equal to one dwell time within a period not exceeding four times the product of the dwell time per hop and the number of				
Adaptive frequency hopping systems	hopping frequencies in use.				

Hopping sequence(s)					
Test Condition Limit					
Non-adaptive frequency hopping systems	≥15 hopping frequencies or 15/minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz , whichever is the greater.				
Adaptive frequency hopping systems	Operating frequency band ≥58.45MHz (Operating over a minimum of 70 % of the operating in the band 2,4 GHz to 2,4835 GHz)				
Hopping Systems	≥15 hopping frequencies or 15/minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz , whichever is the greater.				



Test Method

- 1. Please refer to ETSI EN 300328 ($V_{1.9.1}$) clause 5.3.4.2.1 for conducted measurement method.
- 2. The measurements shall be performed at normal environmental condition.

Test Configuration



Test Result

Pass.

Please refer to following data tables and test plots.

Temperature : 22 $^{\circ}$ Humidity : 53% Test Date : June 02, 2016 Test Result: PASS

Test By: Sance

Hopping Sequence							
Hopping Channels	Min. Hopping Range Limit(%)	Result					
	GFSK						
79	15	95.51	70.00%	PASS			
π/4-DQPSK							
79	15	95.90	70.00%	PASS			

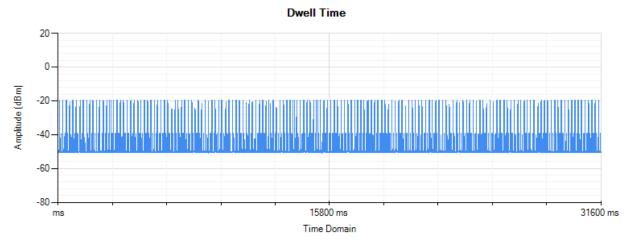


Dwell Time							
Mode	Number of Hopping Channel	Number of transm (channel number) Period (Sec)	Dwell Time	Limit (ms)	Result		
		C	GFSK				
DH1	79	31.6 4		114.48	400	PASS	
DH3	79	31.6	31.6 4		400	PASS	
DH5	79	31.6 4		284.13	400	PASS	
		π/4-	-DQPSK				
DH1	79	31.6	4	136.63	400	PASS	
DH3	79	31.6 4		255.96	400	PASS	
DH5	79	31.6	4	307.09	400	PASS	

Minimum Frequency Occupation						
Mode	Number of Hopping Channel	Number of transmission in a period of 4*Dwell time*number of hopping channel	Minimum Limit (ms)	Result (Pass/Fail)		
GFSK						
DH1	79	2	≥1	PASS		
DH3	79	5	≥1	PASS		
DH5	79	2	≥1	PASS		
		π/4-DQPSK				
DH1	79	1	≥1	PASS		
DH3	79	2	≥1	PASS		
DH5	79	3	≥1	PASS		

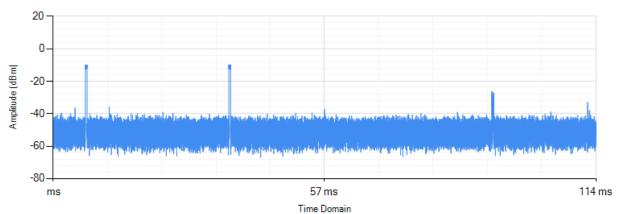


GFSK DH1



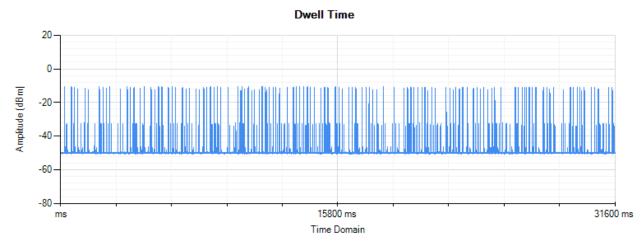
RBW: 500 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz Sweep Points: 30001

Minimum Frequency Occupation



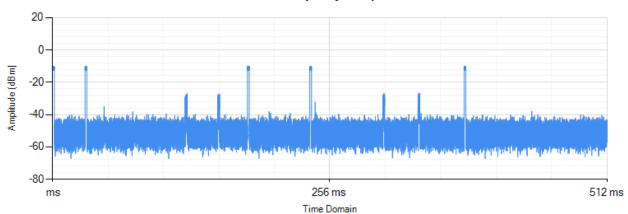


GFSK DH3



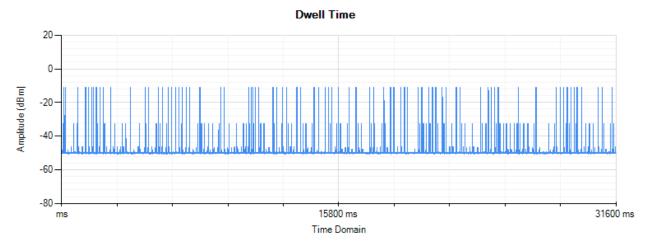
RBW: 500 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz Sweep Points: 30001

Minimum Frequency Occupation



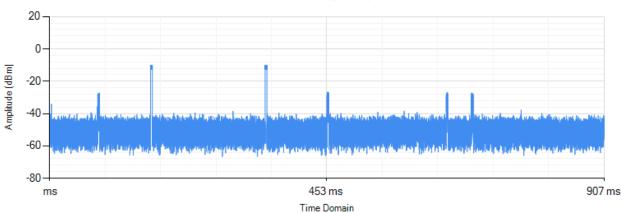


GFSK DH5



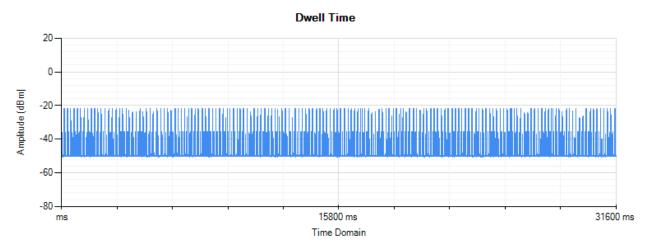
RBW: 500 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz Sweep Points: 30001

Minimum Frequency Occupation



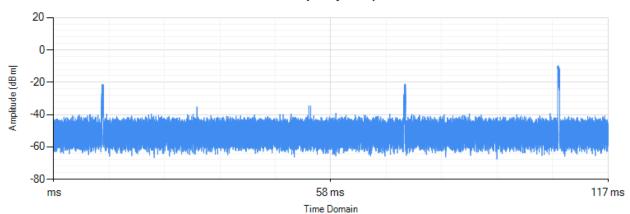


π/4-DQPSK 3-DH1



RBW: 500 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz Sweep Points: 30001

Minimum Frequency Occupation



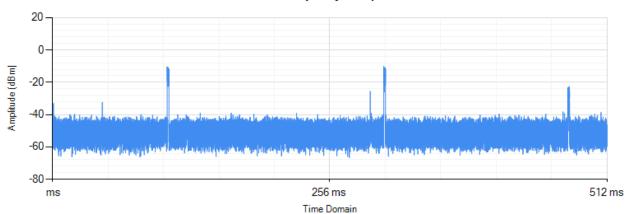


π/4-DQPSK 3-DH3



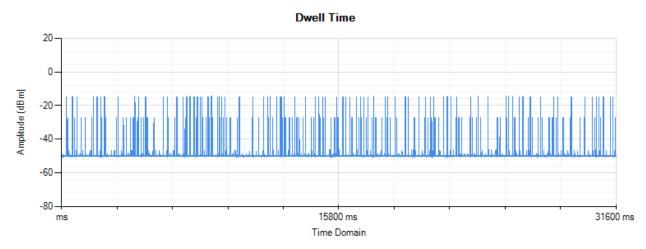
RBW: 500 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz Sweep Points: 30001

Minimum Frequency Occupation



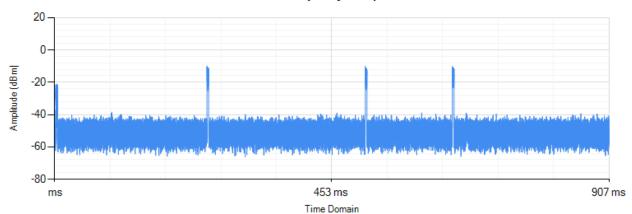


π/4-DQPSK 3-DH5



RBW: 500 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz Sweep Points: 30001

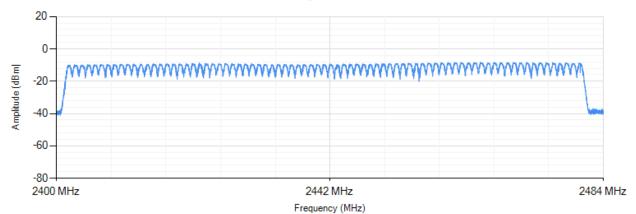
Minimum Frequency Occupation





Hopping Sequence GFSK

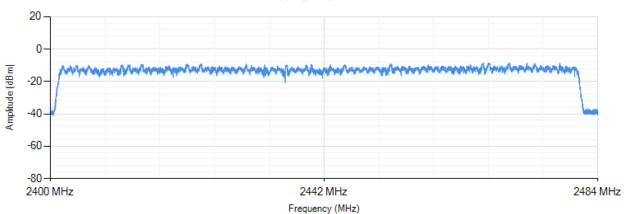
Hopping Sequence



RBW: 500 KHz VBW: 2000 KHz Sweep Points: 5001

π/4-DQPSK

Hopping Sequence





11. OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

Limits

Condition	Limit
All types of equipment	Shall fall completely within the band 2400 to 2483.5 MHz
For non-adaptive using wide band modulations other than FHSS system and e.i.r.p > 10dBm	Less than 20MHz
For non-adaptive Frequency Hopping system and e.i.r.p > 10dBm	Less than 5MHz

Test Method

- 1. Please refer to ETSI EN 300328 ($V_{1.9.1}$) clause 5.3.8.2.1 for conducted measurement method.
- 2. The measurements shall be performed at normal environmental condition.

Test Configuration



Test Result

Pass.

Please refer to following data tables and test plots.



Temperature : Humidity: **22** ℃ 53% Test Date: June 02, 2016 Test Result: PASS

Test By: Sance

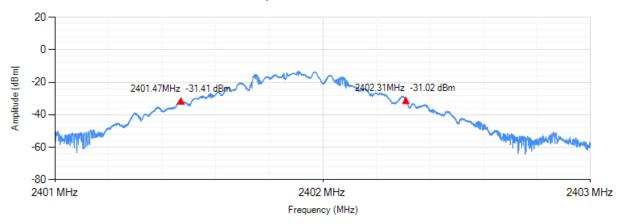
Channel frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (KHz)	FL at 99% BW (MHz)	FH at 99% BW (MHz)	Limit	Result
GFSK					
2402	840	2401.49	2402.31	FL > 2.4 GHz and	Pass
2480	830	2479.47	2480.31	FH < 2.4835 GHz	Pass
		4π/4-D	QPSK		
2402	1180	2401.30	2402.49	FL > 2.4 GHz and	Pass
2480	1180	2479.30	2480.48	FH < 2.4835 GHz	Pass

Note: FL is the lowest frequency of the 99% occupied bandwidth of power envelope. FH is the highest frequency of the 99% occupied bandwidth of power envelope.



GFSK Lowest Channel

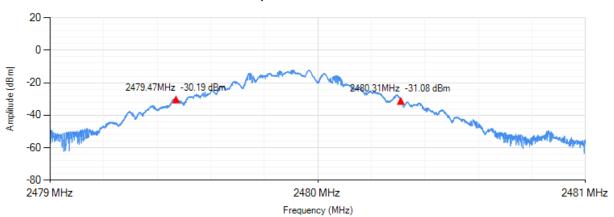
Occupied Channel Bandwidth



RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 50 KHz Sweep Points: 5001

GFSK Highest Channel

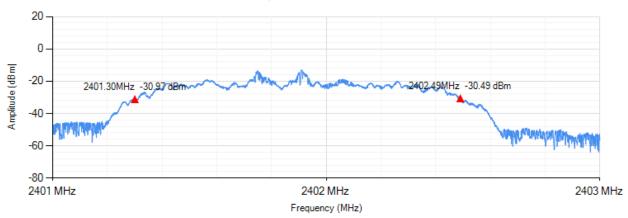
Occupied Channel Bandwidth





π/4-DQPSK Lowest Channel

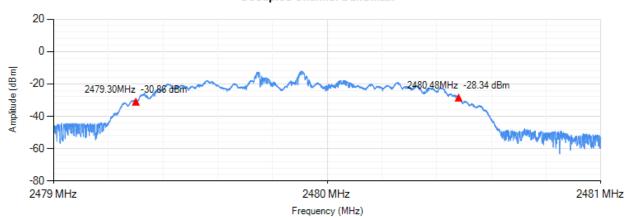
Occupied Channel Bandwidth



RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 50 KHz Sweep Points: 5001

π/4-DQPSK Highest Channel

Occupied Channel Bandwidth





12. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

Limits

Condition	Limit
Nom-adaptive frequency hopping systems	The minimum Hopping Frequency Separation shall be equal to Occupied Channel Bandwidth of a single hop, with a minimum separation of 100 kHz.
Adaptive frequency hopping systems	The minimum Hopping Frequency Separation shall be 100 kHz.

Test Method

- 1. Please refer to ETSI EN 300328 (V_{1.9.1}) clause 5.3.5.2.1 for conducted measurement method.
- 2. The measurements shall be performed at normal environmental condition.

Test Configuration



Test Result

Pass.

Please refer to following data tables and test plots.



Humidity: Temperature : **22** ℃ 53% Test Date: June 02, 2016 Test Result: **PASS**

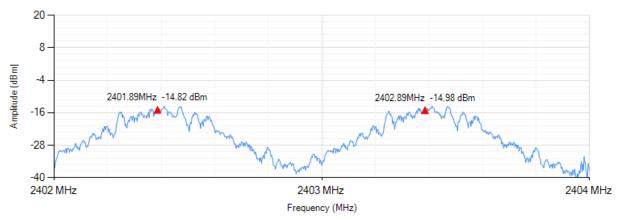
Test By: Sance

Channel frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (KHz)	Limit (MHz) Minimum SK	Result
	<u> </u>	JK	
2402	1000	0.1	Pass
2480	1010	0.1	Pass
	π/4-D	QPSK	
2402	1290	0.1	Pass
2480	1010	0.1	Pass



GFSK Lowest Channel

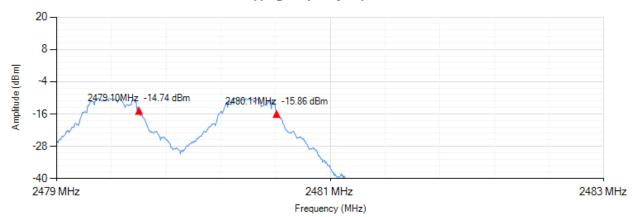
Hopping Frequency Separation



RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 50 KHz Sweep Points: 801

GFSK Highest Channel

Hopping Frequency Separation

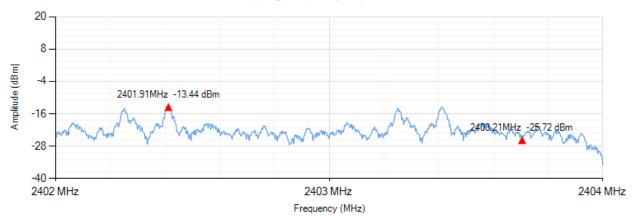


RBW: 50 KHz VBW: 100 KHz Sweep Points: 801



π/4-DQPSK Lowest Channel

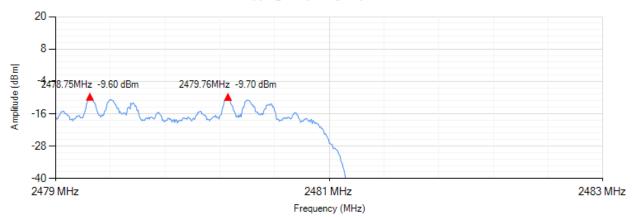
Hopping Frequency Separation



RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 50 KHz Sweep Points: 801

π/4-DQPSK Highest Channel

Hopping Frequency Separation



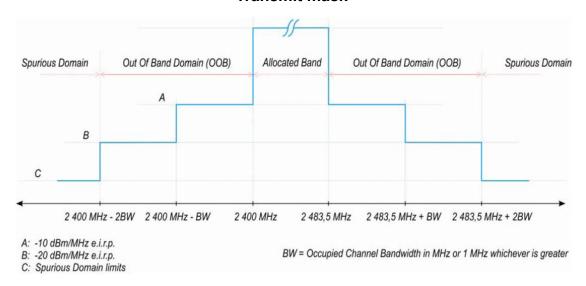


13. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE OUT-OF BAND DOMAIN

Limits

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain but outside the allocated band, shall not exceed the values provided by the mask

Transmit mask



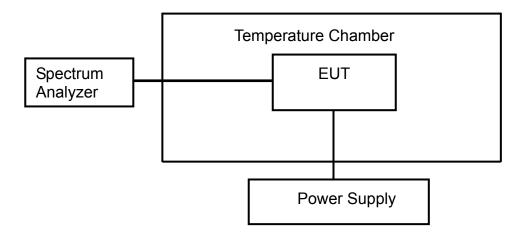
Test Method

- 1. Please refer to ETSI EN 300328 (V_{1.9.1}) clause 5.3.9.2.1 for conducted measurement method.
- 2. The measurements shall be performed at both normal environmental conditions and at The extremes of the operating temperature range.



Test Configuration

Temperature and Voltage Measurement



Test Result

Pass.

Please refer to following data tables.



Temperature : 22 $^{\circ}$ Humidity : 53% Test Date : June 02, 2016 Test Result: PASS

Test By: Sance

Condi	tion	2400-BW~2400 / 2483.5+BW	Limit	2400-2*BW~2400-BW	Limit	Dooult
Temperature (°C)	Voltage V	~2483.5+BW ~2483.5 (dBm/MHz)	(dBm/MHz)	2483.5+2*BW ~2483.5+BW (dBm/MHz)	(dBm/MHz)	Result
		GF	SK (2402MI	Hz)		
25	AC230	-40.634	-10	-49.804	-20	PASS
0	AC230	-40.625	-10	-49.810	-20	PASS
45	AC230	-40.638	-10	-49.821	-20	PASS
		GF	SK (2480MI	Hz)		
25	AC230	-57.564	-10	-61.374	-20	PASS
0	AC230	-57.569	-10	-61.376	-20	PASS
45	AC230	-57.603	-10	-61.410	-20	PASS
		π/4-D	QPSK (2402	2MHz)		
25	AC230	-38.984	-10	-49.554	-20	PASS
0	AC230	-38.986	-10	-49.556	-20	PASS
45	AC230	-38.981	-10	-49.559	-20	PASS
		π/4-D	QPSK (2480	OMHz)		
25	AC230	-58.184	-10	-61.484	-20	PASS
0	AC230	-58.186	-10	-61.487	-20	PASS
45	AC230	-58.189	-10	-61.488	-20	PASS



14. TRANSIMITTER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Limits:

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain shall not exceed the values.

Frequency Range	Maximum power e.r.p. (≤ 1 GHz) e.i.r.p. (> 1 GHz)	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 47MHz	-36 dBm	100KHz
47 MHz to 74MHz	-54 dBm	100KHz
74 MHz to 87.5MHz	-36 dBm	100KHz
87.5 MHz to 118MHz	-54 dBm	100KHz
118 MHz to 174MHz	-36 dBm	100KHz
174 MHz to 230MHz	-54 dBm	100KHz
230 MHz to 470MHz	-36 dBm	100KHz
470 MHz to 862MHz	-54 dBm	100KHz
862 MHz to 1GHz	-36 dBm	100KHz
1GHz to 12.75GHz	-30 dBm	1MHz

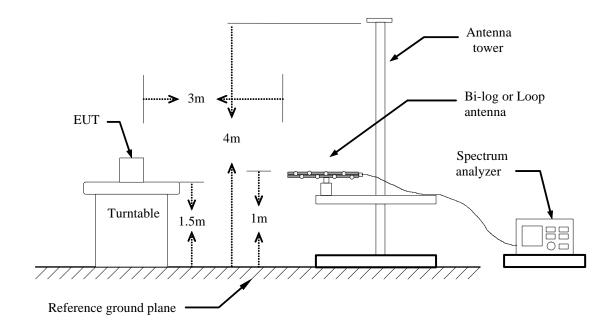
Test Method

- 1. Please refer to ETSI EN 300328 ($V_{1.9.1}$) clause 5.3.10.2.2 for radiated measurement method.
- 2. The measurements shall be performed at normal environmental condition.

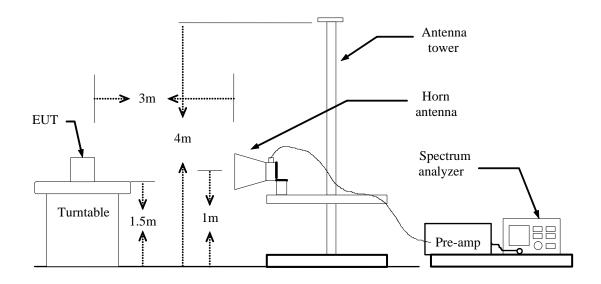


Test Configuration

Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz



Test Result

Pass.

Please refer to following data tables (The worst case GFSK)



Below 1GHz Hopping					
Humidity: 5	50 %		Temperat	ure : 23 ℃	
Test Result: P	ASS .		Test By:	Sance	
Test Mode: 7	ΓX				
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization		sion level IBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
256.0100	Vertical	-6	5.67	-36.00	-29.67
763.3200	Vertical	-6	9.68	-54.00	-15.68
486.8700	Horizontal	-6	7.63	-54.00	-13.63
768.1699	Horizontal	-6	2.36	-54.00	-8.36

Above 1GHz Hopping					
Humidity:	50 %		Temperat	ure: 23 ℃	
Test Result: F	PASS		Test By:	Sance	
Test Mode:	TX				
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization		sion level dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4804	Vertical	-4	7.12	-30	-17.12
7206	Vertical	Vertical -4		-30	-13.52
4804	Horizontal	-46.72		-30	16.72
7206	Horizontal	-4	3.62	-30	-13.62

- Note: 1. Emission Level (dBm) = Reading level (dBm)+Correction Factor (dB)

 2. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 10dB below the permissible limits.
 - 3. The Test frequency range is 30MHz to12.75GHz.



15. RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Limits

Frequency Range	Maximum power e.r.p. (≤ 1 GHz) e.i.r.p. (> 1 GHz)	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 1GHz	-57 dBm	100KHz
1GHz to 12.75GHz	-47 dBm	1MHz

Test Method

- 1. Please refer to ETSI EN 300328 ($V_{1.9.1}$) clause 5.3.11.2.2 for radiated measurement method.
- 2. The measurements shall be performed at normal environmental condition.

Test Configuration

Same as section 14 in this test report.

Test Result

Pass.

Please refer to following data tables (the worst case GFSK).



Below 1GHz Hopping					
Humidity:	50 %		Temperat	ure : 23 ℃	
Test Result:	PASS		Test By:	Sance	
Test Mode:	RX				
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization		sion level IBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
256.0100	Vertical	-6	5.50	-57.00	-8.50
768.1699	Vertical	-6	8.14	-57.00	-11.14
488.8100	Horizontal	-6	7.25	-57.00	-10.25
768.1700	Horizontal	-6	3.13	-57.00	-6.13

Above 1GHz Hopping						
Humidity: 5	Humidity: 50 %			ure : 23 ℃		
Test Result: P	PASS		Test By: Sance			
Test Mode: F	RX					
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization		sion level IBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
4804	Vertical	-5	6.57	-47	-9.57	
7206	Vertical -52		2.71	-47	-5.71	
4804	Horizontal	-5	7.69	-47	-10.69	
7206	Horizontal	-5	3.46	-47	-6.46	

- Note: 1. Emission Level (dBm) = Reading level (dBm)+Correction Factor (dB)

 2. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 10dB below the permissible limits.
 - 3. The Test frequency range is 30MHz to12.75GHz.



16. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI7	100837	Nov.24, 2015	Nov.23, 2016
DC Power Source	HUA YI	HY5003-2	N/A	Nov.03, 2015	Nov.02, 2016
Temperature & Humidity Chamber	HAIDA	DH-225T	N/A	Nov.05, 2015	Nov.04, 2016
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU26	200409/026	Sep.01, 2015	Aug. 31, 2016
Horn Antenna	COM-Power	AH-118	071078	Nov.05, 2015	Nov.04, 2016
Pre-Amplifier	COM-Power	PAM-118	443007	Nov.05, 2015	Nov.04, 2016
Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9162	9162-010	Nov. 27, 2015	Nov. 26, 2016
Pre-Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A02964	Nov.03, 2015	Nov.02, 2016
Pre-Amplifier	HP	HP 8447D	1145A00203	Nov.07, 2015	Nov.06, 2016
Power Sensor	DARE	RPR3006 W	15I00041SN O64	Mar. 07, 2016	Mar. 06, 2017
Test Software	Acentest	AT890-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A



APPENDIX I

INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY EN 300 328 V1.9.1, CLAUSE 5.3.1



In accordance with EN 300 328, clause 5.3.1, the following information is provided by the supplier.

a) The type of modulation used by the equipment:					
	In case of non-Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment: The number of Hopping Frequencies:				
b) In case of FHSS modulation:	In case of Adaptive Frequency Hopping Equipment: The maximum number of Hopping Frequencies:				
	The (Average) Dwell Time:				
c) Adaptive / non-adaptive equipment:	 □ non-adaptive Equipment ⋈ adaptive Equipment without the possibility to switch to a non-adaptive mode □ adaptive Equipment which can also operate in a non-adaptive mode 				
	The Channel Occupancy Time implemented by the equipment: ms ☑ The equipment has implemented an LBT based DAA mechanism				
d) In case of adaptive equipment:	 In case of equipment using modulation different from FHSS: ☐ The equipment is Frame Based equipment ☐ The equipment is Load Based equipment ☐ The equipment can switch dynamically between Frame Based and Load Based equipment 				
	The CCA time implemented by the equipment: µs				
	☐ The equipment has implemented an non-LBT based DAA mechanism☐ The equipment can operate in more than one adaptive mode				
	The maximum RF Output Power (e.i.r.p.):dBm				
e) In case of non-adaptive Equipment:	The maximum (corresponding) Duty Cycle: %				
Ечиртет.	Equipment with dynamic behaviour, that behaviour is described here. (e.g. the different combinations of duty cycle and orresponding power levels to be declared):				
	RF Output PowerGFSK				
	Power Spectral DensityN/A				
	Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gapN/A				
	 Accumulated Transmit time, Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence (only for FHSS equipment) <u>GFSK</u> 				
f) The worst case operational mode for each	 Hopping Frequency Separation (only for FHSS equipment) π/4-DQPSK 				
of the following tests:	Medium UtilisationN/A				
	Adaptivity & Receiver Blocking N/A				
	Nominal Channel Bandwidth				
	• Transmitter unwanted emissions in the OOB domain				
	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domainGFSK				
	Receiver spurious emissionsGFSK				



	☑ Operating mode 1: Single Antenna Equipment					
	⊠ Equipment with only 1 antenna					
	☐ Equipment with 2 diversity antennas but only 1 antenna active at any moment in					
	time					
	☐ Smart Antenna Systems with 2 or more antennas, but operating in a (legacy)					
	mode where only 1 antenna is used. (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy mode in					
	smart antenna systems)					
	☐ Operating mode 2: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas without beam forming					
g) The different	☐ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput / (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy					
transmit operating modes (tick all	mode)					
that apply):	☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1					
	☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2					
	NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.					
	☐ Operating mode 3: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas with beam forming					
	☐ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput / (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy					
	mode)					
	☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1					
	☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2					
	NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.					
	•The number of Receive chains:					
h) In case of						
h) In case of Smart Antenna	•The number of Transmit chains:					
	The number of Transmit chains: Symmetrical power distribution					
Smart Antenna	The number of Transmit chains: Symmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution					
Smart Antenna	The number of Transmit chains:					
Smart Antenna Systems:	The number of Transmit chains:					
Smart Antenna Systems: i) Operating Frequency	•The number of Transmit chains:					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the	•The number of Transmit chains:					
Smart Antenna Systems: i) Operating Frequency	•The number of Transmit chains:					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment:	•The number of Transmit chains:					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment: j) Occupied	•The number of Transmit chains: □ symmetrical power distribution □ asymmetrical power distribution In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: NOTE: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna. •Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz •Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz NOTE: Add more lines if more Frequency Ranges are supported.					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment:	The number of Transmit chains:					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment: j) Occupied Channel Bandwidth(s):	•The number of Transmit chains:					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment: j) Occupied Channel	The number of Transmit chains: symmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: NOTE: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna. *Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to MHz *Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz *NOTE: Add more lines if more Frequency Ranges are supported. *Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1: 840 KHz *Nominal Channel Bandwidth 2: 1180 KHz NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment: j) Occupied Channel Bandwidth(s): k) Type of Equipment (stand-alone,	The number of Transmit chains: symmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: NOTE: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna. *Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to 480 MHz *Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment: j) Occupied Channel Bandwidth(s): k) Type of Equipment (stand-alone, combined, plug-in	The number of Transmit chains: symmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: NOTE: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna. *Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to 4480 MHz *Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz *Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz *Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz *Operating Frequency Range 3 are supported. *Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1: 840 KHz *Operating Channel Bandwidth 2: 1180 K					
i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment: j) Occupied Channel Bandwidth(s): k) Type of Equipment (stand-alone,	The number of Transmit chains: symmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution asymmetrical power distribution In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: NOTE: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna. *Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to 480 MHz *Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz					

NTC Nore Testing Center

_				resting center	
I) The extreme	Operating temper	erature range:	0 °C to	45 ° C	
I) The extreme operating conditions	Details provided	are for the:			
that apply to the equipment:	⊠ stand	d-alone equipme	nt		
	□ combined (or host) equipment				
	□ test j	,			
	•Antenna Type:				
	⊠ PCB Antenna:				
	Antenna Gain: 0 dBi				
	If applicable, additional beamforming gain (excluding basic antenna gain): dB				
	☐ Temporary RF connector provided				
	□ No t	temporary RF co	nnector provided	1	
	☐ Dedicated An	tennas (equipme	ent with antenna	connector)	
	☐ Sing	gle power level w	vith correspondin	g antenna(s)	
	☐ Mul	tiple power settir	ngs and correspo	nding antenna(s)	
	N	lumber of differe	nt Power Levels:		
	P	ower Level 1:	dBr	n	
	P	ower Level 2:	dBr	n	
	P	ower Level 3:	dBr	n	
	NOTE 1: Add more lines in case the equipment has more power levels.				
	NOTE 2: These	power levels are	e conducted power	er levels (at antenna connector).	
m) The intended combination(s) of the radio equipment power settings and one or more antenna	corresponding the beamforming Power Level 1	gains (G) and th ng gain (Y) if app :	e resulting e.i.r.p	ded antenna assemblies, their . levels also taking into account	
assemblies and their	Assembly #		e.i.r.p.(dBm)	Part number or model	
corresponding e.i.r.p levels:	1			name	
	2				
	3				
	4				
	Note: Add more power level.	rows in case mo	ore antenna asse	mblies are supported for this	
	Power Level 2:				
	Number of ante	enna assemblies Gain (dBi)	provided for this e.i.r.p.(dBm)	power level: Part number or model	
	Assembly #	Gairi (ubi)	e.i.i.p.(dbiii)	name	
	1				
	2				
	3				
	4				
	Note: Add more power level.	rows in case mo	ore antenna asse	mblies are supported for this	
	I				



	Power Level 3:				
	Number of antenna assemblies provided for this power level:				
	Assembly #	Gain (dBi)	e.i.r.p.(dBm)	Part number or mane	odel
	1				
	2				
	3				
	4				
	Note: Add more power level.	rows in case mo	re antenna asse	mblies are supporte	d for this
	Details provided	are for the:	stand-alone equ	uipment	
]	☐ combined (or h	nost) equipment	
n) The nominal voltages		[□ test jig		
of the stand-alone radio equipment or the	Supply Voltage	☐ AC mains	State AC voltage	230	V
nominal voltages of the		⊠ DC Sta	te DC voltage _	5V or 3.7V	
combined (host)	In case of DC, in	ndicate the type	of power source		
equipment or test jig in	□ Int	ernal Power Sup	pply		
case of plug-in devices:	se of plug-in devices:				
	⊠ Battery				
	□ Oth	ner:			
o) Describe the test modes available which can facilitate testing:	The EUT provid	es TX Mode to o	ontrol RF signal	transmission	
p) The equipment type (e.g. Bluetooth®, IEEE 802.11™ [i.3], proprietary, etc.):	Bluetooth®				
q) If applicable, the statistical analysis referred to in clause 5.3.1 q)	(to be provided	as separate atta	chment)		
r) If applicable, the statistical analysis referred to in clause 5.3.1 r)	(to be provided	as separate atta	chment)		
s) Geo-location capability supported by the equipment:				the equipment as d not accessible to the	



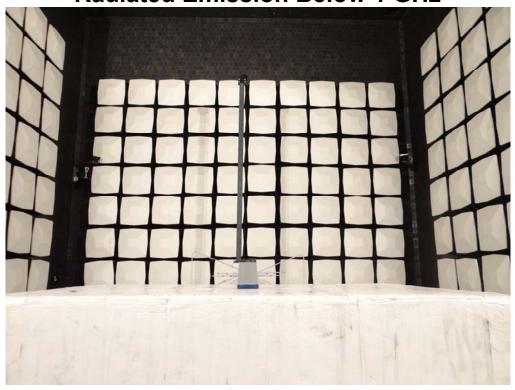
	Highest overall e.i.r.p. value:4.75dBm			
	Corresponding Antenna assembly gain:dBi			
E.2 Combination for	Corresponding conducted power setting: (also the power level to be used for			
testing	testing) dBm			
	Antenna Assembly #			
	Listed as Power Setting #:			
E.3 Additional informatio	n provided by the applicar	nt		
E.3.1 Modulation:	ITU Class(es) of emission:			
E.S.1 Modulation:	·	e unmodulated? ⊠ yes □ no		
	The transmitter is intended	l for:		
E.3.2 Duty Cycle	☐ Continuous duty			
E.S.2 Duty Cycle	☐ Intermittent duty			
		tion possible for testing purposes		
		ed are representative production models		
	\square If not, the equipment submitted are pre-production models ?			
	$\hfill\Box$ If pre-production equipment are submitted, the final production equipment will be			
E.3.3 About the UUT	identical in all respects with the equipment tested			
	☐ If not, supply full details			
	☑ The equipment submitted is CE marked			
	☑ In addition to the CE mark, the Class-II identifier (Alert Sign) is affixed.			
	☐ Spare batteries (e.g. for	portable equipment)		
	☐ Battery charging device			
	☐ External Power Supply or AC/DC adapter			
	☐ Test Jig or interface box			
	☐ RF test fixture (for equip	oment with integrated antennas)		
E.3.4 Additional items	☐ Host System	Manufacturer:		
and/or supporting		Model #:		
equipment provided		Model name:		
	☐Combined equipment	Manufacturer:		
		Model #:		
		Model name:		
	□ User Manual			
	☑ Technical documentation (Handbook and circuit diagrams)			



APPENDIX II PHOTOGRPHS OF TEST SETUP



Radiated Emission Below 1 GHz



Radiated Emission Above 1 GHz

